THE WEATHER.

Fair today and Monday.

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WEBB BILL PASSES HOUSE, 240 TO 65

Prohibits Shipment of Liquor Into Dry States for Illegal Use

CONTEST STUBBORNLY FOUGHT

All Amendments Offered to the Measure Rejected—Special Rule Adopted for Its Consideration—Debate Limited

Washington, Feb. 8.—The Webb bill to prohibit the inter-State shipment of liquor into dry States for purpose of sale "or in any manner used" in violation of the State laws, was passed by the House of Representatives late today. Two hundred and forty votes were recorded in favor of the measure while 65 Representatives voted against it.

The passage of the bill ended one of the most stubbornly fought all-day contests of this Congress. Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, author of a Senate measure of the same general purport, sat in the House most of the day watching the fight, which opened with a contest over the rule to bring up the Webb bill.

Representatives or organized saloon advocates sat in the galleries and kept tallies on the roll calls.

Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, criticised his fellow Democratic leaders for not devoting more time to essential appropriation bills. Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, Republican, said this Democratic House would go down in history as one of "masterly inactivity." Representative Mann, of Illinois, characterized as "flim flam" the bringing up of the bill at this time. Former Speaker Cannon declared that the States should regulate liquor traffic themselves. Representative Berger, of Wisconsin, Socialist, contended that all great men from Julius Caesar down to Cannon were temperate drinkers. Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, attacked the validity of the bill and Representative Rucker, of Missouri, said he represented numerous constituents whose homes had been wrecked by liquor.

All amendments offered to the bill were rejected.

One of these would have substituted the bill already passed by the Senate and another would have added a penalizing clause with fine and imprisonment provisions, which some members declared would have made the measure unconstitutional. The bill now goes to the Senate.

With party lines temporarily eliminated, the House adopted, 211 to 60, a special rule for considering the bill.

The rule provided for the introduction of amendments and limited debate to three hours.

Representatives Dalzell and Fitzgerald led a spirited fight against the special rule when the House assembled, insisting that with the short time left for consideration of several appropriation bills, no other business ought to be transacted under special rules.

"Why is it," demanded Mr. Dalzell, "that we have this moral spasm at this juncture? When the history of this Congress is written, it will be the history of the most incompetent and most useless Congress that ever sat under the dome of the capitol."

Representative Fitzgerald attacked Democratic Leader Underwood and Chairman Henry, of the Rules Committee, for allowing the remainder of the session to be taken up by measures which "they know have no chance of being passed."

"Nobody expects this bill to become law; it is brought up so that some members may have an opportunity to fool the public," he declared.

Representatives Pou, of North Carolina, and Clayton, of Alabama, defended the rules.

Republican Leader Mann denounced it as an effort to "flim flam" the public. Referring to Representative Henry as "the attorney general of the next cabinet" and personal representative of President Wilson, he declared the Rules Committee chairman apparently was leading an inspired effort to prevent consideration of the appropriation bills so they might go over to the special session of Congress.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Employe at Logging Camp Victim of Fatal Accident.

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 7.—News reached this city this afternoon of a horrible accident which occurred near Northeast, Pender county, yesterday afternoon, at a logging camp operated by Munger & Bennett, of this city, and which caused the death of Earl Ketchum, a citizen of that section. Ketchum was employed at the camp as engineer of a skidder, and was engaged in its operation when the heavy steel sable holding it snapped and wound around his body in such a menner that the victim was literally crushed to death. He lived for a few minutes, but death ensued just after the heavy coils had been released from his body.

Obey that impulse and attend the Clean Sweep Sale at the Wilmington Shoe Co. (advertisement.)

Dines With Governor.

(Gen. Cipriano Castro.)

New York, Feb. 8.—Gen. Cipriano Castro, former President of Venezuela, and now an exile from that country, who is under $500 bond to appear before the Federal District Court and show cause why he should not be deported as an undesirable, dined with Governor Sulzer at the "People's House," at Albany, and is delighted with the manner in which he was received by the Governor. He said that Governor Sulzer expressed deep sympathy for ex-President Castro's present embarrassment.

ATTACK BEGUN ON SCUTARI

Montenegrin and Servian Armies Storm Fortress—Situation at Tchatalja Unchanged—Turks Repulsed.

Podgoritz, Montenegro, Feb. 8.—A general attack by the combined Montenegrin and Servian armies was opened on the Turkish fortress of Scutari at 10 o'clock this morning. King Nicholas, of Montenegro, is personally directing the operations.

The allied Montenegrin and Servian artillery did effective work, silencing a Turkish battery on Muslin Hill.

The infantry followed up the bombardment by storming the hill at the point of the bayonet, driving the Turks out of their works and capturing the position.

A sortie was attempted by the Turking troops south of Scutari, but was ineffective.

Two Ottoman ships were sunk on Lake Scutari.

Unchanged at Tchatalja.

Constantinople, Feb. 8.—An official dispatch was received from the Tchatalja headquarters tonight. It says:

"Skirmishes continue in front of the Turkish army at Tchatalja, but the situation is unchanged. Our infantry and cavalry on the left wing are harrassing the enemy. Engagements, which do not modify the situation, are proceeding in the direction of Gallipoli between the Turkish troops at Bularir and the enemy's forces at Xamilon.

The bombardment of Adrianople is still in progress, but the fortress is offering violent resistance."

Turks Repulsed.

Sofia, Feb. 8.—All attempts on the part of the Turks to assume the offensive at the Tchatalja lines have been repulsed. A semi-official dispatch giving details of yesterday's fighting says the Turks advanced in three columns. The first consisting of six battalions, supported by the guns at Fort Gjaurtabia and the warships moored in Biyuk Chekmeje bay, attacked the Bulgarian positions at Arnautkeui, but was driven back by a counter attack. The second column of two battalions was forced to retire beyond the Karaiu river. The third column of one regiment was routed with great slaughter by bayonet charges.

In the Derkos district the attempts of the Turks also were repulsed and they withdrew to their original positions. Bombardment of Adrianople continues.

Sensational Report Unconfirmed.

London, Feb. 8.—A sensational report that the Turks suffered a crushing defeat at the hands of the Bulgarian troops in the peninsula of Gallipoli and lost 15,000 killed and 10,000 prisoners, which was published in Berlin this morning, received no confirmation nor support from any source today. A telegram received from Sofia this afternoon made no reference to any fighting.

Montenegro, like all the rest of the belligerents in the Balkan war, is badly in need of funds. The government at Cettinje is now trying to place a small short term issue here, but the financiers have barred their doors.

Outlook Favorable.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—Emperor Nicholas today handed his answer to the autograph letter from Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, to Prince Hohenlohe-Waldenburg Schillingsfuerst, who leaves this evening for Vienna. The greatest secrecy is observed here as to the nature of the letters. Financiers here apparently consider the outlook in the Balkans favorable.

ALL IS TRANQUIL, MINISTERS CLAIM

Naval Movements Put Latin-American Legations in a Flutter

GUNBOAT ADDED TO THE LIST

Five Warships Making Ready or Under Way to Central America—Purpose Is to Maintain the Status Quo There

Washington, Feb. 8.—Movements of the United States warships to Central America, which became fully known today, put the Central American legations here into a state of flutter and sent the Latin-American ministers hurrying to assure Secretary of State Knox that all was tranquil in their countries.

Before noon practically all the ministers had communicated with the State Department to inquire the reason for the naval demonstration and disclaim existence of any conditions indicating trouble.

To all queries the same answer was returned; that the naval movements were merely precautionary and in large part inspired by information of activity of revolutionary juntas in this country. At any rate, the State Department was unaffected by any of the representations, as was evident by the fact that in addition to the four warships either under way or about to be ordered to Central America, the gunboat Tacoma at Boston, was also added to the list and her commander was instructed to hold his ship in readiness to relieve or enforce the vessels on the Atlantic coast of Central America.

It was intimated in official quarters that the purpose of the naval movement was to maintain the status quo in Central America, so far as that can be done by the restraining influence of warships, until the incoming administration has had an opportunity to define its policy and decide upon its attitude toward the pan-American republics.

Authentic reports of uprisings, coincident with the change of administration in this country, determined Secretary Knox to guard American interests by having a strong American naval force at strategic points. It was pointed out today that his action does not in any way commit the incoming administration, which, of course, may withdraw the warships at once if that course is regarded as desirable.

The gunboat Annapolis, with her crew of jackies, augmented from the South Dakota and Colorado, started last night from San Diego, Cal., for Amapala Honduras, to stand guard on the Pacific side. The Nashville at New Orleans, is making ready for sea and is expected to put out for Puerto Cortez, Honduras, on the Atlantic side early Monday morning.

The cruiser Des Moines, now at Guantanamo, the Cuban naval station, has been ordered to be at Bluefields, Nicaragua, not later than February 15th. The Denver which has been standing by distressed Americans threatened by attack from Mexican rebels at Acapulco, will put out from there in a day or two and drop down to Acajula, Salvador.

There has been sharp criticism in Congress of government interference in the recent Nicaraguan rebellion, but it is said President Taft and Secretary Knox are firmly convinced of their right to use American forces for the protection of United States citizens and property whenever a state of anarchy exists in Central America, or the established government's failure to take what are declared adequate steps to protect American lives and property.

FOR NEW SIZE CURRENCY

Engraving Begun on Dollar Treasury Note—Designs Approved

Washington, Feb. 8. — Secretary MacVeagh today ordered the engraving of plates for the new one dollar treasury notes. It will require 18 months to put into circulation this new paper money, which will be only two-thirds the size of existing currency.

The secretary gave his unqualified approval to the design for the face of the note, produced by treasury officials, and the design for the back, created by Kenyon Cox, the New York artist. Mr. Cox's design also was approved by the Fine Arts Commission. Simplicity is the characteristic of both designs.

The back of all denominations will be the same. A vignette of Washington will adorn the face of the one dollar bill and the Treasury Department is now drawing the designs for the faces of the other denominations.

DRASTIC PROBE OF GRAFT UNDER WAY

Wily Ways of Gotham Police Will Be Thoroughly Investigated

RESULT OF GAMBLER'S STORY

Four Precinct Captains Deny Charges of James Purcell, One-time Partner of Herman Rosenthal. Indictments.

New York, Feb. 8.—The most drastic investigation of police graft that has been attempted since Police Lieut. Charles Becker's hired gunmen shot Herman Rosenthal to death last July is declared today to be under way as a result of the story told to the aldermanic committee yesterday by James Purcell, who ran games of chance in many houses under police protection for nearly 17 years, according to his testimony.

"Purcell's story will be investigated in all its ramifications," it was stated at police headquarters today on behalf of Commissioner Waldo, who had before him the four precinct captains, still members of the force, who were accused by Purcell. They were questioned regarding the gambler's allegations that they took money in return for protection of Purcell.

Each of the four denied in sworn statements the truth of Purcell's charges. One of the quartette is Patrick J. Gray, brother-in-law of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall. The others are Thomas F. Maude, Patrick Corcoran and Frederick W. Martens.

Purcell did not tell his whole story on the stand yesterday, it was learned from the district attorney's office. The rest of it will be reserved for the extraordinary grand jury which will resume its work Monday.

District Attorney Whitman plans to seek first the indictment of Police Captain Thomas Walsh, under suspension since confessing he shared in graft collected by Patrolman Eugene Fox; second, indictment of an official at headquarters, a man suspected as the source of a fund raised to keep George A. Sipp, a disorderly hotel keeper, from testifying before the grand jury against Walsh prior to the latter's confession.

Mr. Whitman has deferred for a time his purpose to seek the indictment of Inspector Dennis Sweeney, under suspension since Walsh accused him of having divided graft money with him. After Walsh and the headquarters official have been indicted, if that takes place, testimony against Inspector Sweeney will be heard by the jury, which will then take up the allegations of Purcell, who will be corroborated, according to the district attorney, by witnesses whose names have not been disclosed. This is expected to lead to many more indictments.

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 8.—R. L. Duffy was struck by a Seaboard passenger train this morning at 11 o'clock near the city and killed instantly. He was sitting on a cross-tie of the trestle and was asleep apparently. On account of a sharp curve the engineer failed to see him. Duffy was employed as a loom fixer at the Louise Cotton Mill here.

OUTLINES

Fighting continued at the Tchatalja lines yesterday, with little change in the situation.

President-elect Wilson yesterday completed the rough draft of his inaugural address.

The combined Montenegrin and Servian forces yesterday began a general attack on the fortress of Scutari.

The Webb bill, prohibiting the shipment of whiskey into dry States for illegal purposes, passed the House yesterday, 240 to 65.

The most drastic investigation of police graft that has been attempted since Rosenthal was killed, is said to be under way in New York.

In filing a civil suit against the United Shoe Machinery Co. yesterday, the Federal government made its third anti-trust move against that corporation.

Six companies of West Virginal National Guard were held ready last night to hurry to the Paint and Cabin Creek coal districts, where the strike situation was considered very critical.

No caucus pledge will bind the Democrats this year, when they vote on appropriations for battleships, the "economy caucus" called by the "no battleship" Democrats last night failing to materialize for lack of a quorum.

The movement of warships to Central American points has caused a flutter among the Latin-American ministers, who yesterday assured the State Department that there was no necessity for such precautions. The department was unaffected and added another gunboat to the list ordered there.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour dull. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 1.09 and 1.10 1-2. Corn firm, 58 1-2. Turpentine firm. Rosin steady.

"SPUG" AFFAIR TOO SUCCESSFUL.

(Miss Anna Morgan.)

New York, Feb. 8.—Miss Anna Morgan, daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, has announced that she will secure a larger auditorium for the next meeting of the Spugs, as the members of the Society for the Prevention of Useless Giving are known. This organization is one of Miss Morgan's pet projects. It is composed exclusively of young women. At the last meeting it was decided to allow the members to extend invitations to their men friends to attend the dance that followed the meeting. The result was that more than 3,000 people tried to jam their way into a hall that accommodated half that number when filled to capacity.

FINISHES INAUGURAL SPEECH

Wilson Completes Rough Draft of His Address—Boy Scouts Will Aid in Inauguration—Keep White House Force.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 8.—President-elect Wilson today completed the first draft of his inaugural address. He acted as his own stenographer in producing the document.

Mr. Wilson began sketching it in shorthand on Thursday and resumed the task today, copying the notes himself on a little typewriter in his studio. It is about 2,000 words long, he said, but he may add to or abbreviate it further.

"I haven't looked up any of the other inaugural addresses," he said, "so I don't know whether this one is longer or shorter."

He indicated he was not quite satisfied with the address and might change it somewhat before giving it to the newspapers for advance distribution.

The Governor's attention was called to the report alleging that Senator Willam Alden Smith, of Michigan, had charged Democratic Senators with having been inspired by the President-elect to block confirmation of Mr. Taft's nominations.

"Yes, I saw that report," remarked the Governor, but made no further comment.

The Governor was told of the prediction in some quarters that the dispatch of four warships to Central American waters augered further disturbances in Latin-America, which might come to a head in a few months. "I am as yet uninformed about these things," he said.

The President-elect will spend Sunday at home with his family. Together with Mrs. Wilson he returned here from New York today, where they were guests of Cleveland H. Dodge, classmate and intimate friend of the Governor.

Duty of Boy Scouts.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The boy scouts will be given an opportunity to demonstrate the value of their training on inauguration day. Between five and six hundred scouts will aid in taking care of those who require medical assistance, either marchers or spectators. Their special duty will be to

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THIRD MOVE AGAINST TRUST

Government Files Civil Suit Against United Shoe Machinery Co., Alleging Monopolistic Power and Unfair Tactics

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 8.—The Federal government made its third anti-trust move against the United Shoe Machinery Company in a civil suit filed here today, charging the so-called trust with wielding an alleged monopolistic power and unfair trade tactics to force the Keighley Company—a competitor—into an unlawful contract for the leasing sale, and fixing the price of an "inseam trimming machine."

The United States District Court here is asked to terminate the contract under which the Keighley Company gave the United Company the exclusive right to lease to shoe manufacturers the "inseam trimming machine," the patent of which is held by the Keighley Company. The effect of the agreement is declared to be "to perpetuate and extend a monopoly of the shoe machinery industry in the United Shoe Machinery Company, of New Jersey."

Following are the defendants to the suits:

United Shoe Machinery Company, Boston; Keighley Company, Inc., Vineland, N. J.; Sydney W. Onslow, Orleans, Mass.; Edward P. Hudd, Newton, Mass.; Charles Percey Keighley, William Bottomley Keighley and Charles Keighley, of Vineland, N. J.

The government's petition is a severe arraignment of the "trusts'" alleged unfair practice. The vigorous enforcement of its methods is declared to have driven practically all competitors out of the shoe machinery industry, giving the $25,000,000 United Company control of more than 99 per cent of the trade. The big corporation is described by the government as follows in the bill:

By misrepresentation and threats it deprives its competitors of their customers. It has threatened its competitors that it will use its enormous resources and power to take away their customers. By threats it has prevented competing concerns from entering the business. It has given re-

(Continued on Page 8.)

JUDICIAL CIRCUITS LATEST PROPOSAL

Reform in State Court System Still Before N. C. Legislature

LEAST FOR APPROPRIATIONS

State Institutions Must Do With Little as Possible—Administration Building—Dealers in Weapons—Local Bills.

(By Wm. J. Martin.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 8.—The question of dividing the State into two circuits of Superior Court looms up for a contest a second time this session. Senator Ward, in the Senate, and Mr. Weatherspoon, in the House, introduced bills for the State to be divided into two judicial circuits of ten districts each today and with the qusetion of 20 districts settled, lawyers intend to fight it out along with the re-districting of the State under the new act.

Through joint resolution by Senator Jones, put through immediate passage in the Senate, heads of State institutions are directed to report at once the very least money each can get along with for the next two years, this as information of the committee on appropriations.

The Senate passed the House resolution appointing a commission to look into the allotment of quarters to State department in the new State building.

There was an unsuccessful effort in the House to get a vote on the bill to change the county seat from Webster to Sylva, insistence being made successfully that too many members were absent.

The bill requiring bonding companies withdrawing as surety to give reasons for cancelling the bond, passed the Senate. The original bill included requiring railroads to accept any good bond but this was stricken out.

Senator Nimocks introduced a bill providing that dealers must require purchasers of concealable weapons to register their names and addresses; also display permits from the proper authorities before being allowed to purchase them.

House—28th Day.

The House convened at 10 o'clock with Speaker Connor presiding; prayer by Rev. Mr. Harrell, of Raleigh.

There were petitions from cotton mill operatives against any change at this time in the law governing night work in cotton mills. Also petitions from various sections of the State relative to six months school terms; changes in the regulations as to pharmacy; for the Clarke anti-cigarette law; and as to stock laws, especially for State-wide stock law.

A resolution was presented memorializing Congress to pass laws looking to the ultimate independence of the Philippines.

Bills Introduced.

Williamson—Fix compensation of commissioners of Columbus county.

Allred—Allow Kenly school district to vote school bonds in Johnston county.

Coffield—Establish special court in Rutherfordton.

Killian—Allow Lincoln to vote a special tax. Allow commissioners of Lincoln to sell certain lands. Permit the commissioners of Lincoln to transfer certain funds. Relative to good roads in Lincoln county.

Seawell—Regulate primary elections in Lee.

Williams, of Hertford—Road law for Hertford.

McBryde—Establish a certain school district and authorize bonds in Hoke.

Cappelle—Game law for Nash as to quail.

Allred—Relative to stock law in Johnston.

Martin, of Cumberland—Authorize bond issue for floating indebtedness of Cumberland.

Martin, of Cherokee—Appoint certain highway commissioners in Cherokee.

Noland—To build bridges in Haywood.

Weatherspoon—Enable town of Laurinburg to fund floating indebtedness.

Weatherspoon—Relative to school tax levy in Scotland.

Turner—Increase membership of Board of Education in Franklin.

Buchanan—Encourage stock raising in Mitchell and Avery counties.

Gatlin—For road bonds in Gates.

Rodman—Provide for special tax in Beaufort.

Clark—Relative to fishing in Watauga.

Weatherspoon—Amend charter of the town of Laurinburg by extending the corporate limits so as to include the cotton mills in the school district.

Weatherspoon—To provide for the 20 judges for the 20 judicial districts just provided for by dividing the State into two judicial circuits of ten districts each.

Weatherspoon—Relative to official indexes in Scotland.

Allred—Relative to the distribution of the Acts of the General Assembly and the Supreme Court reports.

Williamson—For a public ferry in Columbus.

Bell—Protect game in Chowan.

Wooten—To provide for reformatory treatment in the State's prison and

raising the age limit from 15 to 25 years.

Bills passed third reading and were sent to the Senate as follows: To define boundary limits of Bolivia, Brunswick county; Authorize Southport to issue street bonds. Authorize Mount Airy to issue bonds. Relative to incorporation of Farmers' Bank of Goldsboro. Provide for popular election of school committeemen in Shelby. Amend charter of Greenville. Omnibus bill regulating pay of jurors in several counties. Omnibus bill regulating fishing in several counties. Amend dog tax law in Durham county. To validate certain deed by Southport. Amend charter of Star, Montgomery county. Provide for Confederate monument at Burgaw. Reduce minimum of stock of Southern Assembly. Establish criminal court for Scotland. Change boundary of Ayden school district. Put officials of Union on salaries and provide for auditor. Amend law as to Pigeon River school district, Cherokee county. Prevent spread of hog cholera in Pitt. Establish chain gang in Avery. Dog law for Hyde. Authorize borrowing money for good roads in Lenoir. Require commissioners of Guilford to maintain force for repairing roads. Amend charter of Ronda. To establish school district in Union. Provide good roads in Warsaw township, Duplin. Amend Pitt stock law.

Bills passed final reading and ordered enrolled for ratification: Authorize building Confederate monument at Greensboro. Authorize $300,000 bond issue in Anson. Repeal act relative to a bridge over Pee Dee river. Joint resolution to abolish board of public works for Goldsboro. Allow commissioners of Madison to acquire additional lands adjacent to the court house for fire protection.

Bill to create a short form of agricultural lein and chattel mortgage for certain counties. Bill relative to creation of a highway commission for Forsyth, making the act effective at once instead of April 1st.

There was a lengthy discussion of the Connor bill to provide for the payment into the hands of the clerk of the court of certain trust funds by trustees and mortgagees. Mr. Stephenson advocated the bill. Mr. Grier opposed it. Mr. Connor insisted that the bill would afford trustees and mortgagees much needed relief. Mr. Bowie insisted that the measure would set a new precedent in legal procedure and should not be passed. Mr. Miller, of Cleveland, argued for the bill. Mr. Brawley insisted that not a single point in favor of the bill had been brought out in the discussion. The bill passed final reading and was sent to the Senate.

The House adjourned to Monday morning.

Senate—28th Day

The Senate convened at 10 o'clock; prayer by Rev. R. F. Taylor.

Petitions: From citizens of Anson for a law requiring dwellings occupied by tuberculosis patients to be disinfected when vacated by such patients; from farmers of Buncombe and Rockingham counties for six months school; from Junior Order Councils of Mitchell and Rockingham for compulsory school law and better child labor law and six months school; from employes of Newton, Moore and Lenoir cotton mills against further child labor legislation; from Vance citizens for election on liquor traffic; from Robeson and Craven for increased appropriation to Oxford Orphanage; from Bladen citizens for six months school.

Bills Introduced

Pharr: Amend law of 1911 providing for auditing books of corporations.

Pharr: Authorize committee of Matthews School No. 1, Mecklenburg, to issue bonds.

Pharr: Authorize Pineville School No. 1, Mecklenburg, to issue bonds.

Little, of Wake: Provide for maintenance of N. C. Historical Commission.

Little, of Wake: Amend lien law for Wake.

Ward: Amend charter of Newbern.

Thorne: Authorize Rocky Mount to issue municipal bonds.

Ward: Providing for the Superior Court judges of the first ten districts to ride those districts in rotation and the judges of the second ten to ride those in rotation, with right to exchange in any way as under present law.

Jones: Amend charter of Winston.

Jones: Joint resolution requesting all State institutions to report to the chairmen of the committees on appropriation the least amounts of money each can get along with. Adopted at once upon suspension of rules.

Evans, of Bladen: Amend charter of Elizabethtown.

Pharr: Resolution for standing committee of seven on the School for the Feeble Minded. Adopted on immediate readings.

Nimocks: Restrict sale of deadly weapons and discourage the carrying of concealed weapons. Compel dealers to require purchasers to register their names and addresses and display permit from proper authority to carry concealed weapons, and require police officers to destroy pistols taken from persons arrested unless they should be necessary on trial.

Grant: Improving roads of Davie.

Passed Final Reading

Senate bill to allow Charlotte Park and Tree Commission to sell part of its real estate.

House bill to prevent use of firearms by children. Makes it unlawful for parent or guardian to permit child under 12 to have any firearm.

House bill to amend road law of Clayton Township, Johnston county.

House resolution for commission to investigate South Atlantic and Western Railroad Co. (Transcontinental Railway), and report to Legislature by February 25th.

House bill adding Cherokee to barbed-wire fence law.

House bill regulating pay of jurors in Hyde.

House bill prohibiting persons under 18 from entering poolrooms in Cherokee.

House resolution for a committee of three from Senate and five from House to allot the various State department offices in the several State buildings.

House bill declaring the outside stock law fence a lawful boundary in Macon.

House bill to prohibit and punish disorderly conduct in Jackson Springs.

Substitute for House bill fixing compensation of jurors allotting dower and commissioners for partition of real and personal property. Placed at $1.

Senate bill amending law as to Superior Courts in Nash.

Senate bill relative to deposits by fire insurance companies.

Senate bill providing for survey and inspection of leads, lodes, veins and ore bodies.

House bill repealing dog tax in Durham.

House bill fixing salaries of Durham county officers and establishing office of county auditor.

House bill fixing salaries of Cherokee officers.

House bill amending barbed-wire fence law as to Yadkin, Macon and Swain.

Senate bill fixing meeting place for chairmen of Senatorial districts.

House bill fixing salaries of Columbus officers.

Substitute bill for House bill as to surety contracts between bonding companies and employes of common carriers. Requires bonding company upon withdrawing a surety to give reasons therefor, but not to disclose sources of information.

House bill amending charter of Bank of Wayne, at Goldsboro.

Privileges of the floor were extended to ex-Senator Morton, of New Hanover.

The honey-bee bill, forbidding the keeping of honey bees within 100 yards of public roads in Pender went over to await Senator Hawes. Several Senators feared it might work a hardship on some poor man. Senator Jones inquired if the sting was "purely local." Senator Watts wanted to know how the bees could be kept in bounds.

At 12:50 the Senate adjourned until 12 Monday.

YARNS SPUN BY THE FORCE.

Stories Told at Headquarters About Various and Sundry Things.

"I remember the first money I ever made," Chief Fowler was saying as The Star man entered headquarters. Knowing at once that there must have been something remarkable about the event if the chief could recall what was evidently an incident of his childhood, some fifty years ago, the scribe composed his ears to hear.

"It was during the war", continued the chief. "Everything was very scarce, you know, and among those things for which there was a great demand was salt. The Confederate government operated a big salt plant down on the sound, working something like 400 men day and night. My father also had a small plant, and one day I took a notion to boil some sea water myself, and the upshot of it was, I made a bushel of salt. I brought it to town and sold it for $60, Confederate money. Maybe you think I wasn't proud and didn't step high! On my way back home I saw a turkey hanging up at a market—the first one I had seen in a long time, and I inquired the price. It was $40, in 'Confed,' of course; and I bought it, and carried it home, the happiest and the proudest youngster that ever walked the earth.

"Salt was hauled away from the government plant by 25 or 30 two-horse wagons every day, and shipped all around the country. Wood for the furnaces, of course, was a big item, and that's one reason why there is so little standing timber. Towards the end of the war they were cutting and hauling wood to the salt works almost from the edge of Wilmington. Fuel was hauled six or seven miles, at the end."

JUST A CLEAN SWEEP

We are all human and cannot foretell the future, we can only guess at it, and occasionally we guess right. When merchants purchase their stock they only guess at what the public will demand, and consequently at the end of a season they find that some styles and sizes did not sell as readily as others. The Wilmington Shoe Co., 217 North Front street, have found that they have a few styles, sizes and odd lots that they do not intend to carry over until next season, and in order to keep from carrying these over they are going to make just a clean sweep of their entire stock of shoes by having a Clean Sweep Sale, see advertisement in today's paper. During this sale which began Saturday, February the 8th, they intend to clean out their entire stock of shoes, so as to have nothing but new fresh goods next Fall. They guarantee to do as they advertise or money will be refunded. All orders for out-of-the-city customers will be mailed by prepaid parcel post. (Advertisement.)

You will find your friends at the Clean Sweep Sale. Wilmington Shoe Company. (advertisement.)

Breathe Booth's Hyomei

Kill the Loathsome Germs of Catarrh and Banish All Disgusting Symptoms.

Just as long as you have catarrh your nose will itch, your breath will be foul you will hawk and spit, and you will do other disgusting things because you can't help yourself. The germs of catarrh have you in their power; they are continually and persistently digging into and irritating the mucous membrane of your nose and throat. They are now making your life miserable; in time they will lacerate the membrane and prove a fertile field for the germs of consumption and other microbes.

There is one sure remedy for catarrh and that is Booth's HYOMEI. Just breathe it through the inhaler and use the vapor treatment as directed.

A complete outfit including inhaler and bottle of HYOMEI is $1.00 at druggists everywhere. Separate bottles of Booth's HYOMEI if later needed, 50 cents. Robt. R. Bellamy guarantees it. (Advertisement.)

..Theatrical..

With a challenge company of favorites again headed by winsome Gene Luneska and dashing John H. Goldsworthy, that most entrancing of all operettas, "The Spring Maid," will pay its first visit to this city for matinee and night Wednesday, February 19th.

It can be said without exaggeration that this city has never had a more pretentious success than this joyous operratta. Everywhere that it has appeared (and it has appeared in nearly every one of the larger cities in Europe and America) it has been enthusiastically endorsed by the press and public. Although this is the second triumphant year of the operetta, it has not been cheapened. The production as presented to theatre-goers here will be identically the same as it was during its two seasons' run at the Liberty Theatre, New York city. Its producers, Messrs. Werba & Luescher, have entirely recostumed and rebuilt the production so that it appears in all its ornate freshness of green and gold, identically as it was on the opening night when it took New York by storm.

Grand's New Week.

As usual, the Grand Theatre will begin the new week with an all-new and attractive bill in the moveys and a big song hit by Mr. Marion Hood, the new baritone who has taken Wilmington audiences by storm. His song for Monday will be the one he used with Lasky's Imperial Musicians and its title is "The Soldier Song". The Imperial Musicians made up a most elaborate musical act featured over the Keith-Proctor circuit and the Orpheum vaudeville circuit. Mr. Hood will be heard in this to the very best advantage.

There will be four pictures in all for Monday and one of the features will be a big double Vitagraph, "Classmate's Frolic" and "Elephant's Toilet". The latter is an interesting insight into the Beau Brummels of the Animal Kingdom and will be seen with much interest. The other big feature in the pictures is a Biograph of "Brothers", which is a matter of life and death and biscuits. The story is a strong drama replete with sensational incidents and climaxes. Then there will be a fourth picture and the bill will be found equal to the best in any moving picture show in the entire country.

New Week at Bijou.

The Bijou has a "warm number" bill for tomorrow to start off the new week in glorious style. It will not be of such nature because the weather is wintry, as the Bijou is always warm as a toast, and its fame as such is known far and wide, but simply because the live management of the popular theatre wants to always give the people the very best. Tomorrow's bill will be headed by a great Lubin film, "The Phantom Ship", which in addition to the gripping, novel nature of the story itself will have as its star the noted and popular actor, Maurice Costello.

This great film is only a neck ahead of Edison's big dramatic, "The Girl of Sunset Pass." This is probably the most touching story of Western life, in the days when "bad men" ran amuck and gambling held full and open sway.

The chief fun picture tomorrow will be furnished by the Vitagraph people. It is "A Mistake in Spelling", A young man, traveling, wires his girl that "I love you forever." The operator gets things mixed and the message reads, "I leave you forever."

There will, of course, be new music at the Bijou tomorrow, plus the Bijou's solid comfort, no matter the type of weather.

FUNERAL OF MR. NEWKIRK.

Conducted Yesterday Afternoon from Residence by Dr. McClure.

The funeral of Mr. W. S. Newkirk, who died Friday afternoon, was conducted yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence, No. 416 South Sixth street, by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and interment was in Oakdale cemetery. The honorary pall-bearers were Messrs. George Kidder, R. C. Cantwell, Jos. D. Smith and A. M. Hall; the active were Messrs. E. D. Warren, Ed Bailey, T. D. Love, A. Alligood, R. H. Pickett and G. T. Flynn. Quite a number of sorrowing friends gathered to pay tribute to the memory of one whom they highly esteemed for his numerous fine traits of character, and to join the bereaved ones in their great sorrow.

FAST GAME AT DURHAM.

Durham Y. M. C. A. Will Defend Title to State Championship.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., Feb. 8.—The Durham Y. M. C. A. quintette tonight defeated the Greensboro Y. M. C. A. in the most spectacular game ever witnessed upon the local floor. Both were about evenly matched. At the end of the last half, the score was tie, 38 to 38. The play was continued till the next two points should decide the victory. Brinn, in a spectacular shot decided the game in Durham's favor. Brilliant playing was evidenced on both sides; Holcomb for Durham, and Allen Preyer for Greensboro throwing eight goals each. This is the second game Durham has won from Greensboro, and the Bull City boys will claim and defend their title to State championship against any North Carolina Y. M. C. A.

No More Dandruff, Falling Hair. Scalp Itch

Men and women—do you want a splendid head of luxuriant hair free from scalp itch and dandruff?

Do you want hair so bewitchingly radiant that it compels the admiration of all who see it?

Do you want a scalp as immaculately clean and bright as a newly-minted coin?

Do you want to use a hair dressing that will surely prevent baldness, that always refreshes and invigorates and makes your entire head feel fine?

Then spend 50 cents this very day and get a bottle of Parisian Sage at any drug store or toilet goods counter. Use it as directed and you will never care to use ordinary tonics again.

No poisonous sugar of lead or injurious ingredients in Parisian Sage. Ask for Parisian Sage.

Robt. R. Bellamy guarantees it. (Advertisement.)

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcement by Wilmington Pastors for Services Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets—Services at 11 A. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Mary's church, corner Fifth and Ann streets, Rev. C. Denuen, rector—First mass, 8 A. M. High mass and sermon, 10:30. Vespers and benediction, at 8.

Sunday school and short service at Mt. Lebanon church, Wrightsville, each Sunday at 3:30 P. M. All the people at and near the Sound invited.

Regular weekly Bible study of the local class of the International Bible Students' Association in Germania Hall, 24 South Front street, tonight, at 7:30 o'clock. All welcome.

Services at St. Matthew's Lutheran church, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, 10 A. M. Everyone welcome.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Holy Communion, at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon, at 11. Evening prayer and sermon, at 8. Organ recital, at 7:45. Daily services, except Sunday, 6:30. A cordial welcome to all.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector. Holy Communion, 7:30 A. M. Service and sermon, 11 A. M. Sunday school, 4 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon, 8 P. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The pastor will preach at the morning hour on "The Outward Appearance and the Heart." At night there will be the ordination of deacons. Rev. R. E. Peele, of Burgaw, will preach the sermon. Sunday school at 3:30, Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Woman's Missionary Society Tuesday, 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday night, led by Mr. W. E. Beaton, B. Y. P. U Thursday night. Sunbeams, Friday, 3:30. Bible class and Teachers' Meeting, Friday, 7:45. A cordial welcome to all services.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—The service at 11 A. M. will be German. The service at 7:30 P. M. will be English. The sermon will set forth: "When God's Grace May be in Vain." The public is cordially invited. Sunday school will assemble at 3:30. The annual meeting of the congregation will take place Monday at 8 P. M., in the Luther Memorial building, which all members in good standing should attend. Wednesday at 8 P. M., the second of the series of Lenten services will be held. The week of prayer and self-denial for missions begins Monday. Every afternoon a meeting will be held and a special service next Sunday will conclude it.

The Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor. Sunday school, 3 P. M., W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. Midweek prayer meeting every Wednesday, 8 P. M. The public cordialy invited to all services of the church.

Christian church, Dock street near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Preaching by E. E. Violett, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, at 10 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent. Christian Endeavor, at 7 P. M. Revival services each night at 7:30 P. M. You are cordially invited.

First Baptist, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—At the 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. services the pastor will tell of the laymen's convention at Chattanooga. Sunday school, at 9:45 A. M.

Trinity Methodist church, Ninth and Market, Rev. C. T. Rogers, patsor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject morning sermon: "A Happy Christian." Evening subject: "Use What God Has Already Given." Business Men's Bible Class, Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting and Epworth League, Wednesday, at 8 P. M.

St. Thomas' Catholic church, Dock street, between Second and Third streets, Rev. Thos. P. Hayden, pastor—Mass, 9 A. M. Sunday school, 3 P. M. Evening devotions, 8 P. M. Lenten devotions, Tuesday evening, 8 P. M.

Grace Methodist Episcopal church, South, Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor—Services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, subject, "The Full Barrel of Meal and Cruse of Oil;" evening 7:30 o'clock, subject, "Lot, the Successful Business Man." Sunday School 9:45 A. M. The public is cordially invited and strangers especially welcome.

KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE

Rowan County Farmer Struck by Car While Riding Bicycle

China Grove, N. C., Feb. 8.—Albert H. Kimball, a Rowan county farmer, was struck by an automobile said to have been driven by a young man named Hanes, in the center of town this evening about 5 o'clock receiving injuries which resulted in his death at a Salisbury hospital, where he was taken after the accident. He was riding a bicycle and in attempting to do[illegible] e street, was str[illegible]e, demolishing his [illegible]g the skull.

IMPLEMENTS; THAT'S WHAT WE SELL, AND THE BEST

The time you lose taking poor farm implements to the blacksmith and repairing shop cost much more than the good ones we have.

We stand behind the goods we sell and make good anything that goes wrong
We sell only known reliable makes.

PECK & HOLLOWAY

"Everything in Hardware."

109 North Front. 'Phone 612.

WEAR THE *DeBevoise*

(Pronounced "debbee-voice")

and have the fashionable "uncorseted" figure.

The **DeBevoise** shapes and holds the bust correctly while giving the figure that easy, graceful poise now so fashionable.

No other Brassiere solves the problems of present-day corsetry so well. The only correct foundation for fashionable gowning. Indispensable to women of every figure.

DeBevoise

A. D. BROWN

You are invited to attend the Spring Opening of

HIGH ART CUSTOM TAILORED CLOTHES

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, 1913

Which Will be Held at the Store of

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 12, 13 14 15.

There will be presented woolens from all parts of the world, including English and Scottish mixtures, and models of the styles that will be worn this coming Spring and Summer, 1913, tailored to perfection by the exclusive HIGH ART Shops of Strouse & Bros., Baltimore,

Don't forget the date—let the HIGH ART representative take your measure, choose the style that suits you best and the pattern that pleases you most, and then "rest easy"—knowing that "THE BEST THAT'S MADE" is coming to you!

TETE A TETE

is where a facial blemish is quickly discerned. A pretty mouth may hide a row of

IMPERFECT TEETH.

Your negligence may be the cause, but we can remedy it. Our up-to-date methods of dentistry are less expensive than methods antiquated and passe.

Best work, moderate prices our motto.

Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty

All Work Guaranteed.

Dr. Culbreth's Dental Parlors

Unlimited Quantity and Every Size

—OF—

Manilla Cordage, Wire Rope and Blocks. All Kinds of Oakum.

MAFFITT & WOOD

Phone No. 474 WILMINGTON, N. C. 16 North Water Street.

200 Bags Peanut Seconds

400 Bags Peanut Pops

The above is for hog feed.

Also we have all qualities and quantities of goods usually kept in a wholesale Grocery Store, and we will sell them as cheap as anyone else, weight and quality considered.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Nos. 120 to 124 North Water St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE LIVING PICTURE

is our idea of a successful portrait. This means a study of the character and mood of the sitter—as well as of salient features—and the facilities for interpreting them.

If this is your idea of a portrait, you will appreciate our work.

FOLTZ & KENDRICK,
'Phone 731. 507 Southern Bldg.

FORECLOSURE SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Annie B. Gillican to Furney J. Gooding, dated 28th February, 1906, and recorded at page 168, in Book 47 of the Records in the Office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, N. C., I will at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, 24th February, 1913, sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of said County, all the lot of land described in and conveyed by said mortgage, situate in the City of Wilmington, N. C., and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the Western line of McRae street 135 feet North of the Northwestern intersection of McRae and Mulberry or Grace streets, and running thence Westwardly with William Dugnid's line 86 feet and 6 inches, to Everett's line, thence Southwardly and parallel with McRae street, along Everett's line, 40 feet; thence Eastwardly and parallel with Mulberry, or Grace, street 86 feet and 6 inches, to the Western line of McRae street, and thence Northwardly and along the Western line of McRae street 40 feet, to the point of beginning.

The same being a part of the Eastern part of Lot 4, in Block 210, according to the Official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

Dated and posted this 18th day of January, 1913.

IDA H. GOODING,
Assignee of Furney J. Gooding, Mortgagee.
ja19-30t

PHONE 123

For Clear Ice or Packing Ice. We also offer Cold Storage Accommodations at Reasonable Rates. Write or see us.

WILMINGTON ICE AND STORAGE CO.

No. 12 Dock Street.

OCCONEECHEE FARM

POULTRY DEPARTMENT

Offers for sale from BEST BLOOD LINES, EGGS FOR HATCHINGS and

Day Old Chicks.

Eggs, $1.50 for Setting of 15. Day-old Chicks: Leghorns $1.50 for 10, or $12.00 for 100.

Other Breeds: $2.00 for 10, or $17.50 for 100.

White Pekin and Indian Runner Ducklings, $2.50 for 10; $22.50 for 100.

Duck Eggs for Hatching: 10 for $1.50.

Address:

OCCONEECHEE FARM
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Dr. Leland Creese Dr. Lillian Creese

CREESE & CREESE.

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND NERVE SPECIALISTS.

All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE 'PHONE. . . 1981
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NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE,
120 N. Water Street, Wilmington,

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Little Interest in Court Session—Street Improvement Needed—Some Views on Chickens—Other Items.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 8.—The second week of court closed today. The past four days have been taken up with the criminal docket and good progress is said to have been made. The grand jury was excused yesterday evening until Monday, the work having been well caught up with.

It is very evident that the chain gang will get a good bunch of recruits, as the jail has been crowded with offenders. We understand that two murder cases are expected to be tried next week. The attendance at court has been confined to those who were interested, no crowds being in town to indicate that anything was being done in the way of court.

Some of the many Star readers in Lumberton and vicinity seem to be under the impression that they should pay their subscription for the paper to the Lumberton correspondent. This is a mistaken idea and we trust that when Mr. Wooten, the collector for the paper in this section, calls upon them they will have time to write him a check or give him the cash. We did the collecting for several years, but the job got too much for us to attend to properly and we asked the managing editor to send someone else here to do the work. We will gladly receipt for any money handed to us, and will be delighted to receive new subscriptions, but Mr. Wooten is the regular authorized agent as much as the writer. In other words, we pull together in our efforts to get the paper in every home and business house in Lumberton and give the subscribers the least possible trouble.

We would be glad to see the town authorities neglect almost any other part of the town long enough to put down a six-foot sidewalk from Elm street to the town hall. Put it on the south side of the street, which is one of the most used cross streets in town, especially as far down as the Western Union office, and during wet weather that is one of the worst streets in town. Let's have it paved and make everybody glad.

The first service will be held in the new Methodist church tomorrow at 11 o'clock. Everybody, regardless of denomination, is invited to attend the first service. The seating capacity of this elegant new building is about 500. The District Conference will meet here the latter part of April or first of May at which time it is hoped to have the new church dedicated. An effort will be made to have Bishop Denny preside at the District Conference.

So far as is now known the opera house will be dark through the month of February, the next attraction being "The Fortune Hunter," on Friday, March 4th. This will be followed by "The Goose Girl" on the 25th. Coburn's Minstrels and "The Man, the Girl, and the Game" come later. Mrs. DeGafferelly expects to play the Williams Company a week here in April.

The chicken question seems to be causing much alarm in Lumberton as Spring approaches. There is a town ordinance forbidding chickens going on the streets, and while the police is wholly inadequate for the job, it is to be hoped that the city daddies will fix it so that it shall be unlawful for a rooster to crow within the corporate limits for 100 years and a day. The Star man, or rather, his better half, owns in her own name just about seven or eight chickens, among them being a rooster with spurs 1 1-4 inches long. He has already learned the art of crowing, but he is shut up now and should not crow. We have a lot of fine hens shut up, though all of them are not ours, but if anyone claims them they must pay for feeding them for several months. Every chicken that wanders into our yard may expect to find itself behind the bars. The chickens should be confined as well as every dog that is able to bark, and by all means forbid the English sparrows coming to town. We recently read of a woman having blood poison caused by a setting hen pecking her on the hand. That is the only chicken bite we ever read of. Webster's blue back says, "Dogs delight to bark and bite," and the Greensboro Record says that dogs have destroyed the sheep business in North Carolina. It is the truth, the chickens running out are a nuisance, but we all like to eat them, while we would not touch a worthless dead dog in any shape.

Mr. J. T. Bynum, of Hope Mills, was an interesting visitor here this week. He resided in this county for some time when Henry Berry Lowrey and his gang were terrorizing this whole section of country. Mr. Bynum was engaged in trying to help run them down. He met on the street here Tuesday one of his old pals whom he had not seen since they parted in Scuffletown 40 years ago.

Mr. J. J. Cherry, of Raleigh, has taken a position with the Pope Drug Company, succeeding Mr. H. B. McPhaul, who is now taking a course in a pharmacy school. The Pope Drug Company now has two Raleigh men, and are two just as clever as ever hit town.

If the present supply of sweet potatoes coming to market is any indication of the crop that was grown in this section last year, it was remarkably small. We do not recall the season when sweet potatoes have been so scarce, though what few come in retail at 75 cents per bushel.

If any of our people desire to visit Washington City during the inauguration, they will do well to start as early as possible, as even now some of the leading hotels have up the S. R. O. sign, or at least they claim that "every room has been taken" in some of them. The fare from Lumberton for the round trip, including sleeper, is only $12.05.

Mr. M. W. Floyd, who a few days ago purchased from the widow of his late partner, Mr. D. W. Crump, her interest in the business of the late firm, is now replenishing the stock, new goods being received daily. Mr. Floyd has secured as salesman his brother, Mr. Fulton Floyd, of Fairmont, and that they will do their share of the business goes without saying.

The first shipment of shad of the season was received by Mr. J. H. Wishart last night and found ready sale. Fish of all kinds have been unusually scarce on this market since Christmas.

The home talent show presenting "Hearts and Diamonds", drew a large crowd to the opera house last night. The correspondent did not learn the amount of the receipts, but it must have been very satisfactory. The receipts will be applied to the new Methodist church fund.

During the week your correspondent has conversed with two fertilizer men who have traveled over the county, and they both say that the demand is far greater than last year. The leading farmers differ as to their estimate in acreage to be planted this year. One from the southern part of the county says there will be a big increase in cotton and tobacco acreage while the report from the western part says there will be little change.

The Baptist Mission Institute will be held at the First Baptist church on Wednesday and Thursday of the coming week. Among the prominent visitors who will address the institute will be Revs. Livingston Johnson, of Thomasville, and C. J. Thompson, of Raleigh. On account of this meeting Mr. R. D. Caldwell will not attend the Good Roads Convention which meets in Asheville on the 12th.

One night this week a man who deserved to be locked up was allowed to go home because the night policeman says the jailer informed him early in the night that the jail was full, and asked him, if possible, not to bring in anyone that night. We understand the jailer says he has never refused to take in anyone and is still able to take care of them. This brings on more talk about the new guard house which the town recently had built, and the question is asked, "Why does the town use the county jail instead of its guard house?" The answer is that it has never been completed. No locks have been put on the doors, no blankets have been provided, and there seems to be no way of heating the place. On account of having no place to lock up a drunken rowdy he had to go on his own recognizance.

Messrs. J. P. and Rexford Stephens expect to leave first of the week for Florida where they will spend several days, visiting different points of interest.

We were delighted this morning to meet Mr. H. K. Nash, of Wilmington, whom we had not seen for ten years. We love our old Wilmington friends and are always glad to see them.

On our rounds one day this week we dropped into a barber shop to get our face scraped. We asked if we had to wait for the seven or eight men hanging around the shop to be waited on, and to our delight we were told that we were "next." Three other gentlemen walked in and upon seeing the gang hugging the stove, quietly retired under the impression that all present were ahead. On account of loafers that barber lost several dimes. At times it looks as though the same class would take charge of the telegraph and telephone offices. It is remarkably strange that men who have sense enough to run at large, can't see that they are doing wrong when they simply block up these places to tell what they know. No one but employes have any business trying to make a loafing place of a man's private office.

The condition of Mr. B. Stansel, who came to the hospital the first of the week, showed little change at 7 o'clock tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dubois, who left Lumberton six years ago, locating at Johnson City, Tenn., arrived today to visit friends.

Friends here have received invitations to the marriage of Miss Hattie Birmingham, at Laurinburg, on the 27th. Miss Birmingham has many friends here who wish her life's richest pleasures.

MRS. SARAH A. THOMPSON.

Good Woman Enters Into Rest at Southport.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Sarah Amelia Willard Thompson, wife of the late Capt. Thomas M. Thompson, aged 65 years, passed away at her home here Friday afternoon.

"Miss Amelia", as she was affectionately known and called, was born near Little River, S. C., her father coming to South Carolina from Connecticut and later moving to this county where he purchased a large property, and farmed during his life. In 1887 she was married to Capt. Thompson, to whom she was a devoted wife, and to his children she administered as lovingly and faithfully as if they had been her own, and they in return loved her devotedly and mourn her departure, as do those who knew her. Mrs. Thompson's illness dated from last October, her end being expected. A sister, Mrs. Mary E. Sellers, of Wilmington, is the nearest surviving relative. Miss Frances E. Willard, the great temperance advocate, was a first cousin.

The funeral services were held at Trinity M. E. church this afternoon, of which she was a member.

LUMBERTON REAL ESTATE

Mayor Caldwell Purchases Desirable Lot in Downtown Section

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 8.—An important real estate deal was closed here tonight when Mayor A. P. Caldwell purchased from Mr. D. P. Walters, his vacant lot 24x116 feet in size, at corner of Fourth and Chesnut streets. The purchase price was $4,500. As quickly as possible Mr. Caldwell will have erected a two-story brick building, the front being of pressed brick, stone and steel. When completed the first floor will be the home of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank.

"Do You Operate the Remington?"

When you apply for a position there are three-quarters of a million chances that you will be asked this question, because there are over three-quarters of a million Remington Typewriters in service. Remington Typewriter Company, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 878. (advertisement.)

Save 50c to $1.00 on a pair of shoes by attending the Clean Sweep Sale at the Wilmington Shoe Company. (Advertisement.)

AFFAIRS AT SOUTHPORT

Result of Annexation Fight Received With Delight—Bank to Increase Stock—Civic Improvement—Other News Notes

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Feb. 8.—There was a good deal of local rejoicing on Thursday night when the telegram telling of the defeat of the annexation to New Hanover bill was received. "Farmer" George H. Bellamy came in for considerable praise, some of his before-the-election antagonists recognizing his able efforts in working towards the defeat of the bill, and granting him full credit for the fight he put up.

The delegation from Brunswick county came home in the best of moods, and with the after-agreement entered upon between the two counties, the general opinion seems to be that there will be no future controversies between New Hanover and Brunswick of an unpleasant character.

The many business friends and social acquaintances of Mr. H. W. Hood, are greatly pleased to see him again able to take up his store duties.

The "progressive teas" inaugurated by the Civic Club, for the benefit of the public library, have proven both a social and financial success. The ladies giving them have enjoyed the gatherings, while a few gentlemen have been favored by being invited. On Thursday Mrs. W. R. Robinson, at her delightful home, The Robin's Nest, gave one of these teas, Mrs. D. D. Daniel driving out the ladies who were invited.

Mr. Benjamin Drew, of Orlando, Fla., father of Mrs. A. J. Robbins, of this city, is here on a visit this week.

The Bank of Southport is inviting its stockholders and a few favored outsiders to subscribe to an increased issue of its capital stock, that is to be made during February. The business done by this bank has so augmented as to both demand and warrant the proposed increase to its capital stock that is to be made.

The electric people have received the much-wanted and long-delayed transformers. The work of wiring stores and residences will now be started, and those wanting electric lights can soon have their wants supplied.

It was with sincere regret that the friends of Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Bryan bade them goodbye on Friday. The doctor for the present will be at New York.

The soldier boys at Fort Caswell are enjoying the "movies," these being shown at the fort two nights each week.

The Civic Club made a canvass of the city yesterday to see what property owners would enter into the proposed contest for the prizes to be offered by the club, for the most attractive yards. The prizes will be small cash ones, the idea being to stimulate this community to work for a "city beautiful," the prizes being offered to encourage competition, and so have as many as possible start at once to make their premises more attractive. May or June will later be decided upon as the month when the prizes will be awarded.

Mr. Clarence Crapon, who is connected with the postoffice at Newbern being also a resident of that city, is here visiting relatives.

SUCCESSFUL ROOT AND HERB REMEDY

The study of roots and herbs, their character and power over disease, was what led Lydia E. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., to produce for woman's ills the most successful remedy the world has ever known, and while she passed to her reward some years ago, her work among suffering women is still carried on by trained assistants and many tons of roots and herbs are consumed annually in the manufacture of the now famous Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as originated by her. (Advertisement.)

You need the shoes, we need the money. Let's get together at the Clean Sweep Sale. Wilmington Shoe Company. (advertisement.)

DYSPEPSIA
GASTRIC PAIN
DIARRHEA
DYSENTERY
INTESTINAL CATARRH
ULCERATED STOMACH

and other Ailments of the Digestive Organs, even in the most chronic and obstinate cases, are successfully treated by the celebrated

STOMALIX

(DR. SAIZ DE CARLOS)
Sold by All Druggists
E. FOUGERA & CO. (Agents U. S.)
90 Beekman St., New York

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

ROOM 512. 'PHONE 813
BLUE-PRINTS
SOUTHERN BUILDING

DAVID'S
Good buying sense

IF you buy a suit now, you'll get it for a good deal less than it's worth; same thing is true of buying an overcoat. The money saving is in getting more for your money rather than in spending less. You'll have the clothes to put on next fall and that may prevent us from selling you a new suit then; but we'll make a good, solid friend out of every man who buys now; and friends are worth a lot to us.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes are worth having plenty of; at the prices we're making, you'd better have plenty of them.

$35.00 Suits at ..	$29.83	$21.00 Suits at ..	$18.65
$30.00 Suits at ..	24.65	$20.00 Suits at ..	17.83
$27.50 Suits at ..	22.49	$19.00 Suits at ..	16.55
$25.00 Suits at ..	20.79	$18.00 Suits at ..	14.95
$23.50 Suits at ..	19.87	$16.50 Suits at ..	13.39
$22.50 Suits at ..	19.23	$15.00 Suits at ..	12.45

$10.50 Suits at .. 8.39

The A. David Company
This Store is the Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Shoe Prices Worth While

Any Lady can take her pick from any pair of
SHOES
in our store that sold for $4.00, at $3.15; $5.00 at $3.98; $3.50 at $2.69, and so on down the line. We could make a larger reduction by marking up the price and offering a supposed cut, but we do not do business that way.
Our special lot of 200 pairs odds and ends sold from $3.00 to $4.00,
$1.98
And we guarantee the above shoes. The biggest money's worth in town.

One lot Men's $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, narrow widths, sizes 5 to 6 and 8 to 11,
SHOES
Only $1.98
Men's $6.00 shoes at $4.98; $5.50 at $4.48; $5.00 at $3.98, and $4.50 at $3.48.
We do not want to carry over a single pair of these shoes; shown in patent, gun metal and tan.
These goods won't last long at prices quoted; don't wait until your size is sold.
No tickets given.
98c.
All Ladies' Felt Slippers,

HEWLETT & PRICE
No. 24 North Front St.

Big Reduction in Clothing

1/4 OFF

On Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats and Pants.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.
'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou.

Office Supplies!

The New Year brings increased demands for your office. Start right by investing now. Let us talk over any office problem with you.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

ENGINE GASOLINE
PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES
MORE POWER
MORE RUNNING HOURS
FOR LESS MONEY
DROP US A CARD
If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.
CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.
Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.

SCHOONER NELLIE W. CRAIG JUST ARRIVED
with
16,000 SACKS SAYLOR'S PORTLAND CEMENT.
Car Load and L. C. L. Orders will receive our Prompt Attention.
Roger Moore's Sons & Company
DISTRIBUTORS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
N. 90, ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 81, * 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 80, *12:20 A. M.
No. 64, ! 8:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No 65, ! 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, * 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P.M.
N. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 6:45 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington, and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No.58, ! 8:15 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 29, 1912.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

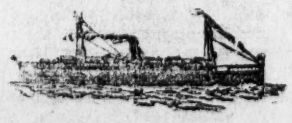
EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	Leave Wilmington for The Beach	WEST BOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave The Beach for Wilmington
* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:27 A. M.	* 6:15 A. M.	.....
6:55 " "	6:55 " "	.....	7:37 " "	7:25 " "	.....
.....	.....	.....	* 8:07 " "	* 7:55 " "	* 7:45 " "
* 8:00 " "	* 8:00 " "	.....	* 8:42 " "	* 8:30 " "	.....
! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 9:07 " "	! 8:55 " "	! 8:45 " "
* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 9:37 " "	* 9:25 " "	* 9:15 " "
! 9:30 " "	! 9:30 " "	.....	!10:12 " "	!10:00 " "	.....
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	10:00 " "	11:07 " "	10:55 " "	10:45 " "
11:30 " "	11:30 " "	11:30 " "	12:37 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	2:07 " "	1:55 " "	1:45 " "
2:00 " "	2:00 " "	.....	* 2:42 " "	* 2:30 " "	.....
x 2:30 " "	.....	.....	x 3:10 " "	.....	.....
3:00 " "	3:00 " "	3:00 " "	x 3:45 " "	.....	.....
x 3:30 " "	.....	.....	4:07 " "	3:55 " "	3:45 " "
x 4:00 " "	.....	.....	x 4:40 " "	.....	.....
4:30 " "	4:30 " "	4:30 " "	.....	.....	.....
x 5:00 " "	.....	.....	x 5:15 " "	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	5:37 " "	5:25 " "	5:15 " "
5:30 " "	5:30 " "	.....	6:12 " "	6:00 " "	.....
6:10 " "	6:10 " "	.....	6:52 " "	6:40 " "	.....
6:40 " "	6:40 " "	6:40 " "	7:42 " "	7:30 " "	7:20 " "
7:10 " "	7:10 " "	.....	8:07 " "	7:55 " "	.....
8:30 " "	8:30 " "	8:30 " "	9:37 " "	9:25 " "	9:15 " "
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	.....	10:42 " "	10:30 " "	.....
11:15 " "	11:15 " "	.....	11:57 " "	11:45 " "	.....

Special for Saturdays and Sundays.
Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

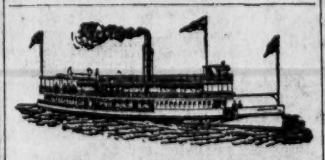
Cars marked (*) do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked (!) run Sundays only.
Cars marked (x) superceded by half-hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked (o) leave at 1:10 P. M. Saturdays.

Freight Schedule.
Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ninth and Orange Streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:00 to 3:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.



New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., Jan. 31, 1913
Steamship "Cherokee," Fri., Feb. 7, 1913
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Cherokee" Sat. Feb. 1, 1913
Steamship "Navahoe, Sat., Feb. 8, 1913
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., Feb. 3, 1913
Steamship "Cherokee," Mon. Feb. 10, 1913
Steamship "Cherokee" does not carry Passengers.
Through bills of lading and Sawes through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
W. H. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.



HARPER LINE STEAMERS.
Steamer will leave Wilmington daily (except Sunday) for Southport and Fort Caswell 9:30 A. M. Leaves Southport 2:30 P. M.
se 8 tf.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
47-48-49 Carroll Building.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
Schedule Effective January 5th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.
No. 45—6 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 66 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 81, for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 53, for Atlanta.
DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 45 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.
No. 30.—3:05 P. M., arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.
TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.
No. 40—12:30 P. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 44—12:10 A. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.
For further information, call on or telephone
CLAUDE MURRY, Union Ticket Agent.
'Phone: 1294.
F. A. FETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178.
Orton Motel.
JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

W. B. & S. R. R.
Schedule in Effect Thursday, Sept. 5, 1912.

P. M.		A. M.
3:15 Lv	Wilmington	Ar. 8:15
4:05 "	Town Creek	" 7:20
4:20 "	Bolivia	" 7:05
4:55 Ar.	Southport	Lv. 6:30

Mixed train operated daily except Sunday Leaving Navasso at 8:30 A. M., arriving Southport 10:35 A. M. Leaving Southport 11:20 A. M., arriving Navassa, 1:15 P. M.
H. E. GOODWIN, Traffic Manager.
de1-tf

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western
Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:50 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:50 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business, without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, February 9, 1913.

Play ball, boys!

The people do not rule. In some particulars they say who shall rule.

A man's idea of economy after marriage is that it is useless to spend any more money on candy and flowers.

When you speak of your town assume an attitude of intense superiority.

Speaking about the ball season, we like to batter cake or more every morning for breakfast.

Smith College proposes to raise $1,000,000 in nickles. That will make it easy on the Smith family.

The style for ladies' Spring hats has changed, but that won't make any difference with the ladies.

Most men are heroic in their determination to keep people from seeing the yellow streak in them.

Col. Roosevelt is simply waiting to flutter around in the limelight after President Wilson gets through with it.

One way a man can avoid paying taxes on his $10,000 income is to let his wife draw half of it as hers.

We appreciate more than ever that President-elect Wilson's education is complete in view of the fact that he knows when silence is golden.

Give the State an equitable taxing system, good schools, good roads, the Torrens law for land registration, a State-wide primary, and good government.

Throw away the jimmy. There's no getting into Wilson's cabinet secrets till he gets ready to say the word. He refuses to let his right hand let his left get on intimate terms with it.

The South Carolina girl who originated the first tomato club and made a record canning tomatoes and making all sorts of pickles and preserves, has married. It's a tomato club girl for a North Carolinian every time.

The New York and New Haven Railroad has made it its fixed policy to give married men preference in employment and promotion. Even the railroads know that with somebody at home to get behind a man he has to get on his job and stay on it.

Wilmington is on the map and has six railways distributing into territory with 30,000,000 consumers and producers who can be reached in 24 hours or less. An ocean commerce of $65,000,000 a year and all the immense possibilities in ocean and river commerce is what makes Wilmington the best distributing point on the South Atlantic.

A knocker who gets a better salary in his town than he can get in any other, is one of the dead units in the heavy load his town has to carry. A dead town is in its moribund condition because of its knockers who work overtime doing nothing so's you'll notice it. A man who is not a live number himself cuts a sorry figure when he takes it on himself to knock.

The Columbia States announces that the National Corn Exposition, which opened in that city January 27th, will remain open till 6 o'clock next Friday evening. Fully realizing the wonderful advantages combined in the great corn show, prominent business men prevailed upon the management to continue the event for another week. No such powerful object lesson was ever before set before our people and it is hoped many more North Carolinians will make it a point to go to Columbia this week. All exhibits will remain intact.

STATE-WIDE PRIMARY

The North Carolina General Assembly, if it will, can go down into history as the most constructive Legislature in the history of the State. It has several big questions to deal with and it will be measured by the ability with which it disposes of them. Questions affecting the rights of the people and the progress of the State, are the most imperative matters to me considered first. One affecting popular rights is the method of the parties in making their nominations for office. They are antiquated and unsatisfactory, but a remedy can be found in a State-wide ballot primary law so hedged about by safeguards that tricksters and corruptionists shall see the penitentiary looming up before them if they commit any crime against the constitutional rights and civic privileges of the voters of the States. Referring to the renewed efforts in North Carolina to get a genuine direct nominating primary for the State, counties and municipalities, the Baltimore Evening Sun observes:

"Virginians and North Carolinians have had enough of makeshift primaries and are clamoring for legalized primaries—a simple, direct system that will not lend itself to manipulation by politicians, and will be protected by the safeguards thrown around elections. In adopting the new constitution the members of the Virginia convention evidently believed they were providing for legalized primaries; but if the provision was intended to be mandatory, the Legislature has evaded it in the spirit if not in the letter. The present system is recognized as defective, nothing more than a make-shift. Agitation for a primary plan that will allow a full and free expression of the will of the voters has begun. Its advocates will interrogate candidates for the Assembly and endeavor to pledge them to vote for a better law. In North Carolina candidates for Governor and Senator have been nominated by popular vote, but the primaries have been voluntary, called by and conducted under the direction of party committees. The effort is to induce the Legislature to enact into law a principle already established. What excuse can the North Carolina Legislature have if it fails to give the primary legal form and definite status when the people have shown so plainly their desire to nominate candidates as well as elect officials by direct vote?"

The fact that the Democratic party of North Carolina, during the 1912 campaign, nominated its candidates for Governor and U. S. Senator by a primary election, and that many counties and cities make their nominations at the ballot box, is all that the Legislature needs to make it recognize that the people demand legalized primaries. Such primaries as we have are mere party arrangements, very crude and only primaries in name. Violation of the rules is not even a misdemeanor, and the use of money to corrupt the voters and the doing of acts to thwart the will of the people in chosing their nominees is not guarded against by law.

The people are tired of "soap box primaries," and the Evening Sun is quite right in declaring that they have had enough of even such legalized primaries as make-shifts, substituted for the genuine article—something like Governor Wilson secured for New Jersey. With the best political thought in progressive States insisting on legalized means of making nominations, can it be said that North Carolinians are content to longer endure the absurd party conventions and primaries that in very few particulars represent either party or public sentiment?

While the political parties in New Jersey have a primary law that guarantees the rule of the people, will the North Carolina Legislature again fall down on the people by doing nothing or permitting politicians to secure a compromise on a make-shift like that foisted upon Virginia?

MANUFACTURING FOR EXPORT

The Star often has endeavored to impress the idea that it is production that builds cities and communities. Commenting upon a recent Star editorial on that line, the Manufacturers' Record so ably emphasizes the point that we make way for the potent truths so ably pressed home by that great publication. Says that invaluable journal:

"The other day the Morning Star of Wilmington, N. C., which is working sturdily for the upbuilding of its community, pointed out that the fertilizer industry there includes 13 factories and manipulating plants with an annual output valued at $10,000,000, that about $3,500,000 worth of materials is imported annually, and that shipments of fertilizer to the interior alone require 14,000 railroad cars. Here are combined manufacturing, commerce and transportation in rather a striking way, and the combination emphasizes the campaign which the Morning Star is making in behalf of manufacturing for export. It says that Wilmington reaches out to Alabama for pig iron export, and to that State, Georgia, the Carolinas and Mississippi for raw cotton for export, but it contends that with its access to raw materials and to power it, the city, should be doing more manufacturing, and manufacturing for export. That suggestion falls in with the contention that the Manufacturers' Record has made more than once to the effect that for Southern ports to benefit most from the opening of the Panama canal they should take immediate steps to enter upon lines of manufacturing that will be called for by the markets made more accessible by the canal. There is great activity at a number of the South Atlantic and Gulf ports in the enlargement and improvement of terminal facilities. Such a policy is a wise one, but the point made by the Manufacturers' Record is epitomized in the statement of the writer in the Boston Transcript:

"'The prosperity of a port is determined not by the volume of freight which passes through it by quick transference, but by the volume of freight which either originates directly in the port or is stored there for redistribution.'

"He says that through business is comparatively not very remunerative to the ports themselves, as it leaves in the port towns only the sums needed to pay for loading and unloading; that they will find the new trade route to be a bonanza only if they are able to supply the goods of their own manufacture to meet the demands of the countries to which easy access will be for the first time possible, and he adds:

"'A great city is impossible today if it is only a handler of freight. It must be a producer. The interior Southern cities have been more progressive in this way than the coast towns. Before, then, the ports can become truly prosperous they must become productive; that is, they must have factories of their own. The carrying trade alone will not make a metropolis of any town. Those Southern ports, which encourage the establishment of factories to manufacture goods for the Latin-American trade, have a great future before them; the others, no matter what their natural advantages, are doomed to disappointment.'

"This disinterested advice should be accepted promptly by Southern ports where possible and put into concrete action. Large increases in the volume of export and import values look well in type, but, after all, the producer of goods for sale is in a position to reap a greater reward in normal conditions than the mere handler of such goods."

There is very little need to add anything to what is said by The Record. It speaks for itself, and the business men of Wilmington should lay more than ordinary store by it. This city can be made a manufacturing city with double advantages of distribution—to foreign countries and to a large inland territory in this country. We should study the needs of our Latin-American neighbors as well as those of our teributary territory and use our various raw materials in productive enterprises that will employ our people and bring prosperity and wealth to this community.

THE POOR MAN AND THE SQUARE DEAL

"There is no law at all for the unaided poor," says a writer, citing a case in point, "because they cannot stand the expense." That is a true statement of the condition of affairs in this country today. An unaided poor man has but little more chance of obtaining justice in some courts of this country than the proverbial snowball has of lasting two seconds in the realms of super-torrid heat. It is a fact and there is no getting around it. We may boast of the equality of all citizens before the law; we may refer very often and with pride to the "great masses of pee-pul;" we may grow perfervid on patriotic occasions and yell to heaven that all men are and of a right ought to be free and equal, each a sovereign—but the baid fact remains that a man without money, however righteous his cause, can not win against a man, however unjust his cause, if that man has got the money. Law is an expensive luxury and none but the rich can afford it.

The humblest man in the country ought to be enabled to go into the courts and have his rights fairly inquired into by a court of justice, and listen to adroitly-sprung technicalities. We have in mind a case in another State in which a defendant lost three not by a court with an ear ready to times the property involved because he was not able to give bond for costs and pay attorney's fees almost equal to the amount at issue, in a suit based almost entirely upon technicalities.

Atlanta will have 12 women in the suffragette parade in Washington on the 3rd of March. The main idea about it in Atlanta, no doubt, is that it will afford one more round of publicity for Atlanta.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Extension of the corn show into a third week will give opportunity to George Bailey of coming across from Houston to meet his Tar Heel kin; they're all here.—Columbia State.

Wilmington is defined by The Star as "an important city, with $65,000,000 of commerce, $90,000,000 of jobbing trade, $20,000,000 of manufactures and millions of retail trade." Yet some North Carolina people are still under the impression that we have no seaport of any consequence in this State.—Charlotte Observer.

Speaking of High Point and Aycock county, which is not a county yet, recalls the fact that High Point has something which all towns court, especially all towns that make any pretensions to industrial expansion. We refer to its pay roll. The pay roll of that city last year amounted to $2,500,000 or something like $50,000 every week. It is worth a great deal to a city to have a pay roll like that. The factories that provide this kind of pay-roll, bring the town a good class of citizenship, good solid men and their families. They help to make the town in every way and with their good pay rolls make good business for all.

Have your eyes tested by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. You will save time and money. (Advertisement.)

We do as we advertise, try us. Clean Sweep Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (Advertisement.)

MINISTER WOULD LEND HAND.

Do You Want a Position? Do You Need Employes? Write Him.

The Star publishes with pleasure the following very generous offer of the Rev. C. T. Rogers, pastor of Trinity Methodist church, this city:

"To the Public, In or Out of Wilmington:—I would like to be of service to those who are in need of material help as well as spiritual help, so I offer my services, free of cost, to those who need help in home, store, or other places; and also to those who wish a position of any kind.

"I know that often young men and young women in and out of the city, would be at work if they only knew of a suitable position.

"Today I know of a young woman and a young man right here in the city who want work. If you need another employe, please communicate with me immediately, stating the kind of work, what kind of person you wish to employ, and state salary.

"To those who are looking for employment, let me hear from you, stating kind of work desired, age, references, etc.

"Please make all inquiries in writing, and enclose a self-directed stamped envelope. "C. T. ROGERS,
"Pastor Trinity Methodist Church, No. 8 North Ninth street."

Deeds Filed for Record.

Yesterday's list of deeds filed for record is as follows: A. C. DeVane and wife to Louise Taylor, for $100 and other considerations, lot on north side of Campbell street, 125 feet west of Fourth, 40x66 feet in size. D. L. Gore and wife to Andrew Nixon, for $300, 65 acres on Sturgeon's creek, adjoining lands of Paldo Sharpless, C. C. Bordeaux and others. D. L. Gore and wife to Roger C. Swann and wife, for $250 five acres on road from Wilmington to Scott's Mill, adjoining lands of Carrie Cowan and others, being lot No. 38, in the D. L. Gore survey. Solomon Sternberger and wife to John A. Bannerman, for $500 and other considerations, lot on east side of Ninth street, 165 feet south of Wright, 33x165 feet in size.

Why are our sales a success, come and see. Clean Sweep Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (Advertisement.)

The London Daily Standard is now being sold for one cent a copy.

A WONDERFUL EXPERIENCE

With Newbro's Herpicide

While there are no thrills in the narration of Mrs. P. T. Nichols, 623 Broad St., Beloit, Wis., her story is nevertheless one of amazing interest: "Stricken with neuralgia and erysipelas, I lost all my hair. My doctor recommended Newbro's Herpicide. I used six or eight bottles and now have a fine head of slightly curly light brown hair. Not a gray hair in my head. This is the more remarkable as I am middle-aged."

While the results which follow the use of Newbro's Herpicide are always more or less astonishing, they are always natural. Herpicide destroys the dandruff germ, stimulates the flow of blood to the hair follicles and keeps the scalp perfectly healthy. It makes possible a natural and luxuriant growth of hair, except in cases of chronic baldness.

While remedies said to be "every bit as good" as Newbro's Herpicide are frequently offered, one should insist upon having the original germ destroyer, Herpicide. That is genuine. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

For sale at all drug stores. One dollar size bottles are guaranteed. Applications may be obtained at good barber shops. Send 10c in postage for sample to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Special Agent.

A SPANKING GOOD TIME

is at your command whenever you tell us you want it. This livery stable is prepared to supply instantly any kind of a rig you require. While in your service it is as much yours as if you owned it. The difference is that you pay only for the time you use it and not for the time it is standing in the stable. That beats private ownership all hollow.

City Livery Co.

C. W. MILLS, Mgr.

The world has been waiting for PAINLESS DENTISTRY

NITROUS OXIDE GAS

Makes Dental work a pleasure.
Absolutely no pain in filling teeth, or in Crown and Bridge work.
Cleanest offices in the Carolinas.
Graduate Nurse in attendance.

DR. J. W. POWELL, Dentist

Phone 1634. Carroll Building.

Rehder's Annual White Sale!

Wherein is offered a Vast, Careful Collection of White Goods of Almost Every Description, totaling almost A Quarter Million Yards.

We have given Special Sections for the White Goods Display; also Laces and Embroideries.

White Ratine will be a favored Dress Goods this year. Ratines are a cotton Dress fabric in a rough weave, that suggests Turkish Toweling. The new Ratines have character and are susceptible to very effective treatments in making Smart Dresses. This material washes well and doesn't need ironing.

27-inch Ratine, white and assorted colors; White Sale 23c
White Ratines, crepe effects, with pin stripes, pink, blue and lavender; White Sale 23c
White Irish Linen Finish Suiting, 36 inches wide; White Sale 13½c
White Linene, 36 inches wide; Special finish; White Sale 9½c
White Checked Pajama Cloth, 36 inches wide; 12½c quality; White Sale 9½c
White Linen, 36 inches wide; Splendid value; White Sale 23c
White Madras, beautiful quality; 19c value, stripes and figures; White Sale Price 15c
Cream Ratine, crepe effect, 28 inches wide, with pin stripes; White Sale 12½c

White French Batiste, Nainsook, Lawn, Long Cloth, Luna Lawn, Lyklinen, Flaxon, and many New fabrics.

New dainty Laces and Embroidery, Swiss, Cambric and Nainsook Match Sets; Embroidery in dainty, neat patterns, up to 45 inches, wide flouncing—a Splendid variety; also Laces at **5c, 10c, 12½c and 15c**

WHITE MUSLIN UNDERGARMENTS.

$1.25 Gowns and Skirts, at 98c
85c Gowns and Skirts, at 69c
50c Drawers and Corst Covers, at .. 39c
25c Drawers and Corset Covers, at .. 19c
85c Drawers and Corset Covers, at .. 69c
White Shirts, in wide range of styles and patterns, all sizes, at 98c

New Silks and Dress Goods are Now on Display, and All wth a White Sale price.

THE REHDER FREE DELIVERY OF MERCHANDISE — By Parcel Post, By Freight, By Express—the Rehder Store must be Neighbor to Everybody. We pay Postage on Parcels or Packages weighing one to eleven pounds, if of goods that can be mailed by United States Parcel Post, according to value and distance in table below:

Weight:	First Zone. Within 50 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.	Second Zone. Within 150 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.	Third Zone. Within 300 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.	Fourth Zone. Within 600 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.	Fifth Zone. Within 1000 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.	Sixth Zone. Within 1400 miles of Wilmington, N. C. Purchase.
1 pound	$2.00	$2.00	$2.00	$2.00	$2.00	$3.00
2 pounds	2.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	5.00
3 pounds	3.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00
4 pounds	4.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	9.00
5 pounds	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	10.00	11.00
6 pounds	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	13.00
7 pounds	6.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	13.00	15.00
8 pounds	7.00	9.00	10.00	12.00	15.00	17.00
9 pounds	8.00	10.00	12.00	13.00	17.00	19.00
10 pounds	9.00	11.00	13.00	15.00	19.00	21.00
11 pounds	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	20.00	23.00

NOTE!—Goods sent C. O. D., or sold with Discounts, are not delivered free outside of our own Wagon Delivery limits.

We believe our location and facilities make Rehder's the "Quickest" Mail Order house in this section of the country, while our vast stocks, bought for cash, with full knowledge of style and worth, with our mills and manufacturing connections, offer widest selection and safe economy. Samples sent upon request.

White Silk Gloves—50c, 75c, 98c and $1.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

Silk Hose—Black Silk Hose, 25c to $1.50.

A DOZEN HOMES
To Be Built in Wilmington's
Most Beautiful Suburb

SUNSET PARK

IN SIXTY DAYS

Go out and see the wonderful development going on. You will be amazed at the magnitude and beauties of this new suburb. ¶ Walk or drive down Central Boulevard to Riverside Drive, stand on the mounts of old Fort Strong, and you will agree with us that it is the most picturesque and interesting sight possible to conceive

'Phone No. 312, and our machine will be at your service, free of charge and without obligation.

THE FIDELITY TRUST & DEVELOPMENT CO.

CARD OF THANKS

The sons, daughters and grandchildren of Mrs. Jane B. Green (colored) widow of James W. Green, Sr., wish to thank the many friends, white and colored, for their kindness to our mother in her serious illness, and especially Father Hayden, of the Catholic church, who was with her to the end. FROM HER CHILDREN.
(Advertisement.)

J. B. McCabe, Manager. Local and Long Distance 'Phone 502.

Carolina Audit & Adjustment Company,

Licensed Accountants and Auditors. Room 405 Southern Bldg. Wilmington, N. C.

Audits. Accounting Systems.
no3-1f

THE SAVING HABIT

The persistent saving of small sums of money in spite of the many temptations to spend is a most commendable habit and tends to develop the qualities of self-denial and sacrifice, two of the attributes which denote High Character and Strong Will.

This bank aims to encourage this habit and invites accounts both small and large. Prompt attention and courteous service cheerfully given to every patron.

We pay 4 per cent. Compound Interest.

Home Savings Bank

115 No. Front St. Orton Bldg.

FAVORABLE FOR AGREEMENT

Representative Woodus Kellum Knows of No Objection to Eagle Island Compromise and Believes It Will Stand

Representative Woodus Kellum, when asked last night about the status of the agreement between New Hanover and Brunswick citizens in regard to the cession of Eagle Island to New Hanover and the construction of bridges over the Cape Fear and Brunswick rivers, stated that so far he had not heard of any objection to this plan, and that it seemed to him that the agreement would stand.

The agreement, it will be recalled, was reached after the House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns had decided to report unfavorably the bill providing for the annexation of the whole of Northwest township to this county. The committees representing each county met and agreed that New Hanover should have Eagle Island, opposite the city, should bridge the Cape Fear river to the island, and build about two miles of modern road across the island to the Brunswick river; and that then, Brunswick county should bridge the river of that name, and the townships of Northwest and Town Creek build a good road to the Columbus county line. So far as known the proposition seems to have been well received, and if it is carried out, the people of both counties, it is predicted, will find it an improvement that means more than has been dreamed, even by the most earnest advocates of a great highway connecting this city and section with the rest of North Carolina.

When asked about the clause in the charter relating to the election of Mayor, Mr. Kellum stated that his position and that of Senator Bellamy remained unchanged. As published in The Star they have agreed on an amendment to the charter providing for the election of five Councilmen and the Mayor by a direct vote of the people; and that each Councilman receive $600 annually, and the Mayor not less than $1,500.

Mr. Kellum's resolution to investigate the sale and dismemberment of the old C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, which has passed the House, will come before the Senate next Tuesday night at 8 o'clock, and he declared last night that prospects are bright for its passage. His "blue sky" bill has been reported favorably and will come up in the House this week. This is the Kansas law which makes it impossible for stock promoters to swindle the people. The Kansas law is said to have saved that State millions of dollars.

Mr. Kellum said that there was a probability that the Legislature would spend 50 days of its 60 days in session, and that an adjourned session of 10 days would be held for the consideration of constitutional questions. Either this will be done, or, says Mr. Kellum, there will be an extra session of the General Assembly. There are supporters of each plan.

Senator Marsden Bellamy also came in last night to spend the week-end with his family here. Both will return in time to be on hand when the Legislature convenes Monday.

MR. HOWELL'S INVENTION

Designed to Prevent Boiler Explosions by Automatic Device

Mr. L. B. Howell, of this city, after a recent visit to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Pittsburg, returned to Wilmington a few days ago and is interesting local parties in what appears to be a valuable invention for which he has secured patent rights. Its design is to prevent boiler explosions.

The device is a water glass or tube inside of which is a floating bulb which rises and falls as the water rises and lowers in the glass. On the glass an indicator shows the quantity of water in the boiler but its chief feature is its function of automatically starting an injector when the water in a boiler begins to lower to the danger point.

Mr. Howell says his water glass makes an explosion from water exhaustion absolutely impossible. Many explosions of boilers occur from injecting cold water into a heated boiler when the water is too low. The device sets the injector to work before the crown sheet of a boiler becomes dry and sufficiently hot to create suddenly such a head of steam as will wreck a boiler. A check valve opens and shuts automatically, and if the water is low, the injector starts and supplies the boiler whether the engineer or fireman is present or not.

Scientific journals and experts have commended Mr. Howell's invention and it has been favorably received by those who recognize its value. He has been offered handsome sums for his patent, but has declined all offers and holds his price at $100,000. He says if he cannot get that, he hopes to organize a company to manufacture the device and put it on the market. During the past week he has had the drawings of his invention on exhibition at the Wilmington Cigar Store, No. 111 Princess street.

Funeral of Mrs. Cumming Today

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the funeral of Mrs. Kate T. Cumming, who died Friday afternoon, will be held from the First Presbyterian church, conducted by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, and interment will be in Oakdale cemetery. The honorary pallbearers will be Dr. E. J. Wood and Messrs. J. W. Murchison, W. A. Dick and J. W. Carmichael. The active pallbearers will be Messrs. Raymond Hunt, Burke H. Bridgers, John Murchison, Jr., Van R. C. King, Platt Davis, Clayton Giles, Jr., A. E. Carpenter, Milton Calder, Oscar Peck and Dr. Harllee Bellamy. Popular with many and loved by them all, both young and old will sadly gather to give token of their love for this the last time.

Consult Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple, about your eyes. No charge for examination. Spectacles or eye glasses from $1 up.
(Advertisement.)

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

HISTORY MASONBORO SCHOOL

A Story of Educational Growth Dating Back Three Quarters of a Century, When Teacher Sullivan Used the Rod.

Following is a paper read on the night of January 31st by Mrs. Addison Hewlett on the occasion of the dedication of the handsome new school building recently completed at Masonboro:

It is uncertain but very probable that as early as 1838 the first public school was taught in Masonboro township. It was at least the first school attended by our oldest present inhabitant and was taught by one Uriah Sullivan.

He taught in a little log school house, one end of which was nearly all fireplace. This house stood just across the branch from the old election grounds or ballot house. Its furnishings consisted of a number of high, hard, narrow benches without backs, set against the walls, and across the room in front of the fireplace. There was a wide board placed slantingly up against the back side of the room, where the children took their lessons in writing. The teacher had no desk of any description.

Here in this rudely built house attended school not only the ancestors of most of our present students, but also many who have since moved to other parts, and whose posterity may have forgotten all connection with old Masonboro.

Never did these children know what it was to have a load of wood sent them, all cut and ready to burn. We now seem to see the boys as they searched the woods for pine knots and any other wood which may have fallen in the forest. Were these boys excused from lessons on their "wood days"? Ah, no! Even though one had cut wood for an hour of the study period, lessons had to come all the same, and woe be unto him who should fail to know that spelling lesson. Happy may you little ones be that you know not the virtue of the rod and the birch as Mr. Sullivan seemed to see it in those far days.

But this school was very short, and so were those that followed, for a school of longer duration than three months then was something unheard of in these parts.

The trustees of the school, at that time were Richard Beasley, Henry Martindale and Jack Hewlett.

The year following Mr. Sullivan's school came Miss Mag McLeod, who taught one session. After her, Nathan Rogers taught one session; then came a Mr. Hatch, then a Mr. McKithern, Stephens Keys and a Mr. Dobson. Sorry are we that no record was kept of these schools, for indeed it would be most interesting to all of us could we know more about what and how they all did in those olden times.

Some time after Mr. Dobson taught, the Civil War came on, and then there was no free school and very little attention was paid to schools of any kind. A Mr. Stallings kept a private school in the neighborhood during the Fall of 1862, but the excitement over the progress of the war must have been so great as to retard what little interest there had been kindled in educational advantages.

Some time after the war—we are not sure of the exact year—Miss Josephine May taught a private school in the community, and after her Miss Maggie Alexander and then again Mr. Stallings—this time he taught in a private house, for they now no longer used the log school house as it was no longer centrall located. About this time, perhaps it was in 1868, Masonboro Baptist church was built, and was used that Winter for a school room by Miss Emma Plunkett. The next year Miss Rachel Alexander had charge of the school, part of the session being taught in the church and the remainder of the term in the old Mayo house on the sound.

This brings us to a new epoch in the history of Masonboro schools. In January of 1873, when there was still no free school on Masonboro sound since the war, Mr. Elijah Hewlett, having a large family of children, and being desirous of their education, secured the services of Miss Mollie Holton as teacher in his own family. Here he invited all the neighborhood to come and also take advantage of the school. Many did and it is evident that they had a most successful term.

By the Fall of 1873, through the influence of Mr. John Wagner, then chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, the people of Masonboro had managed not only to build a small frame house on Masonboro road, between Hewlett's and Per Vines creeks but had also secured an appropriation for a public school.

Mrs. Nettie Montford Beasley accepted the school and taught for three months in the new house. It was the first free school in the neighborhood as well as the first in the entire county, since the war.

The ensuing scholastic year, 1874-75, Miss Mollie Holton again consented to come back to Masonboro. She taught the second term of the free school at a salary of $40 a month, the length of the term being five months. The patrons rallied to her support and kept her teaching two months longer. The school room was somewhat enlarged during this year.

Miss Holton's school was well attended, numbering from 40 to 50 students, who came from all around, as long distances as the boys and girls were able to walk. Miss Holton gave such satisfaction and showed so great ability for managing this large number that the patrons besought her to return as teacher, time and again, until she had taught eight years in this community, seven of which were free school sessions. She was not Miss Holton any longer after the first six years, teaching as Mrs. James Montgomery. Mrs. Montgomery herself tells us that she had eight months free school every year after the first year and each year received the salary of $40 a month. At one time, in her fourth or fifth year, she had enrolled as many as 82 students. The influence of so long and such energetic service by one Christian woman in behalf of our neighborhood is immeasurable.

After Mrs. Montgomery there came Miss Mattie Hewlett, Miss Bevie Ken-

(Continued on Page Six.)

LADIES APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Time is Near When Campaign for Playground Will Cease Unless Sufficient Funds Are Raised. List of Contributors.

Next Saturday, February 15th, is the date set by the ladies who have been striving for funds to create a playground, to give up the undertaking unless the required amount of money, $10,000, is raised by that time. And as the day is drawing nigh, the ladies are making another appeal to the citizens of the community to rally to their aid and help to secure the last and only available site for a children's playground in the center of the city.

It is sincerely hoped that there are yet enough public spirited citizens who will make up the few remaining thousands of dolars no wneeded. The voluntary subscriptions have been so slow coming in that those most interested feel very much discouraged, but they are determined to keep the matter before the public for one more week.

It seems impossible to the ladies that the city should allow to pass so generous an offer as that made by Mr. Thos. H. Wright, and lose this splendid location for a recreation ground—especially as the city has nowhere but the streets for the children to play.

The names of those who have contributed to the fund of $10,000 necessary to improve the site are published below, while several others have promised without naming the amount. One citizen offers to give as much as any other one man, so that it is now up to some one who loves the children and feels a pride in the city's development to come to the rescue, say the ladies. And the ladies most earnestly request that those who feel disposed to help in this most worthy cause, do not wait to be called upon,but either to phone their subscriptions to one of the daily papers, or to Mrs. W. B. Cooper, and they wish to remind every one that any amount pledged is not binding until at least three-fourths of the $10,000, or $7,500, is pledged.

Below is a list of the contributors who have pledged a definite amount, the total being $3,078.50

L. Bluthenthal $100; I. Shrier $10; Marcus W. Jacobi, $100; Isadore Bear $20; Fred D. Bear $10; Mrs. W. H. Sprunt $100; I. Irving Bear $5; Louis Goodman $5; Mrs. W. T. Bannerman $10; J. A. Taylor $100; Alex. Yeager $25; Henry C. Bear $25; W. C. Peterson $5; J. F. Rulfs $5; Folks & Kendrick $5; Mrs. Geo. Honnet $100; James & James $10; Hardy Fennell $10; A. David $25; Gus. Dannenbaum $10; Dr. Harriss $5; Father Dennen $10; W. H. McEachern $10; N. M. McEachern $10; C. H. Fore $10; Geo. W. Huggins $10; B. O. Stone $25; R. R. Stone $25; Sam Bear, Jr., $50; Herbert McClammy $25; W. E. Perdew $25; Chas. Yarborough $5; Dr. W. C. Galloway $5; J. H. Hinton $20; James S. Williams $5; James H. Cowan $5; A. B. McNair $5; R. E. Smith $5; W. B. Thorpe $5; A. O. Schuster $15; R. M. Sheppard $10; C. O. McNair $5; W. D. MacMillan $5; J. J. Blair $10; Miss Eliza Bellamy $1; Miss Ellen Bellamy $1; T. E. Sprunt $25; J. O. Reilly $5; Mr. and Mrs. J. T. King $10; F. A. Thompson $50; Bernice C. Moore $10; Mrs. W. B. Cooper $100; Mrs. S. W. Sanders $5; Geo. O. Gaylord $10; W. A. McGirt $5; D. L. Gore $500; John R. Hanby $25; J. H. Bonitz $10; F. A. Bissinger $5; Mrs. C. H. Ford $5; J. W. Brooks $25; A. G. Warren $5; F. E. Hashagen $5; Miss L. Martin $5; Mrs. William Creasy $5; Shrier & Solomon $5; Miss Sarah McLaurin $5; A Friend $500; Mrs. Currie $100; Mrs. A. L. Mincy 50 cents; Harriss Alderman $1; Miss Emily Bridgers $100; S. & B. Solomon $100; Walter Parsley $100; Tidewater Power Co. $100; Hugh MacRae $50; Miss Lucile Murchison $25; Walter G. MacRae $10; L. B. Sasser $10; Cuthbert Martin $10; James Gause $5; R. A. Parsley $25; A. B. Skelding $10; C. Van Leuven $5; Miss Julia Parsley $10; Miss Callie Worth $10; Mrs. Clayton Giles $10; Donald MacRae $50; Miss Monimia MacRae $10; Mrs. A. Shrier $25.

WANT PAY AND RELEASE.

Four West Indians of the Crew of the Nellie Craig in Court.

Yesterday four West Indians, sailors of the crew of the schooner Nellie Craig, which brought a cargo from New York to Wilmington, applied to United States Commissioner George Harriss and asked that they be paid off and released, alleging mistreatment and that the schooner was unseaworthy. Commissioner Harriss ordered that they be paid $2 each and remain with the ship until Monday, when he will make decision on the matter. The men signed for the voyage, which will not end until the schooner, now taking on lumber, returns to New York. Under the law, the men have a right to quit if they want to, but they cannot force payment of wages until they have completed the voyage signed for. They also have the right to question the seaworthiness of a vsesel, but yesterday when the agents, Maffitt & Wood, offered to have a survey made to ascertain the seaworthiness of the Nellie Craig, they didn't seem to want it, it is said. Commissioner Harriss will settle the trouble tomorrow.

Have you decided to attend the Clean Sweep Sale at the Wilmington Shoe Co.? (advertisement.)

We sell, we rent, we repair typewriters. Remington Typewriter Company, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 878.
(Advertisement.)

Harmless

And you know few headache remedies are. Feel that thumpety-thump? It is safe so children can take it. Good for Neuralgia. It's wonderfully quick.

Bromalgine

5c at all soda fountains. 10c, 25c and 50c bottles.

For sale by
PAYNE DRUG CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THREE BOLD ROBBERIES

Upwards of $500 Worth of Property Stolen Thursday Night—Two Stores and Two Residences Entered

Notwithstanding the antiquated policy of the police department to withhold from the public, report of robberies that occur in the city, giving as their reason the long exploded theory that by keeping such matters quiet the robber or robbers can more easily be run down, it became generally known yesterday that at least three bold robberies occurred in the city Thursday night. Probably one or two other robberies were committed on the same night or since, but have not yet come to light. If the police department has ever effected the arrest of a store or house robber by reason of keeping information of a robbery from the public no one has ever heard of it.

Probably the biggest haul Thursday was made at the residence of Miss Mary Bell King, No. 510 North Fourth street, when some time between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock a thief cooly walked away with about $400 worth of jewelry. The robbery was discovered soon after a negro had delivered a load of wood and had received payment for the same. After he unloaded the wood the negro went in the house to get his money and was well in the building when he was found. He was paid and departed. Presently a pair of gold spectacles were missed, and later a number of pieces of jewelry, among them several diamonds, opals, pearls, etc., set in rings, bracelets, a brooch, and other valuable articles of gold. The police say they have no clue, though the officers are working on the case.

The next biggest haul was at the store and market of Mr. B. W. Bradford, corner Sixth and Chesnut streets, when the robber or robbers secured two whole hogs and a half hog, a 60-pound tub of lard, 29-pound cheese, $1 out of the cash drawer, leaving two pennies, and made an unsuccessful attempt to break open the safe. Probably other articles were taken, but Mr. Bradford said yesterday that this was all that he had missed from the stock. An effort was made to enter the safe by screwing off the knobs to the hinges and trying to pry open the door. The robbery was committed sometime between 11 o'clock and day, as persons who passed there as late as 11 o'clock noticed the place closed hard and fast. When Mr. Bradford went to his store the next morning, he found the front door slightly ajar. It was through the front door that entrance was effected.

Some time between 1 and 5:45 A. M. Friday morning the dwelling and store of Mr. Hans A. Kure, Jr., at Fourth and Nun streets, was broken into. Mr. Kure was up as late as 1 o'clock and everything about his place was all right. When he got up a quarter to 6 o'clock he found that the kitchen of his dwelling and his store had been ransacked. Evidently the robber first entered the kitchen, where everything was turned topsy turvey, but nothing of value was missed. Silverware was not what the robber was after, it appears, but was in search of money. Entrance to the store was effected through the front door, which was broken open. The intruder opened both the cash register and money drawer, but found only a few pennies, which he did not disturb. Finding no money in either of these places, the intruder then made a determined, but unsuccessful effort to enter the safe. The knobs to the hinges were unscrewed and an effort made to pry open the door. This proved too much of a task and the intruder then contented himself with whatever goods he could well carry away. A quantity of cigarettes and a box of socks are among the things missed. Other articles may have been taken.

SKATERS PETITION MAYOR

Ask That Third Street Be Kept Clean for the Boys and Girls

The following petition has been presented to Mayor Jos. D. Smith and it is stated that more than 400 names have been attached to it, some of them being names of the most prominent business men in the city:

"To the Honorable Mayor and Council of the City of Wilmington.

"Believing it is your desire to do justice to all of the citizens of this city and to promote the amusement and advancement of the young, as well as the old, we the undersigned, respectfully beseech you to sweep and keep clean the roadway of Third street in order that we may more fully enjoy the healthful and harmless sport of roller skating.

"Whereas clean streets promote health, we believe that you will have the support of all good people in this move as it will make the city more sightly and remove the destructive and unhealthy matter that the wind spreads abroad, and which settles in our homes and on our persons.

"Further, we believe that inasmuch as the city has provided no public park or playground for the recreation of its citizens we are fully within our rights in asking for this consideration, and feeling that we are entitled to the privilege of using the streets, and requesting them to be kept clean, we request your favorable and prompt action upon our petition."

Army of Skaters

Street skating at night, particularly on Third street at City Hall, is a sight to behold, and it draws not a few interested spectators. If anything, the sport has increased in popularity and the army of skaters has been augmented, since the subject began to be discussed and was finally brought up in Council, and a law passed which forbids skating on sidewalks after 7 P. M. Raleigh has just ended a stiff fight between the skaters and property owners by passing a law forbidding street skating under penalty of $10 for every violation, unless property owners give permission.

Sweeping bargains at the Clean Sweep Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co.
(Advertisement.)

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE!

CONSERVATIVE MANAGEMENT!

We are not so progressive as to forget safety.

We are not so conservative that we cannot recognize progress.

We want your business; you need our protection.

Safest for Savings

The Peoples Savings Bank

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION
—Of the Condition Of—

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
at the close of business on the 4th day of February, 1913

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$2,071,093.86	Capital Stock Paid In	$ 100,000.00
N. C. State Bonds	5,000.00	Surplus Fund	150,000.00
All other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	16,500.00	Undivided Profits, less Dividend and Taxes, pd.	86,378.82
Banking House	50,000.00	Dividends Unpaid	212.50
Other Real Estate	2,500.00	Deposits	2,066,661.20
Cash (on hand and in other banks)	241,860.03	Accrued Interest Due Depositors	10,000.00
Invested Trust Funds	26,298.63		
Total	$2,413,252.52	Total	$2,413,252.52

I, J. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss.:
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 7th day of February, A. D. 1913.
CHAS. S. GRAINGER, Notary.

Correct Attest:
J. V. GRAINGER,
N. B. RANKIN,
JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.

Are You Looking for a Large, Well Built Wrightsville Sound Home?

We Have One with Good Frontage, Deep Lot, at the Right Price. See

MOORE'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY

123 Princess St. SOLE AGENTS. Telephone 332

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

AFTER-INVENTORY SALE

VALUE, THE KEYNOTE OF THIS GREATEST OF ALL GREAT SALES.
GET YOUR SHARE of the BARGAINS.

The woman who neglects this sale is deliberately slighting her own pocketbook; nothing less. The values are so far out of the ordinary, the styles so late and the qualities so fine that every dime or dollar you spend here during this After-Inventory Sale really does the work of two. Such an amazingly economical sale can come but once or twice a year—even then it can continue but a short time, and we therefore urge you to attend without delay, and thus reap your share of the splendid savings before they are gone.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!

Silks are always the Safest Investment you can make. Buy Silks now for the future. They are never likely to go lower; it is doubtful if they will be as low. Our After-Inventory Silk Specials are the richest you ever saw.

36-inch black and colored Messaline, value $1.50, sale yard, special 98c
36-inch extra fine quality black Taffeta, value $1.25, sale, yard $1.00
36-inch black Peau de Soie value $1.25, sale yard $1.00
27-inch Shantung Silk, value 39c, sale yard 25c
27-inch striped Wash Silk, assorted colors, sale, yard 47c
27-inch Kimona Silk, in beautiful floral and other designs, value 50c, sale, yard 25c
27-inch white Corduroy, special, yard 20c
27-inch colored Ratine, special, yard 25c
27-inch colored stripe Corduroy, special, yard 35c
27-inch embroidered Ratines, special, yard 50c
27-inch white whipcord Corduroy, special yard 35c
40-inch Dolly Varden Voiles, the newest Spring fabric, special price, yard 39c
27-inch Bontex Voiles in fancy stripes, special yard 29c
36-inch white and colored Marquisette, yard 25c
32-inch colored whipcord Suiting, special, yd 35c
36-inch cream Serge with black stripe, special, yard 15c
27-inch white Crepe Waisting, with colored stripes, special, yard 15c
32-inch Anderson's Ginghams, Spring display special, yard 15c
36-inch colored Percales, just the thing for Waistings, special, yard 12 1-2c

SILK PETTICOATS

$2.50 to $3.50 ladies' silk Petticoats, special sale, until Wednesday $1.98

HALF-PRICE GARMENT SALE.

All Very Late Styles, Many Suitable for Spring Wear.

There is a double appeal to every one of these fine garment offerings. Not only are they a grand investment for immediate wear, but many of them came to us so late that they are precisely the styles many dealers will be offered for early Spring selection.

NEW SPRING SUITS.

A load of new models. Beauties? Yes! In all the Newest of Fashion's Fabrics. In Black, Navy Blue, Tan, Golden Brown, Gray and Fancy English Mixtures; an assortment maintaining the high reputation of our up-to-date Ready-to-Wear Department. Prices range from $15.00, $18.00, $20.00 to $25.00.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Eleanor Gilchrist has returned from a visit to Panama.

* * *

Mr. Thos. H. Wright is back from a two weeks' visit to Cuba and Panama.

* * *

Miss Elise Kidder has returned to the city from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Paigh Daingerfield, at Charlotte.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Strange and daughter, Miss Helen Strange, left yesterday morning for New York city to spend a few days.

* * *

Yesterday's Greensboro News: "Mrs. I. W. Murphy returned yesterday from a visit of several days with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Covington, in Wilmington, and Mrs. Frank Stedman, in Fayetteville."

* * *

Mrs. Silas Sheetz left yesterday morning for Fayetteville, where she will visit the family of Mr. Harry E. Sheetz. Before returning she will also visit relatives in Columbia, S. C., and expects to be away about two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Thos. O. Loveless, of Atlanta, Ga., arrived in the city yesterday to join her husband, who came here last Sunday to make Wilmington his headquarters for the next few months, representing Leslie's Weekly.

* * *

An ice cream supper will be given by Acorn Branch public school next Friday evening, Febraury 14th, at the school house. The proceeds will go towards beautifying the school building and grounds, and the public is cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Notices have been issued to members calling attention to the annual meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club, which will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the Court House. Besides the annual election of officers other business of importance will be transacted.

* * *

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Fifth street Methodist church will meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the parsonage, and all members are invited to be present. It is announced that Mrs. Murphy, of Wallace, is now the district secretary of missions for the Wilmington district.

* * *

The entertainment under the auspices of the parsonage department of the Woman's Missionary Society of Grace Methodist church, will be held at the residence of Mr. W. B. Cooper, on the evening of St. Valentine's Day, next Thursday night. Valentines will be on sale, also stamps for mailing. Besides salad and ice cream courses, and candy, there will also be for sale neckwear, aprons, boudoir and dust caps. The musical and literary programme will be published later.

* * *

Miss Florence Kidder entertained at a luncheon Friday in honor of Miss Helen Strange whose engagement was announced to Mr. Burke Haywood Bridgers. The guests included the bride-elect and the following who will be bridesmaids: Misses Kate Strange, Margaret Bridgers, Mildred Smith, Sue Prince and Florence Kidder. The announcement will interest a large number of people here and in other parts of the State. Miss Strange is a daughter of Bishop and Mrs. Robert Strange, and Mr. Bridgers is a well-known young lawyer and business man of the city. The wedding will take place in April.

* * *

Charlotte Observer: "Of wide interest to club women not only in Charlotte but throughout the State will be the announcement of the coming of Mrs. Percy B. Pennybacker, of Austin, Texas, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, to Charlotte March 12th. Mrs. Pennybacker stands at the head of an organization with a million membership and her visit to this city will be quite an event in club circles. March 12th will be celebrated as 'Reciprocity Day' by the Woman's Club and the clubs of Concord, Wadesboro, Gastonia and Davidson will be invited to join in the celebration. During her visit Mrs. Pennybacker will be the guest of Mrs. J. Eugene Reilley, corresponding secretary of the General Federation, and she will be the center of much social interest. Already a musicale and a number of luncheons and receptions are being planned in her honor."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Governor Albert W. Gilchrist, of Florida, was a guest at The Orton Friday evening.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were Wm. H. Crane, Holly Ridge; J. D. Barnes, Wilson; O. T. Teachey, Teacheys; W. C. Vick, Jno. K. Nicholson, G. W. Stevens, Council; E. B. Wright, Boardman.

—Mr. George L. Hall, formerly of Wilmington, but for several years past a citizen of Richmond, Va., where he has been engaged in the insurance business, has accepted a position with the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Company, of Greensboro, and will represent that concern as local manager in this city.

—Mr. Henry Burkheimer, of Greensboro, who came down a week ago to joint Mrs. Burkheimer at the bedside of their daughter, Mrs. J. C. Smith, who has been quite ill, will return to Greensboro today. Mrs. Burkheimer will remain. The numerous friends of the family will be gratified to learn of satisfactory improvement in Mrs. Smith's condition.

"Defi" to Burglar.

A unique advertising device that is attracting much attention is in the show window of Messrs. Beck & Holloway, 109 North Front street. It is a mechanical contrivance showing where the Yale lock has two burglars beaten on the outside to a standstill, while the self-satisfied house owner stands on the inside, giving the first-story operators the horse laugh. Both the inside and outside of a handsome dwelling are shown and the superiority of the Yale lock over the burglar's ingenuity is strikingly illustrated.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

HISTORY MASONBORO SCHOOL

(Continued from Page Five.)

nedy and Miss Mollie Hawes, each of whom taught just one session. Then came Miss Bettie Mayes who remained two years in the work, and Miss Ida Barnes, one year; and Mr. Roland Beasley one session. In October, 1890, Miss Bettie Herring opened school.

At this time, the long, narrow house used for 18 years seemed so inadequate and so near to overflowing that it came into the minds of the citizens that a new school house was greatly needed. Mr. Stowe Montford, being now the chairman of the board of trustees, pushed the idea forward and the new building was ready to be occupied immediately after Christmas, or in January, 1891. This marks another epoch in the history of our school. Miss Herring, finding herself overcrowded with work, persuaded the committee to allow her at least some assistance from one of her advanced students, Miss Margaret Walton, and she became her helper, giving all the time she could spare from her studies. Misses Herring and Walton continued this arrangement through the next year.

In the Fall of 1893, Mr. J. P. Herring took charge of the school, and he, too, was assisted by Miss Walton. Mr. Heraring returned for another year, this time having as his co-worker Miss Bettie Herring, who consented to teach a third term in Masonboro school. By this time many of the boys and girls were well advanced in their studies, being carried well on into the high school branches.

Again in the Fall of 1895 Miss Herring came back to teach, this being her fourth term. This time she was assisted by Miss Leslie Pleasants, of Asheville. During 1895-96 Miss Lizzie MacMillan and Miss Elma Layton had charge. The next year it was conducted by Miss MacMillan and Miss Ethel Herring, and this was the shortest session for many years. On account of indebtedness of the County School Board, all of the schools in the county were cut down to four months that Winter. After this, Mr. Robert Hewlett taught two years, being followed by Miss Maggie Bass, who remained for one term only.

Then Mr. J. P. Herring came back and taught four consecutive years. It was during this period that the foundation for our school library was laid, when teacher and boys at their leisure, instead of whiling away their time at play or in quietude, went to the woods and cut wood that they might have money to purchase books for the library. They also put in the book case which is still in use.

Miss Mary E. Corbett was the next teacher and taught one session; and after her Miss Estelle Williams taught for a year. Her enrollment becoming very large she called to her assistance Miss Clara McGowan. The next year Miss McGowan and Mr. Richard Herring taught.

In October, 1907, Miss Euphemia Robinson was induced to come to teach on Masonboro, and she proved herself as well adapted to the work that the patrons insisted on her return. She complied and was assisted by Miss Emma Bronson, and they taught a very satisfactory session. In one night they raised the sum of $50, with which they purchased a second hand piano for the school. During the remainder of the term Miss Bronson had as many as 14 music students.

The next Fall Miss Meda Highsmith took charge of the primary grades and music, and Mrs. W. J. Banks was principal of the school.

And now in September, 1910, we all look forward in eagerness to the opening of the school, as two entire strangers are coming to teach among us. They were none other than the two ladies who still remain—Miss Sallie Edwards as principal and Miss Bessie Hayes, as primary and music teacher. Here in January, 1913, we are pleased to find ourselves with them, still serving old Masonboro, but since the 21st inst. in a handsome concrete building designed in tasty and beautiful architecture, for the comfort and convenience of teachers and students.

Also on the 29th of this, the last week in January, 1913, we find a really new and handsome piano installed within the walls of our new building. Surely this shall mark the beginning of another and grander epoch in the history of this school.

Having portrayed the history of our school as far as we have any account, please permit me to foretell briefly something of the future of it. It shall continue for a few years in the building as we now see it, from time to time adding other comforts and helps to the work. 'Ere the sun of 1920 has shed its resplendent light upon the homes of old Masonboro, we shall behold our little ones going in and out of this same concrete building, but how greatly enlarged! There shall be two rooms of equal size added on the farther side, and still farther, at one corner, a small piano room; overhead, above there four class rooms, shall be one spacious auditorium, designed perfectly to accommodate the large audiences who are wont to come to our commencement occasions. There shall be five teachers instead of two and when one inquires, Who is our principal, now? the answer shall be, Mrs. ..... You know her. She was Miss Sallie O. Edwards. She did really grow tired of the school room and married, but her husband having died last year, she at our most earnest solicitations, decided to return and take up the old life again at Masonboro.

Three of her assistants now were in her graduating class of 1913. They have also graduated with honors from Meredith. One of the three is our music teacher and also gives lessons in domestic science. She went to the Boston Conservatory one year and returned, resolved to devote her talents to the upbuilding of her own home neighborhood.

And listen; then we hear the question, "Where is Miss Hayes, who taught with Miss Edwards?"

"Oh, she lives in a lovely home of her own not far away. She is still a great help to the school, taking at least one of the teachers to board every year, and also giving music lessons to some of the more advanced students. Her primary class of 1913 will finish this year at the high school, most of the others of her room of that year being at Wake Forest College, Chapel Hill, Meredith and Oxford.

Thus we shall go on and on, and some day when many of us shall be here no more, there shall stand near this spot, so near the deep, heaving sea, and fanned by its gentle breath, a building inconceivable by us now, but designed to accommodate boys and girls from all over sunny Southland who shall come to attend college. A more genial clime or more congenial environments for a college or university cannot be found.

"Our life shall on and upward go,
The eternal step of progress beats
To that great anthem calm and slow,
Which God repeats;
Take heart! The Master builds again,
A charmed life sweet goodness hath,
The tares may perish but the grain
Is not for death."

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

M. V. Dehart Adjudged Guilty of Retailing, But No Judgment.

Substitute Recorder Harriss adjudged M. V. Dehart, a white man, guilty of violating the prohibition law, in court yesterday morning, but judgment was left open. The defendant desires to pay a fine and leave the State, and the court stated that if he paid $100 and costs, and left the State for two years, he might make such arrangement, but the matter would be left open till Monday.

L. D. Brown, who was charged with perjury by W. L. Taylor, was dismissed, the court holding that probable cause was not shown. The two had been associated in a collection agency. Brown charged that Taylor had embezzled funds, and in his testimony alleged that Taylor had no interest in the business they operated. Taylor was acquitted, and turned around and indicted Brown for perjury for swearing he had no interest in the business. Mr. Taylor was not taxed with the costs of the prosecution.

Robert Brown, colored, drew six months for intimidating a witness, and 30 days additional for disorderly conduct. George Rogers, colored, swore Brown had said that unless Rogers quit gathering evidence against blind tigers, he would be killed, and if nobody else killed him, he (Brown) would. Rogers was a witness in cases already tried, and there was some question as to whether he could be found guilty of intimidation after the cases had been disposed of; but the law was found to cover this point, and the court imposed the sentence named.

Ed D. Taylor, a small white boy, carried off Justice George Harriss' copy of The Star from his office doorstep, and explained his action by saying that the carrier "owed" him one. He submitted to a charge of forcible trespass and was fined $10 and costs, judgment suspended on payment of costs, on condition that the lad remain of good behavior.

C. Peterson was again before the court in regard to his fine of $200, for violation of the prohibition law, failure to pay which and failure to give surety it would be paid, has kept him in jail. Nothing was done, but the matter may come up Monday. The man is crippled.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION.

Trades Council Wants to Know More About Renting of Market.

Mayor Smith yesterday received a communication from Mr. J. Danna Jones, president of the Wilmington Trades Council, asking to be favored with a copy of the opinion of the city attorney in regard to leasing Front street market stalls for more than one year; copy of the special ordinance covering the lease, and copy of the contract entered into with the lessors. It will be recalled that practically all the stalls worth while at the Front street market house were rented some months ago to Hopkins, Davis & Hintze, who made the highest bid for them, and their bid was predicated upon the city's agreeing to give them a lease for a period of several years so as to justify them in installing up-to-date fixtures and refrigerators. The city attorney gave an opinion to Council in which he advised that as a health measure the city had a perfect right to enter into an agreement to lease the stalls for a period longer than one year, which is the usual length of time they are rented for. The Council then passed an ordinance to this effect. Mayor Smith stated yesterday that so far as he knew no contract had ever been signed by the city officials and members of the firm of Hopkins, Davis & Hintze. The Mayor will furnish Mr. Jones a copy of the attorney's opinion, also a copy of the ordinance.

At the special meeting of Council Friday morning the Wilmington Trades Council presented a petition asking for certain changes to be made in the method of renting the stalls, benches, spaces, etc., at the public market houses. The petition was given in full in yesterday's paper. The communication yesterday of Mr. Jones indicates that the Wilmington Trades Council intends to contest the right of the city to make a lease of the market stalls for a period longer than one year.

The petition presented Friday was referred to Mayor Smith for investigation and report. He will probably submit a written report at the meeting Wednesday.

COUNTY TO FEED CONVICTS.

Beginning Tomorrow Board of Commissioners Will Furnish Supplies.

Following up a recommendation made by the grand jury at the recent term of Superior Court, the Board of County Commissioners, beginning tomorrow, will feed and furnish all other supplies to the convicts in the camps. Heretofore this has been done by contractors, at 25 cents per day per convict, for food, Mr. W. H. Shearin having the contract. It is believed by those who advocated this plan that the county can do the work cheaper, or, if at the same price, can do it better than a contractor, making more liberal allowances of food, etc., and otherwise making conditions better. The idea will now be put to the test.

DIED

CUMMING—At her home, 318 South Third street, Wilmington, N. C., Friday afternoon, February 7th, at 5 o'clock, MRS. KATE T. CUMMING, in the 69th year of her age.

Funeral this (Sunday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the First Presbyterian church. Interment in Oakdale. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

(Advertisement.)

LOCAL DOTS.

—The meeting of colored citizens Tuesday night will be held at Shiloh Baptist church instead of at St. Stephen's church, as previously announced.

—Mr. Thos. O. Loveless, who recently removed to Wilmington from Atlanta, Ga., will address the Baraca Class of the First Baptist church this morning.

—Isaiah Butler, colored, charged with false pretense, will be tried Monday before Justice Harriss, the case having been continued from yesterday.

—The schooner Victor C. Records, Capt. Griffith, arrived yesterday from Jersey City with cargo of cement to be discharged at the Seaboard Air Line terminals; vessel to Maffitt & Wood.

—Rev. J. L. Morgan, State missionary of the North Carolina Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church, will preach at St. Matthew's church today. The public is extended an invitation to attend.

—The bill abolishing the requirement of kissing the Bible when taking oath, so strenuously supported by a Wilmington citizen, whose views were set forth in an item the other day, was "killed" in the House at Raleigh Friday. So "kiss the book" will still be heard in the courts.

—The Civic Department of Sorosis hopes that every one interested in the prize contest printed elsewhere in today's paper, will cut out the article and preserve it for future reference. A cordial invitation is extended to all to enter the contest, which has for its purpose the beautifying of the homes and therefore of the entire city.

—The case against Mr. John S. Ramos, in which it is charged by Mr. Henderson Cole, of the Wilmington Furniture Co., that the defendant obtained merchandise under false pretenses, was transferred from the court of Justice Harriss to that of Justice Bornemann yesterday, and testimony taken. The court reserved its judgment until Monday at 12 o'clock.

—Mr. McHenry McChord, organist and director of the choir of St. James' Episcopal church, has been invited to direct the music at the Hotel Powhatan, Washington, D. C., the 4th of March, inauguration day; and has accepted. This hotel has an extremely large pipe organ and this will be used by Mr. McChord. While in Washington he will be the guest of his uncle, Hon. C. C. McChord, Inter-State Commerce Commissioner.

CONVICT RUNS AMUCK.

A "Trusty" Visits the City and Tries His Hand at Robbery—Caught.

Yesterday afternoon a "trusty" negro convict named Charles Williams, nicknamed "Carrie," usually employed to drive the superintendent's buggy and look after same while that official is about his duties, slipped away and came to the city, and going to the store of James Miller, in Love's alley, attempted to rob the cash drawer. A woman in charge prevented him and he tried to rob her. A second woman came in, and the two of them managed to get him to the sidewalk, when James Pearsall, alias "Sheep" Holly, came up. Williams warned him not to butt in, threatening to cut his throat if he did, and suiting the action to the word, he slashed at Pearsall, cutting his clothes across the breast.

Thereupon he began to travel away from the scene, while Pearsall ran to a neighbor's house, borrowed a gun and gave pursuit. Williams ran on toward the camp, and was apprehended and locked up. Pearsall was also arrested, charged with assault with deadly weapon, and was locked up at headquarters last night. Tomorrow both Pearsall and Williams will face the Recorder, Williams having to answer to the charge of being an escaped convict, and assault with a deadly weapon. At the time of his escape, he had been left holding the superintendent's horse. Immediately upon being notified that the negro had reached town, Mr. James started after the runaway.

CUTTER BACK FROM CRUISE.

Seminole Returns from Week's Trip. Destroyed Derelict Savannah.

The revenue cutter Seminole, Capt. G. L. Carden commanding, returned yesterday morning from a week's cruise off the Carolina coast. The most important work the cutter did on the cruise was the destruction of the derelict schooner Savannah. The Savannah was wrecked on Frying Pan Shoals several weeks ago and off and on has been reported in different positions near the spot where she first struck. As was told in an Associated Press dispatch to The Star of Saturday morning, the Savannah was found drifting off Frying Pan lightship. Being considered a serious menace to navigation, she was blown up with a guncotton mine.

The Seminole spent awhile at Lookout Bight and also engaged for a short time in the search for the derelict schooner S. H. Blackburn, which evidently has drifted out of the regular lanes of travel as it has not been reported in a considerable while and will likely never be found.

The cutter came in for coal and supplies and will leave again shortly to take up her patrol on the coast.

SERVICES AT ST. JAMES

Musical Numbers for the Morning and Evening Services Today

Following is the musical programme for the morning and evening services today at St. James' Episcopal church, Fifth and Market streets, Dr. W. H. Milton, rector; Mr. McHenry McChord, organist-director: Matins, 11 o'clock: Benedicte—Clemens; Benedictus—Novello; Offertory, "God Shall Wipe Away all Tears From Thine Eyes," Fields.

Evening prayer, 8 o'clock: Magnificat—Jacob; Nunc dimittis (Gregorian); Intriot, "One Sweetly, Solemn Thought—Ambros, Mrs. MacRae and choir; Offertory (Madgrile)—Simonetti. Organ recital, 7:45: Because, Goddard; Russian Romance—Hoffman; Eventide—Warren.

Recruits for Fort Caswell.

Yesterday morning 39 recruits in charge of a sergeant and a corporal arrived from the Jefferson, Mo., barracks, and left on the steamer Wilmington for Fort Caswell, to fill out the companies at that post.

Here's the Map Coupon

A dated coupon will be published every day. Clip six coupons, consecutively dated, and bring to the Star Office, with expense bonus of only 23 cents, and get a copy of the Star's Parcel Post Map, made and engraved especially for us. One of the maps can be seen at the Star Office now.

FEBRUARY 9, 1913.

THE MORNING STAR
PARCEL POST MAP COUPON.

Clip six consecutively dated coupons, commencing with this, or any other, date, and bring to Star Office, with expense bonus of **23c**

If sent by Mail.....Postage extra, 6 cents

The distribution of the Parcel Post Map will begin Wednesday morning, February 12th, at 9 o'clock. We would advise everyone who has not made reservations to bring in their coupons as early after tha time as possible, as the supply is limited.

Will Soon Be

GAYLORD-PLATT HAAR COMPANY

In the Meantime

You can make your dollar serve you best by spending it at either store of

GEO. O. GAYLORD
OR
PLATT & HAAR

NEWS ITEMS AT WHITEVILLE

Mrs. Hester Stricken—New Court House for Columbus—Hogs Banished from Town Limits—Personal Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Eliza Hester, an aged lady between 70 and 80 years old, suffered a stroke of paralysis yesterday morning while at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Lewis Spivey. The stroke came as she was getting up from bed, and her entire left side is affected. While her condition is serious, it is hoped that she may partially recover.

Rev. C. H. Durham, of Lumberton, moderator of the State Baptist Convention, spent several days here this week visiting Rev. J. H. Poteat, pastor of the Baptist church.

Representative J. R. Williamson yesterday introduced a bill in the Legislature authorizing the county board of commissioners to build a new court house for Columbus county. Recently petitions were circulated throughout the county asking that this be done, and it is stated that they were signed by at least 80 per cent. of the voters of the county. That a new court house will be built is now almost an assured certainty.

Mr. L. V. Grady has returned from Raleigh where he spent several days on professional business.——Col. David J. Lewis, of the Whiteville bar, is spending several days this week in Lillington on professional business.

Miss Grace Geddie, who was called home last week to attend the funeral of her father, Rev. D. C. Geddie, has returned to resume her duties as clerk in the Register of Deeds' office.

The city fathers this week decided to banish hogs from all parts of the town. During the past hogs have only been allowed in certain parts of the town, but now they must be kept out of the corporate limits altogether.

The young [illegible] last night had a [illegible] at a party which [illegible] given at the [illegible] ne of Misses Bessi[illegible] and Lilly Smith. Mr. Farrie[illegible]well, who is a stu-dent at the University, is seriously ill, and has been compelled to give up his studies temporarily. He will return home as soon as he is able to travel.

Mr. J. L. Memory, who has been in the mercantile business here for many years, has gone into the dairy business. It is his intention, he says, at an early date to retire from the mercantile business and devote his entire time to his farm and dairy business.

Mr. T. S. Memory recently accepted a position to represent the Alkahest Lyceum Bureau, of Atlanta, Ga., in Eastern North Carolina. He will still be connected with his father, Mr. S. E. Memory, in the mercantile business.

CHANCE FOR WOUNDED MAN

Mr. E. C. Harrill, Shot Accidentally by Miss Foy, May Recover

Mr. E. C. Harrill, who was accidentally shot and wounded Friday afternoon at Dixon by Miss Eva Foy, and who was carried to Jacksonville to be treated by Dr. E. L. Cox, was resting easy last night with good chances for recovery, unless the injury is more serious than has been ascertained. The ball entered the abdomen and was deflected around Mr. Harrill's body, lodging finally in the muscles of the back, where it was located at a depth of two and a half inches, and extracted. Friday night the patient was in a pretty bad way but yesterday was much stronger and felt better. Miss Foy was at target practice with a gentleman, using a 22-calibre rifle, which in some way was discharged when she picked it up. Mr. Harrill happened to be passing at the time. She is greatly worried by the accident as is natural, although she was in no way to blame, it is said. Mr. Harrill's home is in Elizabeth City, but he has been at Dixon engaged in getting out piling.

Baldwin Hearing Tomorrow.

Tomorrow at 11 o'clock Justice Harriss will give a hearing in the case of Mr. W. G. Baldwin, of Castle Haynes, who is under a bond of $1,000 to appear to answer to the charge of shooting Mary Stewart, a negress, and assault with deadly weapon on her husband. The woman was accidentally wounded, it is claimed, in a struggle between Mr. Baldwin and a negro man in Stewart's home. The woman, who was shot in the leg, was operated upon, the wounded limb being amputated, and is in James Walker Memorial Hospital. Inquiry yesterday elicited the information that she was getting along all right.

VICK'S CROUP AND PNEUMONIA SALVE
JUST RUB IT ON
INHALED AS A VAPOR—ABSORBED THRU THE SKIN
Vick Chemical Co., 105 Green St. Greensboro, N. C.

THE ATLANTIC INN
Convenient to the Traveling Public.
LARGE ROOMS & GOOD RESTAURANT SERVICE
Opposite Union Depot
Gieschen Bros. Props.

Financial and Commercial

COTTON PRICES IMPROVED

The Market Was Rather Inactive But Gains Were Made—The Close Was Firm at a Net Advance of 6 to 7 Points

New York, Feb. 8.—The cotton market was not active today, but prices improved, and the close was firm at a net advance of from 6 to 7 points. The opening was steady at an advance of 4 to 6 points in response to higher cables than expected, favorable weekly trade reviews, covering of shorts and buying of July by some of the leading trade houses. A renewal of yesterday's late selling movement and scattered realizing sent prices off 3 to 4 points from the best during the early trading, but offerings were neither heavy nor aggressive, and the market soon firmed up again, closing at practically the best point of the day. Some attention was attracted by rumors that Northern yarn spinners were receiving requests to cancel contracts and these reports may have inspired some of the early selling, but they were denied by local yarn dealers and were evidently ignored in the later trading. The firmness of Liverpool was attributed to the rapidly-decreasing visible supply, small Bombay receipts and prosperous trade conditions in Lancashire. Western goods distributors continued to report an active, healthy business, with collections good, and generally speaking, reports from the dry goods trade were considered favorable. Rumors that local garment workers who have now been on strike for some time had decided to return to work next week, may have helped the market somewhat in the late trading, when there were also reports circulating of a more active spot demand both from exporters and domestic spinners.

Spot, quiet. Middling uplands, 12.95; do. gulf, 13.20; sales, 120 bales.

Cotton futures closed firm.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Feb	12.45	.....	.....	12.50
Mar	12.44	12.47	12.41	12.47
Apr	.....	.....	.....	12.32
May	12.27	12.31	12.23	12.31
June	.....	.....	.....	12.22
July	12.22	12.25	12.18	12.23
Aug	12.04	12.06	12.03	12.09
Sept	11.67	.....	.....	11.74
Oct	11.64	11.66	11.61	11.67
Dec	11.66	11.64	11.61	11.66
Jan	11.64	.....	.....	11.67

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 9,201; gross receipts, 9,201; sales, 121; stock, 270,064; coastwise, 3,079.

New Orleans—Steady, 12 9-16; sales, 800; stock, 132,550; continent, 289; France, 7,178.

Mobile—Firm, 12⅝; net receipts, 38; gross receipts, 38; sales, 75; stock, 24,914; coastwise, 100.

Savannah—Firm, 12½; net receipts, 1,501; gross receipts, 1,591; sales, 1,158; stock, 109,095; coastwise, 150.

Charleston—Firm, 12¾; net receipts, 75; gross receipts, 75; stock, 28,837.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 181; gross receipts, 181; stock, 18,950.

Norfolk—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 1,502; gross receipts, 1,502; sales, 283; stock, 50,695; coastwise, 431.

Baltimore—Nominal, 13; stock, 7,083.

New York—Quiet, 12.95; gross receipts, 5,077; sales, 120; stock, 133,625; coastwise, 4,958.

Boston—Quiet, 12.95; net receipts, 71; gross receipts, 1,807; stock, 12,810.

Philadelphia—Steady, 13.20; stock, 1,651.

Texas City—Net receipts, 1,229; gross receipts, 1,229; stock, 37,616; Mexico, 9.

Brunswick—Stock, 11,481.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 102; gross receipts, 102; stock, 1,822; coastwise, 35.

Aransas Pass—Stock, 994.

Georgetown—Net receipts, 105; gross receipts, 105; coastwise, 105.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 17,625; France, 7,178; continent, 289; stock, 844,187.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 17,625; France, 7,178; continent, 289.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 8,018,753; Great Britain, 2,783,632; France, 874,867; continent, 2,465,076; Japan, 187,529; Mexico, 3,900.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12⅛; net receipts, 4,515; gross receipts, 4,515; shipments, 3,900; sales, 94; stock, 144,787.

Augusta—Steady, 12 13-16; net receipts, 310; gross receipts, 423; shipments, 655; sales, 1,040; stock, 89,805.

Memphis—Quiet, 12¾; net receipts, 1,016; gross receipts, 1,940; shipments, 2,892; sales, 2,100; stock, 150,355.

St. Louis—Quiet, 12¾; net receipts, 69; gross receipts, 2,970; shipments, 2,970; sales, 129; stock, 27,692.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 369; gross receipts, 369; shipments, 1,015; sales, 400; stock, 27,611.

Little Rock—Quiet, 12 7-16; net receipts, 126; gross receipts, 126; shipments, 737; stock, 39,937.

Total today—Net receipts, 6,405; gross receipts, 10,343; shipments, 12,109; sales, 3,763; stock, 480,190.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, February 8.—Spot cotton, quiet; prices, unchanged. American middling fair, 7.50; good middling, 7.16; middling, 6.94; low middling, 6.76; good ordinary, 6.36; ordinary, 6.02. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,200 American. Receipts, 5,000 bales; no American. Futures opened quiet and closed quiet and steady. February, 6.07; February and March, 6.66; March and April, 6.68; April and May, 6.68½; May and June, 6.66½; June and July, 6.63½; July and August, 6.60; August and September, 6.49½; September and October, 6.34½; October and November, 6.26½; November and December, 6.24; December and January, 6.23; January and February, 6.22.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, February 8.—Flour, dull.

Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2, red, 1.00@1.10½; No. 1, Northern Duluth, 1.01½.

Corn—Firm, 58½.

Hides—Firm.

Leather—Firm.

Petroleum—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw and refined, steady.

Butter—Steady, unchanged.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

Coffee—Spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 13½@13⅝; Santos, No. 4, 15½; mild, dull; Cordova, 15¾@18, nominal.

Potatoes—Steady, unchanged.

Peanuts—Steady, unchanged.

Freights—Steady, unchanged.

Cabbage—Steady, unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—A trifle lower, under profit taking, but the undertone was steady, owing to reports of satisfactory trade conditions, closing net unchanged to 2 points lower. Prime crude, 5.20@5.27; do. Summer yellow, 6.28@6.45; February and March, 6.30; April, 6.31; May and June, 6.36; July, 6.44; August, 6.45; September, 6.47; prime Winter yellow, 6.45@6.95; do. Summer white, 6.35@6.90.

Strength and reliability have always distinguished the Remington from all other writing machines. Remington Typewriter Co., Wilmington, N. C., Phone 878. (advertisement.)

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

FLURRY IN WHEAT MARKET

Rumors That Decisive Action Regarding Turkey Was About to be Taken by Germany and England Caused Stampede.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Rumors that decisive action regarding Turkey was about to be taken by Germany and England brought a stampede today on the upside in wheat. In consequence the market closed 3-8 to 5-8c net higher and rather flurried. Corn closed 1-8c above last night; oats with a gain of 3-8 to 1-2c and provisions unchanged to 7 1-2 advance.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.10½@1.12½; No. 2, hard, 92½@96½; No. 1, Northern, 92½@93⅝; No. 2, Northern, 90@91½; No. 2, Spring, 90@91; velvet chaff, 86@92½; durum, 87@92.

Corn—Not quoted.

Oats—No. 2, white, 35@38; standard, 35¼@35½.

Closing prices:

Wheat—May, 94⅜@94½; July, 92¼; September, 90⅝.

Corn—May, 54¼; July, 54⅛@55; September, 55¾@55⅝.

Oats—May, 35½; July, 35⅜; September, 35¼.

Pork—May, 19.70; July, 19.70.

Lard—May, 10.57½; July, 10.60; September, 10.67½.

Ribs—May, 10.55; July, 10.52½; September, 10.62½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Schr. Victor C. Records, 238 tons, Griffith, Jersey City, Mafflitt & Wood.

Cleared.

Str. Navahoe, 1,728 tons, Packer, New York, C. J. Becker.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Vizcaina (Br.), 1,370 tons, McArthur, Henry Whyte.

Schooners.

Schr. Victor C. Records, 238 tons, Griffith, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Nellie W. Craig, 468 tons, Brand, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Granville R. Bacon, 339 tons, Bennett, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. R. B. White, 411 tons, Southard, Mafflitt & Wood.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 41½.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.30 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.20.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm; $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.00 per barrel for dip; $4.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year:

Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, $5.90; tar, $1.90; crude turpentine, $3.50 for hard; $4.50 for dip; $4.50 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	26
Rosin	170
Tar	4
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts same day last year, 5 barrels spirits turpentine; 41 barrels rosin; 22 barrels tar; 38 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, 16.

Receipts, 181; same day last year, 1,262 bales.

Total receipts, since Sept. 1st, 306,771 bales.

Total receipts same time last year, 421,740 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 8.)

CORN—Firm; 85 to 90c. per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 90c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 60 to 75c.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.10 to $2.50; cow peas, $1.50 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, very dull, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, no sale.

PORK—9@11c.

WOOL—Burry, 15 to 18c. per lb.; free of burr, 24c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 11c. per lb.; dry, 13@16 2-3c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 19@20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13½@14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, good demand. Grown, 40@50c.; Spring chickens, 18@35c. per head. Turkeys, on foot, dull, 18c. Eggs—Very dull, 18c.; no sale.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 8.

Atlantic Coast Line—175 bales cotton; 4 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Annie B.—60 barrels rosin.

River—6 bales cotton.

Shallotte—9 casks spirits turpentine; 36 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

Clarence H.—17 casks spirits turpentine; 74 barrels rosin.

Total—181 bales cotton; 26 casks spirits turpentine; 176 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Feb. 8.

Market—Weaker.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock prime chine picked, $1.15.

hand-picked, 80c.; machine-picked, 75c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.20; machine-picked, $1.20.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 86c.; machine-picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., January 27th, 1913.

Spanish—Market, firm. Farmers' Spanish, $1.30 per bushel; Jumbo Spanish, $1.25 per bushel; No. 1 Shelled Spanish, 7½c per lb.; No. 2, Shelled Spanish, 5c. per lb.

Virginias—Market, strong. Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3c. to 3¼c. per lb. Shelling Stock, 2c to 2¼c. per lb.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Feb. 8.—Turpentine, firm; machine barrels, 46.

Rosin—Steady; strained, common to good, 5.75@5.90.

Savannah, Feb. 8.—Turpentine, firm, at 42@42½; sales, 304; receipts, 253; shipments, 272; stocks, 21,796.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 978; receipts, 715; shipments, 874; stocks, 128,086. Quote: A, B, 5.80@6.00; C, D, 6.00; E, 6.05@6.10; F, 6.15; G, 6.15@6.20; H, 6.15@6.25; I, 6.20@6.30; K, 6.60; M, 7.60; N, 7.65; W G, 7.10; W W, 7.15.

DRY GOODS MARKET

New York, Feb. 8.—Cotton goods markets hold steady, with business going along at a moderate pace. Yarns rule generally steady. Silks are active. Jobbers report a fair trade for the period.

Shoes for the whole family. Clean Sweep Sale. Wilmington Shoe Co. (Advertisement.)

MONEY SITUATION A FEATURE

Changing Tendency Overshadowed Other Developments of the Day in the Financial District. Large Loss of Cash.

New York, Feb. 8.—The changing tendency in the money situation as revealed in the bank statement overshadowed other developments of the day in the financial district. A loss of nearly $10,000,000 cash was shown in the actual table and a decrease of $7,867,000 in excess cash reserve. Preliminary estimates based on known movements of currency suggested a small loss of perhaps $2,000,000.

A poor statement had been expected, largely on account of the drain of gold through exports to France and Argentine, but the unexpected cash loss indicated that some other influence was at work. Bankers explained this condition with the statement that there was a renewed demand from the interior, particularly the Southwest. Some shipments to the interior last week, it was said, did not appear in the preceding bank statement, so that the loss shown today reflected in reality the increased calls for funds by the interior during the last fortnight. Call money rates remain on the easy basis of the last few weeks. Although time money quotations have not changed substantially, there is an appreciably firmer tone and funds are no longer pressed on the market. Bankers said today that in view of the renewed demand from the interior and the financial situation abroad, the outlook was for a concentration of the credit. The export movement has taken $23,600,000 this year, with the probability of a further drain. Foreign exchange rates continue firm, being slightly higher today, while the inquiry showed increased force. In the stock market trading was virtually without feature. Amalgamated Copper, which rose a point, was the only one of the speculative favorites to move more than a fraction above or below yesterday's close. Trading fell off to the lowest point of the year and the general movement was insignificant. The undertone was firm throughout the session and such changes as occurred were mostly upward. Canadian Pacific gained 2 points and rubber was advanced a point, to above 68, a new high record.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value $1,130,000. Panama 3s and United States 4s coupon advanced 3-8c on call on the week. Total sales today $3,800 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	78½
American Agricultural	52½
American Beet Sugar	37¾
American Can	39⅞
American Can, pfd	125½
American Car and Foundry	54
American Cotton Oil	50½
American Ice Securities	22½
American Linseed	10½
American Locomotive	39
American Smelting and Ref	79½
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	106¾
American Sugar Refining	116¾
American Tel and Tel	132⅛
American Tobacco	281
Anaconda Mining Co	37⅝
Atchison	103¾
Atchison, pfd	101⅛
Atlantic Coast Line	129
Baltimore and Ohio	102
Bethlehem Steel	37⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	90
Canadian Pacific	240½
Central Leather	20¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	77⅜
Chicago Great Western	16½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	111¼
Chicago and North Western	136
Colorado Fuel and Iron	...
Consolidated Gas	137
Corn Products	15
Denver and Rio Grande	102
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	37
Distillers' Securities	19
Erie	31
Erie, 1st pfd	49
Erie, 2nd pfd	39
General Electric	141
Great Northern, pfd	129¾
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	38¼
Illinois Central	128¾
Interborough Met	18⅝
Inter Harvester	113¾
Inter Marine, pfd	18
International Paper	11¾
International Pump	14¼
Kansas City Southern	26¾
Laclede Gas	103½
Lehigh Valley	161¾
Louisville and Nashville	139
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	139
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	27⅜
Missouri Pacific	41¼
National Biscuit	118½
National Lead	52
Nat. Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd	23¾
New York Central	107¾
New York, Ont. and Western	32
Norfolk and Western	109¼
North American	80
Northern Pacific	119¾
Pacific Mail	28
Pennsylvania	120
People's Gas	115¼
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	100½
Pittsburg Coal	23
Pressed Steel Car	82¾
Pullman Palace Car	160¼
Reading	165¼
Republic Iron and Steel	27⅜
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	87¼
Rock Island Co	23⅞
Rock Island Co., pfd	43
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	27¼
Seaboard Air Line	19½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	47
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	44
Southern Pacific	104
Southern Railway	27
Southern Railway, pfd	80¼
Tennessee Copper	34⅜
Texas and Pacific	20¼
Union Pacific	161
Union Pacific, pfd	89¼
United States Realty	72½
United States Rubber	67¼
United States Steel	64⅜
United States Steel, pfd	108¼
Utah Copper	53⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	35¼
Wabash	3⅜
Wabash, pfd	12½
Western Maryland	44
Western Union	72¼
Westinghouse Electric	73
Wheeling and Lake Erie	7½

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 8.—Money on call, nominal; no loans. Time loans, stronger; sixty days, 4 per cent.; ninety days, 4¼; six months, 4¼@4½. Prime mercantile paper, 4¼@5 per cent. Sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84 for sixty day bills and at 4.8780 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.83½. Bar silver, 62¼; Mexican dollars, 48½.

Merit holds business, novelty excites interest and creates new trade. Red Seal carbon and Paragon ribbons possess both novelty and merit. Remington Typewriter Company, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 878. (Advertisement.)

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

February 9, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 39 degrees; at 8 P. M., 41 degrees; maximum, 46 degrees; minimum, 39 degrees; mean, 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, .06.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 8.5 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday.

Port Calendar—February 9.

Sun rises	7:03 A. M.
Sun sets	5:50 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 47 min.

Tides.

	High water.		Low water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	12:03	.....	7:16	7:31
Southport	9:43	10:02	3:42	4:03
Masonboro Inlet	9:14	9:33	3:13	3:36

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

February 8, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	cloudy	32	22	.0
Asheville	clear	38	24	.0
Atlanta	clear	42	28	.0
Augusta	clear	54	38	.0
Birmingham	clear	44	30	.4
Boston	clear	32	18	.0
Charleston	clear	56	46	.22
Charlotte	clear	48	32	.0
Chicago	clear	30	20	.0
Galveston	pt cldy	62	46	.04
Jacksonville	clear	60	42	.64
Memphis	clear	40	28	.0
Mobile	clear	54	38	.08
Montgomery	clear	48	34	.0
New Orleans	clear	52	38	.04
New York	pt cldy	32	20	.0
Oklahoma	pt cldy	32	14	.04
Pittsburg	cloudy	28	14	.0
Raleigh	clear	46	32	.0
Savannah	clear	56	42	.22
Shreveport	clear	46	28	.08
St. Louis	clear	36	16	.0
Washington	clear	40	18	.0

"The Soldier's Song."

It's the one that made Mr. Hood's reputation in vaudeville and he will sing it Monday at the Grand Theatre. (Advertisement.)

—Mr. Z. W. Whitehead has been spending several days in Washington, D. C.

FREE TO

ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, our method is an absolute cure. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, our method will certainly cure you right in your own home.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense that this new method will end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now, and begin the cure at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON.

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 607-C, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y. Send free trial of your method to:

.....

.....

.....

SALE OF LAND

FOR TAXES UNPAID FOR 1912.

I have levied upon and will sell at public auction at the Court House door of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 3rd day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock M., the following described real estate to satisfy the unpaid taxes due the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover for the year 1912, together with the cost and expense due thereon unless the amounts so due and unpaid are settled before sale.

S. P. COWAN,
Sheriff New Hanover County.

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP.
WHITE.

Name.	Description.	Acs	Tax and Cost
Abramowitz L. a Bro.	n e ¼ 4 s e ¼ 2	278 / 207	9 76
Ahrens, hrs. N. C. A.	w ½ 1 all 1 2 pt 3	306 / 323 / 346	57 95
Beard, T. J.	s e 3	146	5 93
Barkley, Mrs. E. C.	e ½ 5	4	4 95
Batson, Mrs. C. J.	s e ¼ 3	62	9 90
Beach, A. J.	pt e end 1	88	13 93
Best, R. W.	pt e 4	207	10 30
Biddle, hrs. Julia A.	w pt 1 2 3	78	9 35
Bowden, Mrs. Annie E.	e end 5 6	193	58 05
Bowden, Mrs. Sarah C.	w 5	181	26 80
Boylan, G. S. a W. B. Monroe	s w pt 4 5 n e ¼ 4	131 / 3	14 75
Boylan, J. E.	w end 1 2	185	15 43
Bradshaw a Co., W. J.	w end 2	189	120 75
Brown, O. L.	w m 2 3	327	10 08
Bullock, hrs. Mrs. S. A.	e 5 6	19	2 55
Bowden, Mrs. H. E.	s e ¼ 5	34	4 80
Callahan, T. W.	pt e m 6 pt e m 5	34 / 34	13 73
Carter, Mrs. Myrtle C.	e pt 2	50	17 30
Chapman, hrs. Louis	w m 2 pt 2 3	338 / 350	3 75
Cole, G. W.	w m 1	72	7 30
Cullen, Mrs. Emma F.	w ½ 5 All	204 / 431	100 30
	All	430	18 90
Corbett, Mrs. Maude H.	e end 6	71	7 80
Cronenberg, W. C.	s e 2	10	6 18
Scull, D. S. & wife	w m 1 w pt 1 2	222 / 373	8 50
Wilkinson, hrs. J. E.	e 4 w ¼ 3	308 / 264	46 50
Davis, D. M.	w ¼ 3	117	27 18
Dew, Mrs Mary F.	n e 6 s e ¼ 5	31 / 32	7 50
Dollar, Mrs. Sudie V.	e ½ 1 w ½ 2	35 / 67	13 25
Dosher, W. R.	s e ¼ 1 n e ¼ 2	543	27 30
Drew, Mrs. Carrie C.	n w ¼ 4	88	11 30
Edwards, Mrs. Alice N.	n e ¼	143	1 80
Elder, Mrs. C. A.	e 3 4 5	175	24 30
Forrest, Mrs. W. A.	e 5	200	34 30
Gaskill, J. W.	n w ¼ 3	33	5 30
Gilbert, C. D.	m 1 2 3	153 / 185	60 13
Goodwin, C. E.	e pt 5 6 s w ¼ 4 w 5 6 m 5 6 s w ½ 2 e m 1 2 e ½ 2 3	41 / 42 / 40	42 03
Gillican, Mrs. Annie	e 4	210	5 80
Hackburn, E. B.	s w ¼ 2	208	21 30
Harvey, Rev. J. W. S.	w pt 1	51	5 55
Hewlett, Mrs. Martha S.	w pt 1	117	16 05
Heyer, Henry	n e m 4	271	4 43
Hines, W. W.	pt e 3 4	372	9 93
Holmes, Mrs. Carolina G.	s e ¼ 3	170	24 80
Hubaud, C. H.	w m pt 6	90	6 93
Hue, Mrs. Mary E.	e pt 1	62	6 30
Hall, Mrs. Ethel S.	n e 4	126	20 80

Name.	Description.	Blk	Tax and Cost
Johnson, J. G.	pt 1 2 3	487	19 43
Jones, Daisy M.	pt w m 1	18	8 80
Jones, Sol. J.	n w ¼ 3	263	13 80
Jordan, hrs. J. S.	s w pt 3	17	2 80
Joyner, Mrs. Nina	e 5	325	5 80
Johnson, Thos. L.	w m 1	294	2 80
Kidd, H. L.	w ¼ 1 2	477	25 03
King, J. C.	w 3	91	10 93
King, Josephine	e pt 1	64	8 55
Kirkham, W. J.	e m 1 2 pt 3	221	15 30
Kennedy, J. R.	s e ¼ 4	72	9 93
LeGwin, J. H.	w m 5	321	9 43
Leonard, D. B.	w m 3	59	9 93
Leonard, D. B. Susie V. Dollar & myrtle V. Carter	n w ¼ 3	27	1 80
Lossen, Thos. G.	w ½ 5	531	2 80
Mann, E.	e 1 2 3	489	19 55
Marley, H. F.	pt 1 2	510	2 05
Mintz, F. L.	s w 4	62	8 93
Mintz S. H.	w ¼ 5 Hawes, John	65	10 30
Morrison, Mrs. W. R.	n w ¼ 2	204	29 80
Munn, J. A.	s e pt 2	208	24 68
McKenzie, Mrs. E. V.	w 1 n w 1	146	33 80
Newkirk, H. F.	w end 3 pt 2	86	11 43
Newkirk, Mrs. Mollie	s e 1 2 n e end 2	556 / 556	3 20
Newkirk, Mrs. T. R.	pt 1	556	2 05
Newkirk, W. S.	e ¼ 4	104	13 80
O'Brien, A. D.	e m pt 1 2	351	38 68
Ozment, Mrs. Fannie	e 6	71	2 55
Parham, E.	s w ¼ 3	102	14 43
Peterson, W. H.	n e ¼ 3	47	2 05
Pickard, E. R.	w m 5 e 3	166 / 93	56 43
Pitts, hrs. Mrs. Laura M.	w ½ 5	293	12 80
Powell, J. W.	m pt 1 2	161	39 43
Prease, D. J.	w end 1 s w ½ 2 pt 1	263 / 292 / 292	26 18
Price, Low		200	13 30
Penny, Mrs. E. N.	w m 2	307	6 80
Reilly, J. O., agt for hrs. Naomi Barnes	e 4 5 hrs. C. C. McDougald	173 / 198	31 30 / 25 55
	A. M. Smith	91	5 30
Rivenbark, F. J.	s w ¼ 2	54	7 98
Rizze, Joseph	s w ¼ 5	77	9 35
Rooks, R. H.	e pt 5 6	84	1 80
Schulken, Mrs. Alice M.	w 3 4	221	23 05
Solters, Jno. Collins	s w 6	17	6 80
Sharpe, hrs. W. H.	pt w m 1	62	8 30
Shepard, S. W.	pt w end 4 w m 4 5 pt 3	18 / 18	18 63
Sherman, H.	pt 1 n e end 6	50 / 103	19 83
Shoemaker, O. H.	e m 1 e pt 4 5	88 / 210	20 38
Sholar, H. B.	e m 6	103	16 80
Sidbury, K. C.	w m pt 5 6 e m 2 3 s w pt 5 6 All All 2 w m pt 1 2 e m 2 s w ¼ 4	502 / 503 / 510 / 512 / 68 / 161 / 457 / 196	56 38
Simmons, J. C.	s e 4	50	6 48
Slocum, A. H.	All	146	23 80
Sneeden, W. M.	e 1 2 3	78	9 55
Snipes, E. B.	n w ¼ 2 w ½ 1 e end 2	502 / 498 / 210	20 38
Summerall, Mrs. E. T.	e 3 m 1 pt w end 2	181 / 292 / 139	38 70
Surles, Mrs. E. L.	pt 3	340	15 80
Sellers, Mrs. S. E.	w ¼ 3	323	7 30
Spencer, W. A. or Mrs. H. A. E. Livingston	n w ¼ 3	213	2 80
Standard Turpentine Co.	s e 4 pt 3 all 5 6	20 / 30	307 60
Taylor, Henry	w end 1	65	6 55
Taylor, Mrs. H. B.	w 2	100	35 80
Teachey, M. W.	w ¼ of w ½ 4	34	4 80
Todd, Ed	w end 6 w ½ 6 w 2-3 5	72 / 93	52 50
Todd, L. B.	n e pt 4	32	16 43
Turrentine, Jno. R.	e m 1 2 3	159	48 80
Vereen, J. C., or W. A. McGowan	e end 6	94	6 30
Warren, Elisha D.	e end 1	104	22 18
Wenberg, Jim	e 5	91	11 43
Wilder & Metts, agts. for			
Willson, A. M.	n e 1	103	17 05
J. G. Wright & Son, agt. for			
Wm. Carney	e m 6	211	8 80
Rivenbark, E.	e m 5	280	8 80

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP.
Colored.

Name.	Description.	Blk	Tax and Cost
Austin, Julia	e m 2	134	3 30
Ballard, Gabe	n w ¼ 4	531	4 68
Barnes, Ellery	s e ¼ 5 pt e 6	40	8 43
Batson, W. S.	lot 5 Love Grove	3	4 18
Bowden, Dave	pt s e 4	241	6 43
Bowden, Mary	s e ⅛ 2	119	4 63
Bowen, J. F.	e 5	339	2 30
Bowen, Martha	e 4 5	281	12 80
Bowen, hrs. Stephen	m pt 1	224	5 80
Bradley, James M.	pt w m 4 5	357	5 43
Brown, Jno. Wm.	n w ¼ 4	137	2 30
Brown, Moses Jr.	w m 1	136	5 18
Brown, Silas	w pt 2 3	503	4 43
Brownell, hrs Thos.	⅝ 6	39	6 30
Burnett, J. D.	w m 5	339	18 83
Bowden, Julia	e m 1	234	2 80
Collins, Sarah A.	w m 1 w m 5	240 / 239	14 50
Colvin, hrs James	s e 6 6½	149	3 30
Crawley, Jane L.	n e 1	23	2 05
Cutlar, hrs. J. K.	all 6 e 1 2	518 / 119	11 00
Costin, Robert	lt 10 Love Grove	12	1 55
Davis, Anthony	s w ¼ 4	540	3 30
Davis, Emma H.	w end ¼ 3 s e ¼ 4	208 / 284	6 25
Davis, John	s w pt 6 e ¼ 3	40 / 56	7 03
Davis, Lucy	pt e end 6	522	1 80
Diggs, May	s w 6	498	1 80
Dixon, Chas and wife	w 5 6	97	4 30
Dixon, Sophia	m 4	68	3 40
Donaldson, Jas.	n w ¼ 3	494	8 43
Dry, Wm.	n e ½ 3	540	4 43
Dudley, Isaac and Wife	s e ¼ 4	36	7 43
Dunham, Timin	w end 5	351	2 30
Dustan, Louisa	w end 2	20	3 80
Davis, Maria A.	w end 6 e end 6	94 / 104	19.00
Edwards, Thos.	e m 1 pt 2 w 5	295 / 351	
Ennett Emily	w m 3 4	349	3

THIRD MOVE AGAINST TRUST FINISHES INAUGURAL SPEECH

(Continued from Page One.)

bates to shoe manufacturers to induce them to use exclusively its machines. It has discontinued the sale to shoe makers of all the most important machines and unlawfully devised and put into effect leases and licenses containing unreasonable and oppressive provisions, which agreement shoe manufacturers are compelled to execute in order to obtain machinery with which to equip their factories.

Statement from Trust

Boston, Feb. 8.—Treasurer Louis A. Coolidge, of the United Shoe Machinery Company, issued the following statement relative to the government suit filed against the company:

"The subject matter of the bill relates to a contract by the Keighley Company, owner of patents on an inseam trimming machine, whereby they gave the United Shoe Machinery Company a right to lease this machine, but reserved to themselves the right to sell the machine.

"It is a perfectly legitimate contract under the patent law and was approved by counsel for the company. It was made on the solicitation of the Keighley Company."

ECONOMY CAUCUS FAILS

"No Battleships" Democrats Fail to Secure Quorum of House

Washington, Feb. 7.—No caucus pledge will bind the House Democrats this year when they vote on appropriations for battleship construction.

An "economy caucus," called for tonight by members opposed to the authorization of any battleships in the naval appropriation bill at this session, failed to materialize as a result of the absence of practically all Democratic members who favor an increased navy. Only 73 members appeared and, as 112 were needed for a quorum, the meeting adjourned after listening to a pension speech by Representative Sherwood, of Ohio.

Speaker Clark and Democratic Leader Underwood were present, although it is an open secret that both opposed the calling of the caucus. Only three members of the Naval Committee attended, Representatives Hensley, of Missouri, and Tribble, of Georgia, opposed to battleships, and Talbott, of Maryland, who made the point of no quorum and moved adjournment.

The absence of a quorum was not unexpected, word having been passed yesterday that the "two battleship" men were to stay away to make certain there should be no action. It is stated that the Naval Committee is certain to recommend the construction of at least two battleships and, with a large majority of Republicans in the House favoring an increased navy, the big navy advocates say there is no doubt about favorable action on the committee's report.

Representative Curley, of Massachusetts, said tonight that early next week Democrats standing for a "progressive naval policy" would hold a conference to agree upon a course of action.

A. & M. 43; W. F. C. 26.

Farmers Defeat Baptists in Exciting Game of Basketball.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 8.—In the best exhibition of basketball seen here this season, A. & M. outclassed Wake Forest tonight, winning by a score of 43 to 26. Wake Forest only kept up with the Techs during the first few minutes of play, and after that were clearly outplayed. The first half ended with the score standing 24 to 10 in favor of A. & M., and in the second half the Techs made a whirl-wind finish, scoring 19 points against the Baptists' 15. This puts A. & M. ahead of Wake Forest in the standing of the State Basketball League, being tied with Carolina for first place. The playing of both teams was good, the stars of the game being Terry, Sumner and Phillips, for A. & M. and W. Holding, for Wake Forest.

If a typewriter is the question—Remington is the answer. Remington Typewriter Company, Wilmington, N. C., Phone 878. (advertisement.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. D. Brown—DeBevoise.
A. C. L.—Special Rates.
Dr. Culbreth—Tete a Tete.
Platt & Huar—Will Soon Be.
City Livery Co.—A Good Team.
J. M. Solky & Co.—Spring Opening.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Clean Up Sale.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Great White Sale.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Pre-Inventory Sale.
Maffitt & Wood—Cordage and Wire Rope.
American National Bank—Statement of Condition.

Wanted—Agents.
Wanted—Agents.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Lost—Brooch Pin.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Detectives.
Wanted—Mail Clerks.
Wanted—Cheap Land.
Wanted—Two Rooms.
For Sale—Typewriters.
For Rent—Apartment.
For Sale—Motor Boat.
For Rent—Large Room.
Wanted—Suburban Land.
Wanted—Southern Farms.
Bradstreet System—Wanted.
For Sale—Tinsmiths' Tools.
Wanted—Capable Salesman.
Smith & McGeachy—Ladies.
For Sale—Grocery Business.
Ellis Barber Shop—Removal.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
Wanted—Ambitious Salesmen.
King & Seigler—Castle Street.
L. W. Moore—Beach Property.
For Sale—Suburban Property.
L. W. Moore—Suburban Lots.
Home Tailoring Co.—Wanted.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Don't You.
Landmark Cigar Co.—Salesmen.
Scioto Sign Co.—Open Territory.
L. W. Moore—Desirable Cottage.
A. W. Pate Co.—Suburban Home.
L. W. Moore—Fifth Street Home.
A. W. Pate Co.—An Opportunity.
King & Seigler—Beautiful Home.
Formacone Co.—Salesman Wanted.
King & Seigler—Cottage for Sale.
W. T. Farris—Auto. for Exchange.
Wanted—Position as Stenographer.
Wilmington Iron Works—For Sale.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Now's the Time.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Beautiful Home.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Magnificent Lot.
Paragon Supply Co.—Ladies Wanted.
James & James—Carolina Place Lot.
U. S. Calendar Co.—Sideline Salesmen.
James & James—Four-Room Dwelling.
James & James—Castle Street Property.
Wilmington Iron Works—Boilers for Sale.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Investment Standpoint.
Co-operative B. & L. Ass'n—Annual Meeting.
James & James—Fifteen Per Cent. Investment.
Wilmington Iron Works—Anything in Machinery.

(Continued from Page One.)

wig-wag for the ambulances. In addition, eight large boy scouts will act as letter carriers with each ambulance.

Another aide to the hospital corps in summoning help will be 25 telephone wires with the police headquarters, where the main first aid station will be located.

At several points there will be other emergency hospitals in charge of physicians and trained nurses. One of these will be near the large stand on Pennsylvania avenue in front of the White House, and opposite the President's reviewing stand. Another will be near Union station and will care for passengers who may become ill on trains.

Won't Fire White House Help.

Washington, Feb. 8.—President-elect Wilson's secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty today inspected the White House offices. He brought a personal message of greeting from the President-elect to Mr. Taft and said he expected to keep the personnel of the White House office force intact for several months at least.

CANDIDATES GET JOLT.

Wilson Will Retain Present White House Employes, Says Secretary.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—Jolt No. 1 for Democratic candidates for office under the Wilson administration is the announcement made here today by Joseph Tumulty, the newly appointed private secretary to the incoming Democratic President, that the present staff of White House employes will be retained in their present places after March 4th.

Rudolph Foster, executive clerk to President Taft, the present assistant private secretary, Thomas T. Brahaney, and practically the entire executive force will be retained, at least during the early part of the Wilson administration, and the intimation is plain, following the visit of Governor Wilson's secretary, Joseph Tumulty, to the White House, that Mr. Foster will be retained indefinitely. Foster was first appointed by President Cleveland and has been in constant service at the White House for nearly 17 years. Foster probably knows more about how the wheels go round, small and large, than any other man in the government service.

Thos. S. Bell, of Greensboro, came here today to see how the complaint filed a few days ago in regard to cotton rates from Norfolk to Hickory and Randleman is progressing. Mr. Bell states that the railroads are discriminating against North Carolina points in that they charge 57 cents per 100 from Norfolk to Randleman on cotton, while the rate from Memphis to Norfolk on the same commodity is only 47 cents, a distance of nearly 3,000 miles.

Dave Blair and Clem Manly, of Winston-Salem; C. W. Tillett, of Charlotte, and S. B. Gardner, of Burnsville, are here. P. R. A.

MILITIA TO TAKE CHARGE

Six Companies Ready to Proceed to Coal Districts

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 8.—Six companies of the West Virginia National Guard are being held in their armories tonight ready to depart to the Paint and Cabin Creek coal districts to take charge of the strike situation.

Governor Glasscock, according to information from persons close to the executive, will probably take some definite action not later than early Sunday.

According to information received here late today, Robert Estep, a miner, was killed last night during the rioting at Mucklow.

This afternoon there was considerable shooting at Holly Grove. It is said men employed in the mines were accosted by strikers. The men at work were fired upon and they in turn made attempts to drive the strikers away from that locality. Strikers heretofore have refrained from attacking men at work.

Military authorities here believe that the strikers are gathering at some point on Paint Creek for an attack.

The miners occupy strong positions on the mountain sides, and are said to be closely guarding all approaches to the camps.

The Southern National Bank

Will present, free of charge, to its friends and patrons, upon written request,

PARCEL POST PAMPHLET

Containing Complete Information, with map of Wilmington Zone.

Report of the Condition of
THE HOME SAVINGS BANK,
at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business February 4th, 1913.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts	$154,453.96
Furniture and Fixtures	1,806.54
All other Real Estate Owned	12,060.00
Demand Loans	18,483.69
Due from Banks and Bankers	16,286.18
Gold Coin	170.00
Silver Coin, including all minor coin currency	224.36
National Bank Notes and other U. S. Notes	4,710.00
Total	$208,194.73

Liabilities.

Capital Stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Undivided Profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	2,521.55
Demand Certificates of Deposit	53,954.69
Savings Deposits	101,624.79
Cashier's Checks outstanding	93.70
Total	$208,194.73

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss.:

I, J. F. Roache, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
J. HAUGHTON JAMES,
C. VanLEUVEN,
E. T. TAYLOR,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 7th day of February, 1913.

CHAS. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.
(My commission expires January 17, 1914.)

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

ON THE MASONBORO macadam road we are offering 150 acres of as good farming land as New Hanover county affords. About fifty acres cleared and under cultivation. Good dwelling and out houses on the property; $30 per acre buys it now. If interested, we advise an early investigation King & Seigler, Sole Agents; 'Phone 422. fe9-1t

SEVEN ROOM COTTAGE on North Seventh street; large lot and good house; well kept throughout. An attractive home at a medium price. King and Seigler, sole agents; 'phone 422. fe9-1t

CASTLE STREET offers today remarkable opportunities for the investor. Not so far distant in the future this street will be to the Southern section of Wilmington what Fourth street is to Brooklyn. Buy today and reap your harvest later. We can sell you an entire half block on this street, 330 feet front by 194 feet deep, for less than $5,000.00. Talk it over with us Monday. Only part cash required. King & Seigler, 204 Princess street. fe9-1t

LOST—Brown and white pointer dog. J. W. Wilson, Bolton, N. C., engraved on collar. 'Phone 1110. fe9-tf

$550 BUYS a well located lot on Perry ave., Carolina Place. James & James, Orton Hotel Bldg. 'Phone 163. fe9-1t

15 PER CENT. INVESTMENT, requiring small amount of cash. 'Phone James & James, 163, Orton Hotel Building. fe9-1t

SMALL FOUR-ROOM dwelling, brand new, paying 12 per cent., can be bought for $700.00. See James & James, Insurance and Real Estate, Orton Hotel Bldg.; 'Phone 163. fe9-1t

GOOD PIECE OF PROPERTY on Castle street for sale. See James & James, Insurance and Real Estate. 'Phone 163. fe9-1t

FOR RENT—Couple nice rooms, with table board. Modern conveniences, bath. 'Phone 763, or call at 812 Princess street. fe9-1t*

SEE ME BEFORE you let your plumbing work, and let me give you a figure. All work guaranteed and sanitary. W. W. Way. 'Phone 1855-W. fe9-1t*

WOOD!—Ground hog says rain, hail, sleet and snow. Better call Whiteman's Wood Yard in time. 'Phone 850. John H. Whiteman. fe9-1t*

A BEAUTIFUL HOME on Market street for sale at a sacrifice; 10-room, modern house, in best of condition. Can be bought for $2,000 less than actual value. Only half block from car line. King & Seigler, Agents, 204 Princess street. fe9-1t

268 ACRES fine farming land on Holly Shelter road, several miles east of Castle Haynes, can be purchased for $2,100. Splendid grape arbor on place, and 60 acres cleared for cultivation. Deep water transportation facilities. Soil adapted to truck and general farming. A real bargain for some one. Wilder & Metts, agents. fe9-1t

REMOVAL—Ellis' Barber Shop. We are now located in room 108, Princess Building, second floor; directly over our old stand. We solicit your patronage. fe9-1t*

I WISH TO EXCHANGE my auto. as part payment on some city or suburban property. W. T. Farris, P. O. Box 489. fe9-1t

TO RENT — Large comfortable room, southeastern exposure; modern conveniences. Use of 'phone. 209 South Second. fe9-1t*

WANTED—Position as stenographer by young lady with experience. Have some knowledge of book-keeping and general office work. 'Phone 1815-W. "B," 118 Red Cross street, city. fe9-1t*

$2,000.00 WILL buy a nice two-story home at Sea Gate, near station. Large lot, artesian well. One half cash, can arrange terms on balance. A. W. Pate Company. fe9-1t

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase a 10-acre farm in high state of cultivation, one mile from city limits. For full particulars, apply A. W. Pate Co. fe9-1t

FOR SALE—One 30-H.-P. portable boiler, mounted on wheels, and 30-H.-P. engine. Price, very reasonable. Machinery Department, Wilmington Iron Works. fe9-1t

ANNUAL MEETING—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Cooperative Building and Loan Association will be held Tuesday, February 11th, at 12 M., office of the association, 124 Princess street; Jos. H. Hinton, president; Thos. H. Wright, secretary and treasurer. fe9-1t

WANT TO BUY 20 acres on car line, suitable for sub-division. T. Weyant, Gen. Delivery, City. fe9-1t*

ACORN BRANCH public school will give an ice cream supper on next Friday night, the fourteenth, at the school house. Proceeds for school beautification. All are invited. fe9-1t*

FOR SALE at a bargain, one 20-foot launch. This boat makes 9 miles per hour, and is a bargain at price offered. Address "Motor Boat," care Star. fe9-1t*

FOR SALE—One 25-H.-P. hoisting engine and boiler; one 60-H.-P. standard side crank engine and several smaller engines and boilers. Machinery Department, Wilmington Iron Works. fe9-1t

NOW IS THE TIME to buy a cottage on the beach, and we have one with all conveniences to offer at an attractive price. See us Monday. D. R. Foster & Co., agents. fe9-2t

LOST — Saturday P. M., a brooch pin made of $2.50 gold piece, between 314 Campbell and Fourth and Red Cross. Finder return to W. W. Durant, 605 North Fourth and get reward. fe9-1t*

SPLENDID FIFTH STREET HOME, between Chestnut and Grace, large lot, large house and a bargain. You should call early Monday. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. fe9-1t

BEACH PROPERTY—We have desirable lots on Northern Extension and between Seashore Hotel and Lumina. Buy now; it will pay; let us show you. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. fe9-1t

AUDUBON, WINTER PARK, GARDEN CITY lots will be in demand. We have them to show you; cash or time; prices are right. Our automobiles are at your service. See L. W. Moore, 123 Princess street. fe9-1t

DESIRABLE COTTAGE on Seventh st., between Grace and Walnut; modern in every way; large lot, 38x165; only small amount cash required. Telephone 332 and L. W. Moore's Real Estate Agency will show you how easy it is to own a good home. fe9-1t

FOR SALE CHEAP—A Remington and a Smith-Premier typewriter. In excellent condition. Address Box 272, Wilmington, N. C. fe9-1t

A QUICK PURCHASER can buy a bargain. For less than $1,000, a nice stock of groceries and mixed goods, up to date fixtures, in a desirable location and good store. Address "Quick Sale," care Star. fe9-1t

WANTED—In each town, person of pleasant address, to call on professional and business men with 50c. and $1.25 proposition. Does its own talking. Pocket samples free. Good pay. Address "The Carolinian," Wilmington, N. C. fe9-1t*

NORTHERN BUYERS want Southern farms; direct dealing with owners; no commission. What have you to sell? Write Southern Homeseekers' Bureau, Box 1454, Atlanta, Ga. fe9-1t*

SIDELINE traveling salesmen make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. fe9-1t*

SALESMEN WANTED in Wilmington; experience in sanitary and disinfectant line preferred, but not necessary. Salary and commission. Formacone Company, Mennen Bldg., Newark, N. J. fe9-1t

CAPABLE SALESMAN to cover North Carolina with staple line. High commissions, with $100 monthly advance. Permanent position to right man. Jesse H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich. fe9-1t*

LADIES—To make shields at home, $20 per hundred; ordinary plain sewing; can make four an hour; material furnished; work sent prepaid; send stamped addressed envelope for particulars. Paragon Supply Co., J-515 Chestnut ave., Kansas City, Mo. fe9-1t*

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. fe9-1t*

WANTED—Bright young man to travel Eastern N. C. and take orders for all wool made to measure guaranteed to fit trousers, at $4.00 per pair. Experience not necessary; good proposition to hustler. Write for samples. The Home Tailoring Co., Lexington, N. C. fe9-1t*

WANTED — Still some good territory open for live enterprising salesmen who desire to connect with the strongest line of advertising signs, calendars, fans and novelties in the country. Write immediately The Scioto Sign Co., Kenton, O. fe9-1t*

AMBITIOUS SALESMEN—Neat appearance, call on merchants in their territory; elegant side line, convenient to carry; good commissions, prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O. fe9-1t*

BE A DETECTIVE—Earn $150 to $300 monthly. Particulars write Detective Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. fe9-1t*

SALESMAN—Traveling; salary and expenses or commission; must be active, ambitious, energetic; splendid opportunity; former experience not essential. Landmark Cigar Co., Denver, Pa. fe9-1t*

SALESMAN to call on the medical profession and represent old established trade. Good income guaranteed to successful man P. O. Box 121, Philadelphia. fe9,12-2t*

LADIES — We are prepared to demonstrate and take orders for the Madame X and Gibson Beauty made-to-order corsets. 'Phone 1441-J, or call at 111 North Fifth street. Smith & McGeachy. fe9-1t

FOR RENT—One or two nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences and home comforts. Gentlemen preferred. "C. 389," care Star. fe9-1t*

TINSMITHS' TOOLS — 8-inch cornice brake; 31-inch square shares, roller and other bench machines and standing seam roofing tools. Bargain. A. J. Hanby, Box 155, Wilmington, N. C. fe9-1t

WANTED—A couple of unfurnished or furnished rooms, with private family preferred. Address "Action," care Star. fe9-1t*

FOR RENT—Apartment of 6 rooms and bath, on second floor. 'Phone 1249-J, or apply 311 South Fifth street. fe9-1t*

FOR SALE—286 feet front, 855 feet deep, 6-room house and stables, 10 minutes walk from 17th and Market, on Market street road. A bargain. Geo. H. Ward, 808 N. 5th street; 'phone 1503-J. fe9-1t*

2,500 RAILWAY mail and clerk carriers needed for Parcel Post. Examinations soon. I conducted government examinations. Can help you pass. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 47-D St., St. Louis, Mo. fe9-su-11t*

CASH FOR CHEAP LAND — Cash for any kind or amount of land in the United States for one dollar an acre or less. Uncertain titles bought. J. C. Gillespie, Metropolitan Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn. fe9-1t*

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side or main line retail punch board deals? Ten propositions. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. fe9-1t*

FROM AN INVESTMENT STANDPOINT we have the best proposition to offer which ever has been given in Wilmington Real Estate. Last Tuesday we had twenty lots for sale. Today only seven left. The person who inquires about them first will be the next to own one of them, because they can be bought on what we term "The dollar a week plan." Beautiful shade trees have been planted and we have already let the contract for a concrete sidewalk to be placed around the entire block. Remember, this is City property. No such offer has ever been made before. D. R. Foster & Co., Sole Agents. fe9-2t

A BEAUTIFUL HOME, centrally located between Princess and Grace streets. All modern conveniences. The lot on which this home is built is one of the most desirable in the city. This place is going to be sold at a bargain. If you are interested, you had better see us early. D. R. Foster & Co., Agents. fe9-2t

DON'T YOU GET TIRED of paying rent? We have several comfortable cottages, which can be bought on a monthly payment basis. We will be glad to tell you about them. D. R. Foster & Co. fe9-2t

A MAGNIFICENT LOT at Carolina Heights. Located in the most desirable part of this beautiful suburb. It can be bought at an exceptionally low figure, on good terms. To the real estate speculator this property will be exceedingly attractive. D. R. Foster & Co. fe9-2t

HOW ABOUT THAT home you were looking for? On our list are the following: Queen street, lot 27x132, six rooms, sewerage and water, $1,650; South Second street, six rooms, $2,000; North Third street, seven rooms, modern, $2,800; Church street, seven rooms, modern, $2,900; North Fifth street, eight rooms, all conveniences, $5,000; one of them will suit you. Let us tell you about it. Wilder & Metts, Agents. fe9-1t

FOR SALE—When in need of shafting, hangers, boxes, pulleys, couplings, sawing machinery, pipe valves, chain, sprockets, gears, rollers, or anything in the machinery line, you will save money by calling at our machinery yard. Wilmington Iron Works. fe9-1t

EXTRA FANCY dressed chickens and turkeys. Fancy beef, veal, lamb and pork; fresh pickled beef, 12c per lb.; nice sour kraut; oysters, Norfolk and New River; eggs, 30c.; best lard, 13c.; 3 lb can tomatoes, 10c.; big hominy, 8c.; sweet russet apple cider, 15c quart. Palace Market, 'Phone 72. fe8-1t

ROOMS WANTED—Three or four unfurnished rooms or small cottage wanted by young couple. Must be close to South Wilmington car line. Address "C. Y.," care Star. fe8-2t*

POSITION—Shipping clerk with experience wants position with firm in this city. References from last employer. Address "Clerk," care Star. fe8-2t*

I HAVE SEVERAL nice farms near Atkinson and Currie, on the A. & Y. R. R., to sell. Will sell 1-3 cash, balance on one and two years' time. Nice dwelling and out buildings on them. Apply to W. H. Lewis, Atkinson, N. C. fe8-3t*

FOR SALE—Best paying retail grocery business in Wilmington. Will easily net Three Thousand Dollars yearly. Established trade; stock and fixtures now $7,000. Stock can be reduced to about $1,500, if desired. Low rent, with lease, if wanted. Negotiable bank paper accepted in place of cash, if preferred. Only men of character and meaning business need apply. References must accompany application. Present owner will retire. Address "Merchant," care Star. ja26,28,30;fe2,7,9-6t

NEW HOTEL—Rose Hill, N. C. Everything new and up to date. Traveling public given special attention; $2 per day. Barber shop opposite. Mrs. I. C. Scott, Proprietress. fe2-su3t*

FOR SALE—Very cheap, one Baltimore heater, complete. Will heat two rooms down and two upstairs. Also one large carpet, and mattings. Apply 518 Grace street. ja26,28,30; fe2,4,9-6t

A NICE LINE of fashionable piece goods in suitings and fancy trouserings. All the latest styles; everything guaranteed, by Leger Meyer, The Practical Tailor, Princess Bldg.; second floor. de1-su-tf

MEN AND WOMEN wanted for government parcels post positions, $90.00 month; rapid advancement; annual vacations; short hours; no layoffs; common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Write immediately for list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 269-A, Rochester, N. Y. ja12-su5t*

RHODE ISLAND REDS and Barred Rocks cockerels for sale cheap to quick purchaser. Good strain. Eureka Poultry Farm, 'Phone 589-1, Castle Hayne Road. fe2,5,9-3t

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—A rare opportunity to an experienced hotel man, who is capable of managing a first-class Virginian Summer Resort, with a capacity for 300 guests, and overrun every season; is modern in every particular. We want a man to become financially interested in this great Summer Resort, not to exceed $5,000.00, and to receive a salary in addition to his share of the earnings of a $50,000.00 capitalization, book value Jan. 1st, 1913, $77,500.00. This is one of the best money making resorts in the State of Virginia, having a large hotel patronage, in addition to an extensive sale of its medicinal waters. The best of reference given and required. Unless you are prepared to become financially interested, and experienced in hotel management, and can give the best of reference, there is no use to reply. Inspection and investigation solicited. Address Box 274, Harrisonburg, Va. fe2-su4t

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet Y-1319 tells how. Write today—Now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. fe2,9,16,23-4t

WANTED TO BUY one second hand safe in fair condition. Give dimensions and price. "X," care Star. fe8,2t

GET A GOVERNMENT position. Send 25c for Government manual; civil service laws. Positions in classified service (all Depts.); salaries paid; how appointments are made; rules governing examinations; positions outside Civil Service where examinations not required; Army and Navy enlistments; West Point and Annapolic appointments. First steps to take to secure Government position; full information. Althomar Co., 717 10th st., N. W., Washington D. C. fe2,9-2t*

FOR SALE—Desirable lots Winter Park. Easy terms. See G. C. McIntyre, Winter Park. fe5-eod3t*

BOY 16 TO 20 years old wanted for office work. Must know how to use telephone. Apply in person, with references, Consumers' Wood and Coal Co., foot of Hanover street. fe7-3t

WANTED—First class planing mill foreman to take full charge of two machines and crew; also keep up machines. Good help furnished. None but reliable party need apply. Address "Planing Mill Foreman," care Star. fe7-4t

PLANT FRUIT TREES, shade trees, hedges, etc., this month. Ask for our price list. Audubon Nursery, P. O. Box 731. fe7-3t

FOR RENT—One of the oldest and best business corners in the city, corner Fourth and Castle. Apply to M. G. Tieneken. fe2-tf

ARE YOU NEXT?—If not, you want to get next to the Southern Barber Shop, rear of Southern Hotel office. E. T. Pressley, Proprietor. fe4-6t

WE HAVE the goods for the people. All kinds fresh fancy cuts beef, veal, lamb and pork. Fancy grape fruit, celery and lettuce. Full line of fresh groceries. We keep it all. 'Phone us or call and see. Palace Market, 'Phone 72. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Complete course on mirror making and resilvering. Simple, easy; no capital required; a money maker. Price, one dollar. Let me tell you about it. Address Box 101, Rocky Mount, N. C. fe5-12t

FOR SALE — Upright mahogany piano, outside mahogany player, and 450 rolls of selected music. All in first class condition. Standard make. Address "C-847," care Star. fe5-6t*

WANTED—Salesman to sell lubricating Oils, House and Barn Paint and specialties. By working hard and intelligently, you can earn big money. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, O. ja25su13t

WHEN IN NEED of money, see Uncle Charles, 16 South Front street. All business strictly confidential. ja11-tf

ROOMS AND BOARD can be had for a few gentlemen in Mugge flat, Second and Princess. Comfortable rooms, family table. 'Phone and bath. Come see. ja31-tf

YOU WANT the top market for your eggs, poultry, pork, beef or anything you have. Ship to R. B. Moore & Co., wholesale produce, commission merchants, 117 N. Water. oc27-tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE—Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all cars. Electric lights and hot water. Steam heat Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Rates to regular and table boarders. de8-1mo

We Are In The Ring

watch and jewelry business for other things besides profits. We are in it to maintain our well-earned reputation for reliability and fair dealing. People who know us will tell you that we never misrepresent the quality of any article we sell, a fact that makes it safe for you to do your jewelry buying here.

A. O. Schuster
JEWELER,
104 North Front St.

The American National Bank
Wilmington, N. C.
STATEMENT OF CONDITION
At Close of Business February 4th, 1913.

Resources.		Liabilities.	
Loans and Discounts	$1,341,697.21	Capital	$ 250,000.00
Bond Securities	24,719.32	Surplus and Profits	53,796.66
U. S. Bonds	250,000.00	Dividends Unpaid	156.00
Bank Building, Fixtures, Vaults, etc	45,055.15	Circulation	250,000.00
Cash Due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer	340,002.41	Bills Payable	None.
		Re-Discounts	None.
		Deposits	1,448,121.43
Total	$2,002,074.09	Total	$2,002,074.09

Began Business in 1908 with Capital of $50,000.00

THOS. E. COOPER, Cashier.

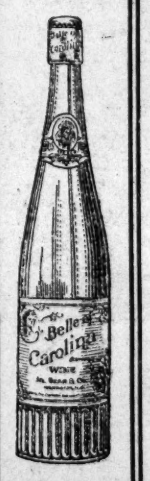
Subscribe to Stock In
Orton Building and Loan Association
New Series Opens Saturday, Feb. 15th.

THOS. E. COOPER, President. DR. ERNEST S. BULLUCK, Vice President.
W. G. JAMES, Sec. and Treas.

—DIRECTORS—

E. L. MATHEWS, J. B. RICE, JNO. R. MURCHISON, THOS. E. COOPER, DR. ERNEST S. BULLUCK, GEO. HONNET, W. W. LOVE, HERBERT BLUETHENTHAL, W. I. BAXTER, DR. J. C. WESSELL, J. HAUGHTON JAMES, LINWOOD D. LATTA, HORACE D. SPRINGER, JAS. S. WILLIAMS, J. HERBERT STONE.

115 1-2 North Front Street, Orton Hotel Building.
JAMES & JAMES
Insurance and Real Estate Office.
fe9-1w



It's Bear's and It's Delicious

Made by perfect process from the choicest fruit of the vine.

SHERRY, PORT, CATAWBA, CLARET AND OTHER WINES.

SOL BEAR & CO.
Phone 994. Wilmington, N. C.
Cor. Front and Marstellar Streets.

You need take no thought for the morrow if you persistently deposit a part of your earnings each pay day. : : : : :

WE PAY 4% INTEREST.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
CHAS. N. EVANS, President. MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.

LARGE ROE MULLETS

361 bbls Large Mullets.
187 bbls Small Mullets.
119 bbls Medium Mullets.
87 bbls Trout.
92 boxes Poultry Feed.
69 cases Kippered Herring
42 cases Canned Herring.
74 cases No. 2 Herring Roe
49 cases No. 1 Herring Roe
96 cases Canned Sweet Potatoes.
71 cases Asparagus Tips.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Wholesale Grocers,

SEED POTATOES AND ONION SETS.

Now in stock and ready for delivery:
1000 tons Guano, all grades
50 one bushel baskets of Yellow Onion Sets.
50 half bushel baskets of Yellow Onion Sets.
Also have in transit, to arrive between the 5th and 10th of February:
400 sacks Irish Cobblers.
300 sacks Red Bliss.
100 sacks White Bliss.
100 sacks Early Rose.
All of which will be sold on a close margin, and orders will be thankfully received and given prompt attention.

J. W. BROOKS
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Wilmington, N. C.

ROBERT TUCKER, JR.
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
High Class Woodwork a Specialty.
Phone 702 P. O. Box 277.
Wilmington, N. C.

—W. H. JAMES—
Contractor and Builder
All Carpenter Work Done Satisfactorily.
Call 'Phone 1334.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. XCI—NO. 117. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,243.

PLANNING FLOATING PALACE

New York Has Novel Project for Harbor Auditorium—Cigarette War in Gotham—Railway Terminal—Theatres.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Feb. 8.—A huge art building and public auditorium to float in the waters of New York harbor is the next wonder which is in store for New York, if the plans are carried out which have met with remarkable approval here during the exhibition of the Architectural League.

On a huge circular raft or scow of concrete the designer would erect a building of circular form, with graceful Doric columns of concrete and steel, and inside he would have, besides ample space for art exhibitions and schools of arts and crafts, an auditorium which would outclass anything now standing in this country. Its seating capacity would be 8,000 persons and provision would be made to use it for public meetings, great concerts or operatic performances. By a system of screens, the size of the auditorium would be capable of being reduced to suit a theatrical performance. Performances would be given by municipal actors, according to the designers plan, and prices would be kept at the lowest possible level. Especial emphasis would be laid, however, upon the use of the building for artistic purposes, particularly as a school of the arts and the higher crafts. By floating in the harbor it would have entirely the cost of land, and could be moored where most convenient. Engineers say, according to the designer, that such a structure is entirely feasible. Watertight compartments in the "hull" would provide protection against possible leaks. In view of the designer's plan to anchor his floating art palace off the Battery, it is interesting to remember that for years New York's great auditorium and concert hall was a mammoth circular structure surrounded by the waters of the harbor—Castle Garden, an old fort with 20-foot stone walls, which is now surrounded by the main land of Battery Park and used for the Aquarium.

* * *

New York, which has seen about every possible kind of commercial and financial "war" start within its borders, from the Stamp Act struggles of Colonial times to the gambling war of last year, is now the storm center of a "cigarette war" whose field of operations covers the whole United States. The fight is raging between several of the leading tobacco companies, and the distinguishing features just now are the "souvenirs" which each side is giving away with packs of its cigarettes. The trick is as old as trade—Egyptian embalmers used to slip picture cards of clay showing the progress of the dead through the lands of the other world into the cases of the mummies which they prepared for burial. But a mummy was a bigger piece of goods than a package of five-cent cigarettes, and the Egyptians never went to the trouble of working out such bewildering systems of cards as the modern cigarette makers do in their attempt to make people believe they are getting something more than they pay for. Pictures of actresses, of fishes, of baseball players, of buildings, and about everything under the sun, scraps of silk with college emblems stenciled on them, playing cards, coupons redeemable for a toothbrush or an automobile when you have smoked a few thousand dollars worth of the cigarettes—all is grist that comes to the premium mill. Evidently the souvenir plan works, or it would not draw the hundreds of thousands of dollars which the tobacco people pour into it. A woman who is prominent in the anti-cigarettes movement has suggested that, since the souvenir plan seems to have started with mummies, it might be well to throw in a mummy or two with each cigarette package as a gentle reminder of the moral which she would have drawn from the whole affair.

* * *

Another step in the progress of "painless" trust dissolution which is going on here rapidly at present was marked this week by the announcement that the American Sugar Refining Company, otherwise known as the Sugar Trust, was about to rid itself of its holdings of stock in the National Sugar Refining Company by the simple process of distributing these holdings pro rata among its own stockholders. This is the same kind of dissolution that has worked so satisfactorily to the owners of Standard Oil and Tobacco. Legally, it seems to answer every requirement for it reduces the trust's share in the total output of refined cane sugar to less than one-half. In view of the continuance of the common ownership of the two companies, it is not likely, however, that there will be any acute competition between them. In fact, it was brought out by the Hardwick Congressional investigating committee last year that there is a friendly understanding among the big refiners and that they interfere with one another as little as possible. It is well understood here indeed, that the refiners in their fight for a reduction of the sugar tariff are working in harmony and are making common cause against a new rival that has sprung up in the rapidly growing beet sugar industry. It is no secret in the trade that the refiners are genuinely alarmed at the vigorous competition of this new source of supply which has forced them to cut prices and recently caused several refineries to close entirely while others were put on half time. The refiners evidently believe that if they can bring about a cut in the duty on imported sugar deep enuogh to drive the domestic sugar producer out of business it will be more effective than any number of agreements or holding companies in restoring them to a position of complete control over the American sugar market.

* * *

With the opening of the new Grand Central station, New York now has the "Terminal City" in its midst, as the builders of the new terminal call their astonishing group of buildings. The name is not badly chosen, for the terminal covers 79 acres and has a capacity of 1,053 cars. The mere figures regarding the new station give some notion of its stupendous dimensions. It took 500,000 barrels of cement to build it, and 118,600 tons of steel. Forty-two tracks enter its upper level where express or through trains arrive and depart, and the lower or local traffic level has 25 tracks—a total of 33.6 miles of railroad track within the terminal. The largest interlocking switch and signal tower in the world controls the tracks, with 400 levers for the express tracks and 360 for the local. The cost of the whole work was $180,000,000, or more than the National debt of Sweden. It is only natural to compare the Terminal with the Pennsylvania station which was opened a couple of years ago, and the builders of the rival structures emphasize the contrast at every turn. While the new structure is widely advertised as the Grand Central terminal, the Pennsylvania railroad especially requested that its station should be called simply a "station." The Pennsylvania's structure is a monumental example of the finest classic architecture, and is now finished, while the terminal can have a 23 story business building piled on top of it by continuing the steel work already in place. The decorations of the Pennsylvania's enormous concourse are huge map-like pictures of the country tributary to the system while the new terminal puts into its ceiling a section of the night sky, with the stars in their real places, 2,500 being shown, the largest of them being illuminated by electric light.

* * *

Northward New York is still moving, and the march is emphasized just now by the sale at auction of one of the oldest and most historic of the city's amusement structures. Another, also in the part of town below 34th street, has gone over to the "movies" which seem destined to conquer everything that is more than 10 years old. Still a third downtown theatre will be closed, it is announced and it is probably only a question of time before the films claim the theatre or an office building gets the site. Old friends of the old theatres find some cold consolation in the thought that the "movies" at least furnish a respectable and sentimental end for a time-honored house. It is like answering the question which startled the religious papers a few years ago, "Should the old minister be shot?" by saying, "No, give him a pension."

—LONGACRE.

NEW HANOVER ELECTIONS.

Full Text of Bill by Representative Kellum in General Assembly.

A Bill to be Entitled an Act Pertaining to the Method of Holding Elections in New Hanover County in the City of Wilmington.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any candidate seeking the nomination or an election to any political office, or for any person, firm, corporation or association in behalf of any candidate to expend any money or thing of value unless the same and the purposes for which it is to be expended shall first have been submitted to and have been approved by the County Board of Elections.

Section 2. That the County Board of Elections shall within twenty-four hours after any such approval post a notice at the Court House door of the county setting forth the amount approved, or the thing of value allowed, the purposes for which such expenditure or distribution, the name of the person, firm, corporation or association making the application, and who shall make the expenditure or distribution.

Section 3. That it shall be unlawful for any candidate seeking the nomination for an election to any public office to spend a greater aggregate amount than two hundred dollars, in which amount shall be included all money or things of value spent by any person, firm, corporation or association in behalf of any candidate.

Section 4. That all candidates and persons making any expenditure whatsoever in any election shall submit to the County Board of Elections under oath an itemized statement of such expenditure or expenditures, and the person, firm, corporation or association who receives the same, together with the purposes for which such expenses were incurred, within ten days after every election, and in whose behalf such expenditure or distribution is made.

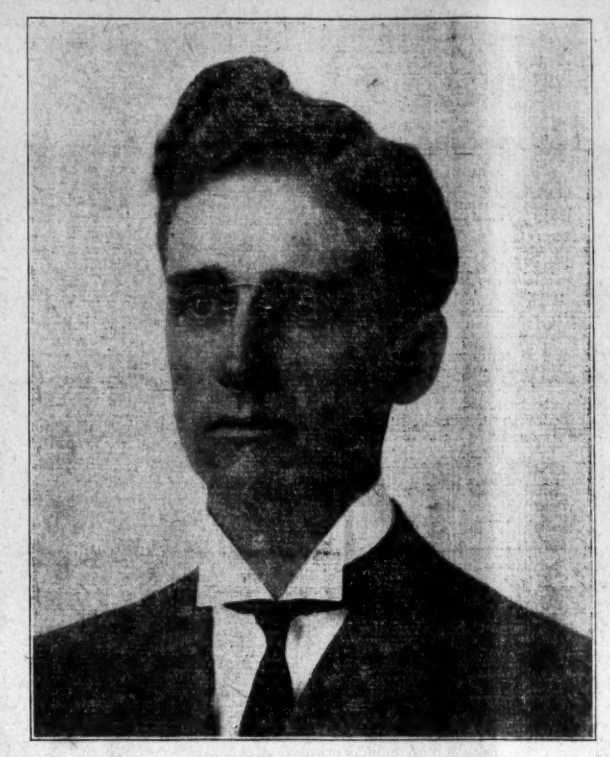
Section 5. That any person, firm, corporation or association violating this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than three months.

Section 6. That this act shall apply only to New Hanover county.

Section 7. That all laws and clauses of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Section 8. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

New York, Feb. 8.—The statement of the actual condition of the clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $8,257,350 reserve in excess of the legal requirements. This is a decrease of $7,867,850 from last week.



EVANGELIST E. E. VIOLETT.

Evangelist E. E. Violett, who begins a series of meetings today at the Christian church, has traveled over half a million miles, visiting 27 countries. He has preached and lectured in France and England and in all parts of the United States. This is his last meeting in America before his departure for another extended tour in the Orient and Europe. Mrs. Violett accompanies her husband in his travels and assists him in his work. He preaches today at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., at the Christian Church and every night following for some time.

SOROSIS PRIZE CONTEST

North Carolina Sorosis Again Offers $350 to Be Awarded to Those Who Grow Most Attractive Flowers, Etc.

Through the generosity of the Tidewater Power Company, which contributed $250, which was supplemented by a substantial sum from Sorosis; Mr. E. C. Hall, who gave the prizes to be awarded at Delgado; two interested ladies who received prizes last year, and Mr. Van Ness, of the Holland Nurseries, who offers $10 in shrubbery to the school yard most improved by Fall, the Sorosis prize contest of $350 will again be conducted by the Civic Department.

All citizens are urged to enter the contest if for no other reason than to prove their interest in civic improvement. Entrance to the contest will be closed by the first of April.

The only requirement of entrance will be a statement on the part of the contestants to enrich, beautify and improve the condition of yards after entering. Judges will visit the yards when notified that flowers are at the height of beauty or perfection. The basis on which the prizes will be awarded will be the effect produced. In the case of a mass of flowers, no attention will be paid to any one plant, bulb or flower, but in all cases effect will decide.

Those receiving second prize last year are eligible for first prize this year; those receiving first prize last year will be eligible for a blue ribbon and honorable mention.

Any one desiring to enter the contest, will communicate by telephone or postal card to Mrs. M. L. Stover, chairman, No. 1813 Princess street, 'phone No. 1299-J; or Miss Kate Grainger, secretary, No. 813 Market street, 'phone No. 602.

In adding chrysanthemums, it is the desire to have many contestants. If many enter and the number is sufficient to warrant it, it is the desire of the Civic Department to have a flower show in the Fall, when other prizes will be awarded for the finest single bloom, etc.

Following the plan of last year, two sets of prizes will be offered in the contest this year—one for yards along car line in the city, and as far as Lumina; and a similar set for yards not on the car line. The prizes are given in detail below:

For the most attractive yards over 50 feet, first $5; second $2.50.

For most attractive yards under 50 feet, first $5; second $2.50.

Best display of standing roses, first $5; second $2.50.

Best display of climbing roses (not over three years), first $5; second $2.50.

Best kept lawn over 50 feet, $5.

Best kept lawn under 50 feet, $5.

Most beautiful hedge not over three years, $5.

Most attractive display of flowering bulbs, first $5; second $2.50.

Most attractive mass of evergreen shrubbery, $5.

Best kept back yard, $5.

Best kept plats between sidewalk and street, $5.

First year gardens over 50 feet (most attractive), first $5; second $2.50.

Most attractive first year gardens under 50 feet, first $5; second $2.50.

Most beautiful old-fashioned garden $5.

Most beautiful display of chrysanthemums, first $5; second $2.50.

Most beautiful single vine of wisteria, jessamine, bamboo, honeysuckle, blue bell (not over three years old, $2.50.

One-story houses or cottage gardens, divided into three districts—along car line, north of Market and south of Market—showing most attractive yards, first $5; second $2.50.

Best display of potted porch plants or porch boxes where there is insufficient yard room, south of Ann, north of Red Cross, $3.50.

Most attractive window boxes in each white Grammar school, first $3; second $2.

Best display of kitchen garden products by Grammar school children, best specimen of parsley, lettuce, garden peas, carrots, green salads, each $1.

Most beautiful flower bed or garden planted and attended solely by a child in public schools under 16, planted for purpose of entering contest, $5.

Most improved school yard by Fall, $10 in shubbery.

Most improved school yard by Fall, $15.

Most attractive personally-conducted flower garden, $5.

Most attractive display of hydrangeas, $5.

Most attractive bed of Coleus, $3.50.

Most attractive bed of Zenias, $3.50.

Most attractive bed of Cannas, $3.50.

Most attractive bed of Geraniums, $3.50.

Most attractive bed of Pansies, $3.50.

Or any plant to be selected by contestant, provided the bed or garden be made for sole purpose of entering contest.

Prizes in which colored people are invited to compete:

Most attractive window boxes in schools, first $3; second $2.

Best display of single specimens of kitchen garden products, lettuce, radishes, garden peas, parsley, green salads, $1.

Best kept back yard, $5.

Most attractive front yard, $5.

Most attractive collection of porch plants where there is no sufficient yard room, $3.50.

Most beautiful bed or garden planted and attended solely by child in public school, $5.

Prizes for Delgado—Most attractive yards, including first year garden, first $5; second $2.50.

Finest kitchen garden, $5.

HOW TO GET STRONG

A Simple Remedy

Weakness may not be caused by a run-down condition, mal-assimilation of food, lack of iron in the blood or a result of sickness.

Whatever the cause, we want to say to every person who needs strength, you need Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, as it is the most efficient strength-creator we have in our store.

A case has just come to our attention from West Baden, Ind. A beautiful young lady was a complete wreck, run-down, worn out and nervous, so she had to spend one-third of her time in bed. Nothing which was given her did any good until Vinol was recommended by her druggist, which she says did her more good than all the medicine she ever took in her life put together, as it built her up so she is now strong, well and active.

It is the medicinal elements of the cods' livers contained in Vinol aided by the blood-making and strengthening properties of tonic iron which makes it so successful and we will return your money if it does not help you.—Robert R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

(Advertisement.)

Four Pictures Monday.

Big double Vitagraph, a Biograph and still another will be shown at the Grand Theatre Monday.

(Advertisement.)

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

FOR COUNTY SOLICITOR.

Full Text of Measure Before the State General Assembly.

A Bill to be Entitled "An Act Creating the Office of County Solicitor for the County of New Hanover."

The General Assembly of North Carolina does enact:

Section 1. That the office of County Solicitor for the county of New Hanover be and the same is hereby created, and that Geo. L. Peschau be and he is hereby appointed as County Solicitor, who shall serve until the first Monday in December, 1914, or until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the County Solicitor of New Hanover county to prosecute all cases before the Recorder's court of said county, to appear with the State at all coroner's inquests, to advise the Recorder of New Hanover county in all matters appearing in his court, to advise the Police Department of the City of Wilmington, of New Hanover county, and to advise the Sheriff in all matters pertaining to the duties of his office as Sheriff, and to appear with the State Solicitor in all State matters in the Superior Court of New Hanover county when requested to do so by the State Solicitor.

Sec. 3. That the County Solicitor shall have full power to call upon the police force of the City of Wilmington or the Sheriff of New Hanover county, or either or all of his deputies to aid him in the service of any papers he may advise served or executed.

Sec. 4. That the salary of the County Solicitor shall be Eighteen Hundred Dollars per annum, payable in equal monthly installments, the warrants for the same to be drawn and paid in the same manner and by the same parties that the salaries of the Clerk of the Recorder's court and the Recorder of the Recorder's court of New Hanover county are paid.

Sec. 5. That the Clerk of the Recorder's Court shall add Seventy-five Cents to all bills of cost where the warrant charges the violation of a City Ordinance, or where the warrant charges a crime of which a justice of the peace has final jurisdiction and where the warrant charges an offense or crime of which the Recorder's court of New Hanover county has final jurisdiction, the said Clerk shall charge in the bill of costs the sum of One Dollar, all of which shall be a part of the cost and same shall be collected and accounted for by the said clerk in the same manner as the costs of said court are now accounted for.

Sec. 6. That at the next general election held in the county of New Hanover for the election of county officers, and each two years thereafter, a County Solicitor shall be elected in the same manner and under the same laws that other county officers are elected, who shall be inducted into office on the first Monday in December, 1914, and continue therein for two years, or until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 7. That the County Solicitor of New Hanover county may be removed from office or any vacancy thereof filled in the same way that State Solicitors may be removed or any vacancy filled.

Sec. 8. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Introduced by Representatixe Kellum, of New Hanover.

SANITATION AND HEALTH.

Connection With Rural Life Discussed at National Corn Show.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 5.—Sanitation and health, as affecting rural life, was discussed in the rural life conference at the National corn show today, the conferences to continue tomorrow and Friday. Each day will be devoted to consideration of a special series of problems in country life. A round table discussion this morning preceded the more formal programme of the afternoon. The attendance at the show has kept up to the best expectations of the management.

The programme, as announced, includes the discussion of the rural school and rural community on Thursday and the country church in its relation to the citizens of a rural community on Friday. Dr. Watson H. Wilson, superintendent of the church and country life department of New York City, will preside at Friday's session.

FIVE MEN DROWNED

Towboat Monarch Sank in Mississippt Lake With All Hands

Vicksburg, Miss., Feb. 5.—Two white men and three negroes were drowned when the towboat Monarch, owned by the Belzoni Lumber Company, of Belzoni, Miss., was sunk Monday night in Tchula Lake, according to information received here tonight by Superintendent Harris, of the Houston Lumber Company, of this city.

Except that the Monarch was almost wholly submerged and would be a total loss, no other details were obtainable tonight. Mr. Harris said he talked with the manager of the Belzoni company, who requested that a towboat be sent to Lake Tchula. The Monarch was a 43-ton vessel.

FIFTY THOUSAND FOR BARIUM

The Presbyterians of the State Asked to Give $50,000 for Equipment of Their Orphanage—Institution's Needs.

(From the Statesville Landmark.)

A campaign has been begun among the Presbyterians of the State to raise $50,000 for the equipment of the Presbyterian Orphans' Home at Barium Springs. As a result of a visit of the members of the Synod to the Home more than a year ago, they were so thoroughly impressed with the needs of the institution that the board of regents of the Home was instructed to proceed with the work of raising the sum named.

The regents appointed a finance committee to take charge of the work and the committee has secured the services of Rev. R. Murphy Williams, of Greensboro to present this cause to the churches; and for the information of the Presbyterians of the State, and any others who may be interested, The Landmark presents herewith the needs of the institution in the matter of equipment. They are:

(1) Barns for cattle and horses; (2) storage buildings; (3) modern school building; (4) a thoroughly equipped infirmary; (5) enlarged industrial building; (6) central heating plant; (7) repairs on buildings; (8) purchase of adjacent lands, and (9) enclosed lands for pasturage.

1. The present barn is a makeshift, is not large enough, is in bad repair and does not properly shelter the stock from the elements. The lack of better provision is actual cruelty to animals besides the inconvenience and lack of room. A new barn in a better location, sufficient to accommodate 50 cows and provide ample storage room for provender, is an actual and urgent necessity. Some work has been done in this direction and the cow barn is nearing completion.

Another barn for the horses should be in a different location, convenient to the lands used for farming and trucking. It should be large enough to properly house the stock, with storage room for feed and a shelter for farm implements. At present there is practically no provision for housing farm utensils.

Carrying on the work of the farm

(Continued on Page 10.)

THE

Parcel Post Maps

Are being reserved daily by scores of people who want the best thing that is offered in this line, and realize that The Star's Unprecedented Plan of Distribution offers the opportunity of obtaining it at a trifling cost.

The first consignment of maps have arrived and are ready for delivery next Wednesday morning. The number of reservations already in indicates that few of this lot will be left after Wednesday.

If you have not started to clip the coupons, you can get the back issues at The Star Office Monday, and can clip today's and following coupons from your paper.

The following table of rates from Wilmington was compiled in ten minutes with the Star's Parcel Post Map, demonstrating its practicability for a quick reference work. All small towns are given on our Map, and you can ascertain the correct Parcel Postage on any Package to any point in the world in ONE MINUTE or less.

PARCEL POSTAGE RATES

FROM WILMINGTON TO	Magnolia,	Raleigh,	Richmond, Va.	N. Y. City,	Des Moines, Ia.	Austin, Tex.	Denver, Col.	San Francisco, Cal.
1 Pound.	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09	.10	.11	.12
2 Pounds	.08	.10	.12	.14	.16	.19	.21	.24
3 Pounds	.11	.14	.17	.20	.23	.28	.31	.36
4 Pounds	.14	.18	.22	.26	.30	.37	.41	.48
5 Pounds	.17	.22	.27	.32	.37	.46	.51	.60
6 Pounds	.20	.26	.32	.38	.44	.55	.61	.72
7 Pounds	.23	.30	.37	.44	.51	.64	.71	.84
8 Pounds	.26	.34	.42	.50	.58	.73	.81	.96
9 Pounds	.29	.38	.47	.56	.65	.82	.91	1.08
10 Pounds	.32	.42	.52	.62	.72	.91	1.01	1.20
11 Pounds	.35	.46	.57	.68	.79	1.00	1.11	1.32

(Computed With a Star Parcel Post Map.)

TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT

Make Your Reservation Monday!

Clip the Coupon Elsewhere in Today's Paper.

FIFTY THOUSAND FOR BARIUM

(Continued from Page Nine.)

and dairy is an important part of the work at the Home. The products of these are an important part of the maintenance of the Home and the work affords splendid training for the boys in the Home. Every up-to-date farmer and business man realizes the necessity of equipment for this work, for efficient equipment is necessary to best results and in an enterprise of this kind it is simply a matter of economy to provide equipment to secure best results. A slipshod method as a result of poor equipment is not only a waste, but it is a great injustice to the boys who are being trained in the home. In undertaking the training of these children there is an obligation to give them the best possible training to equip them for the battle of life. If they never know anything but slipshod methods they leave the Home poorly equipped and handicapped in the race of life. It is a duty to see that they have a fair showing.

2. A storage building is needed for supplies raised on the farm. What profiteth it to be blessed with abundant harvests and have no place to store and care for what is produced? It is setting an example of criminal waste before the young people trained in the Home to allow any part of what may be produced on the farm to go to waste for lack of storage room. It is an example of shiftlessness that may handicap some of them all their days; and as a matter of business and economy the storage room should be provided.

3. The rooms used for school purposes are too small and overcrowded. The number of children has increased so that a modern school building is a necessity. The rooms now occupied for school purposes can be put to other uses; and with the new school building should be a commodious auditorium. Such a building would be a lasting memorial to some individual who would erect it.

4. A larger and better equipped infirmary is a pressing need. The two wards now provided are overtaxed in case of any epidemic among the children and wards should be provided for isolation. The inmates of the Home naturally come from homes where there have been sickness and death. While care is exercised to prevent the bringing in of disease proper care cannot be exercised under present conditions. Children coming into the Home should be isolated and their clothing disinfected to avoid the possibility of contagious disease; children suspected of having contagious disease should be isolated. Many of the children come from homes where tuberculosis has existed. In case such disease should develop there is now no place where the patient could be isolated and treated. The necessity for such isolation is apparent, since all medical authorities now agree that tuberculosis is contagious rather than hereditary.

5. The present industrial building is too small. Room is needed for laundry, printing office and workshop. The Home has the necessary machinery to dress all the wood for a building but there is not room for the machinery. A shoeshop should be installed to make and repair shoes for the inmates of the Home, a profitable industry in which the boys could be trained.

The enlarged industrial building, like the barns and the farm equipment, would not only be a wise economic policy, to bring into existence and develop profitable industries for the Home; but, as it is a duty the institution owes the boys it undertakes to train, to give them proper training so that when thrown on their own resources, as they are after a period, they will be equipped. They cannot be properly trained unless the means is provided. The lack of a proper industrial building not only handicaps the business of the Home, but is an injustice to the children trained there.

6. The buildings are now heated by stoves. A central heating plant to provide heat for all the buildings is not only necessary as an economic policy but as a matter of safety. To heat all the buildings from one plant would save labor and expense. But more important still, it would minimize the danger from fire that is always present in buildings heated by stoves. No matter how careful and watchful the superintendent and his aides, there are near 200 children in the Home and not all of them can be watched all the time. Those of us who have children know they are not as careful as adults; and however great the care, the danger from fire from stoves and stove-flues is always imminent. A fire in one of the buildings at the Home might mean loss of life. In such case would not we who have failed to do all we could to avoid the danger be morally responsible The necessity for the heating plant is pressing.

7. No matter how well constructed nor how carefully guarded, all buildings must be repaired in course of time. The buildings at Barium need repair, many of them extensive repair. The longer this is neglected the more expensive the repair in the end. It is business and economy to make repairs promptly.

8. More land is needed. There are now 220 acres, but the institution is growing. The land should be bought now to provide against future needs. Later it might be impossible to buy adjacent land.

9. An additional need for land is increased pasturage for cattle. A sufficient amount of land should be enclosed for pasture for the cattle. That is a necessity for the herd of cattle.

What Has Been Done?

A few years ago it was shown that the support fund for the Home was not sufficient. When the Presbyterians understood the situation at their Home they responded promptly and nobly. There is no complaint on that score now. The present need is equipment. The Home was established 23 years ago and in that time about $67,000 has been spent for permanent improvements, including the 220 acres of land, the 12 buildings and other equipment. About $23,000 of this was given by seven individuals, leaving $44,000 given by all the other Presbyterians in the State. This is an average of about $2,000 a year for the period and this $2,000 divided among 400 Presbyterian churches in the State would make an average of less than $5 per year for equipment from each church during the life of the institution. While provision is being made for support, surely the cost of equipment has not been a burden.

What Others Are Doing.

Comparisons may be odious but they are necessary sometimes to show us how far behind we are. The Children's Home at Winston-Salem, the orphanage of the Western North Carolina Methodist Conference, has been in existence about five years, and at the close of this year it will have spent practically $100,000 for equipment, about a third more than the Presbyterians spent in 23 years. Recently two individuals gave $10,000 each for buildings at this orphanage.

The orphanage of the North Carolina Methodist Conference, located at Raleigh, established long after the Home at Barium, has spent $107,000 for equipment.

The Baptist denomination, which surpasses all others in orphanage work, has spent on the Thomasville orphanage $159,975.33 for equipment. This includes 11 dormitories, school building, general dining room, printing office, industrial building (in which they have woodworking machinery and shoe shop), laundry building, general sewing room, a thoroughly equipped infirmary and the usual outbuildings; a horse and cow barn, 450 acres of land, sewerage, water and lights. This does not include the recent gift of the Kennedy farm in Lenoir county, valued at $100,000, on which two dormitories are being built to cost $7,500 each.

During its existence the Barium Home has sent out 600 boys and girls who spent an average of four years each at the institution. The great majority of these have made splendid men and women. From their ranks have come ministers, doctors, teachers, stenographers, mechanics, farmers, home makers. That is a splendid addition to citizenship. It is a work of which to be proud. In addition to the mental and physical training, the moral training is unsurpassed. There is no greater work nor more important work than the training of children. The child that is given proper moral, mental and physical training (by the latter is meant trained to work), is full panoplied for life's battle; has a capital far greater than money can give, and the worth of such additions to the citizenship of the State cannot be estimated. It is not exaggeration to say that our best trained citizenship today is the product of our orphanages. That is the work that is being done at Barium. But for this work at Barium and the other orphanages the children left homeless would be left not only to suffering and privation, but in the majority of cases probably would grow up untrained and fall into evil ways. There is no greater, nobler work, there is no greater claim on humanity and the church than this care of the orphan, and one who would do his duty to humanity and to God cannot neglect it.

The need at the Barium Home has been pointed out. It is great and pressing. The Presbyterians of the State are abundantly able to give the money asked for this equipment; and they should do it promptly. They will not only fall in their duty to the children, to humanity and to God, but the will discredit themselves as a denomination if the need is not promptly met. Having engaged in this work they must meet its needs and do work of which they need not feel ashamed.

If any who read this want to send subscriptions direct, Rev. W. T. Walker, Barium, is superintendent and treasurer.

TEN MILLION RICHER.

John D. Gets Mammoth Share of Standard Oil Melon.

New York, Feb. 3.—John D. Rockefeller is $10,000,000 richer today than he was yesterday. Of a special dividend declared today by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, this amount approximately represents his share of a total distribution of $39,312,000 on the company's capital at the rate of $40 a share.

The huge "melon" comes as a result, it was indicated in a statement given out by the company, of the Supreme Court's dissolution decree. This necessitated the payment to the parent company of vast sums owed to it by former subsidiaries.

Surest Prescription For Dyspepsia and Gastritis

If you went to thirty doctors and paid each his fee for a prescription for indigestion or any stomach misery it is ten chances to one you wouldn't get such a good prescription as the one from which MI-O-NA stomach tablets are made.

How can such a thing be? you naturally ask.

Simply because the specialist who wrote the prescription from which MI-O-NA tablets are made knows more about stomach diseases than 96 per cent of all physicians in America, and he gets paid for knowing.

And when you can get a large box of tablets made from this doctor's prescription for only 50 cents, are you going to continue to suffer?

For Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Catarrh of the Stomach and for Sourness, Fermentation, Lack of Appetite, Sick Headache and to make the Stomach strong and vigorous MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets are guaranteed. Only 50 cents at all pharmacists.

Robt. R. Bellamy guarantees them.

(Advertisement.)

The Master Cure for

RHEUMATISM

Muller's Famous Prescription 100384

Has banished more OBSTINATE and apparently hopeless cases of Rheumatism and Gout than all the specialists together.

Equally good for the bedfast, those on crutches, and those tormented at work.

Dr. J. Y. Macrae called it "GOD'S MEDICINE." It stood every test since 1861. Accept no substitute. Insist on Muller's Famous Prescription. At Druggists, 75c. Bottle. Booklet mailed free.

WM. H. MULLER, 352 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

CLEAN SWEEP SALE

Your opportunity to buy shoes at give-away prices is at hand. We are going to clean up and make room for Spring styles, and are going to do it regardless of price. This will be the biggest shoe sale of the season, and the only sale where you can buy shoes practically at your own figures. Commencing

Saturday, February 8th

This Clean-Sweep Sale will be put into operation and last for one week, and every pair of shoes offered will be of standard quality and correct in style. Here is the best chance you will ever have—don't let the sale close without supplying your needs for the whole family, and be sure to come early.

$2.50 Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Tan Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.98
$2.50 Patent Leather and Gun Metal Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale ..$2.39
$3.00 Patent Leather Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.49
$3.00 Gun Metal and Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.79
$3.50 Vici Kid Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.98
$3.50 Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Leather Button, Clean Sweep Sale $3.19
$4.00 Vici Kid Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $3.39
$4.00 Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Tan Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $3.69
$4.50 Tan Button and Lace Bals, Clean Sweep Sale $3.98
$5.00 Gun Metal and Tan Lace Bals, Clean Sweep Sale $4.48
$5.00 Gun Metal, Patent Leather and Tan Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $4.19
$6.00 Nettleton Tan and Gun Metal Button, Clean Sweep Sale $4.98
$6.00 Nettleton in all Leathers, Clean Sweep Sale $5.39

$2.50 Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.79
$2.50 Patent Leather and Gun Metal Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.98
$2.50 Patent Leather and Gun Metal Cloth-top Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19
$2.50 Growing Girls Black and Brown Vici, Low Heel, Clean Sweep Sale $1.98
$2.50 Growing Girls Gun Metal Blucher and Button, Low Heel, Clean Sweep Sale $2.39
$2.50 Growing Girls Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.98
$3.00 Black Velvet Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19
$3.00 Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Leather Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.49
$3.50 Black Velvet, Suede and Cravanette Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.69
$3.50 Patent Leather, Tan and Gun Metal Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.94
$4.00 Black and Brown Velvet Button, Clean Sweep Sale $2.98
$4.50 Gun Metal and Tan Button, Clean Sweep Sale $3.89

$1.50 Plain Toe Old Ladies' Comforts, Clean Sweep Sale $1.29
$1.50 Vici Kid Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.19
$1.75 Plain Toe Vici Kid, Old Ladies' Comforts, Clean Sweep Sale $1.39
$1.75 Vici Kid Blucher and Button Clean Sweep Sale $1.48
$2.00 Vici Kid Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.69
$2.00 Gun Metal and Vici Kid Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.69
$2.00 Vici Kid Plain Toe Old Ladies' Comforts, Clean Sweep Sale $1.79
50 Pairs Ladies' Samples Shoes Sizes 3 1-2 and 4 at Factory Prices.

100 Pairs Patent Leather and Vici Kid, Blucher and Button; sizes 1½ to 4; worth from $2.00 to $3.50; Clean Sweep $1.19

Kid Blucher, Good Work Shoe, worth $1.75, Clean Sweep Sale..$1.19
Satin Calf Blucher, Good Work Shoe, worth $1.75, Clean Sweep Sale $1.39
$2.50 Heavy Work Shoes in Black and Tan Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19
$2.50 Elk Skin Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19
$3.00 Black and Tan Elk Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.48
$3.50 Tan Elk Skin Blucher, Raw Hide Sole, Clean Sweep Sale $2.99
$5.00 Black and Tan, Leather-lined Blucher, Heavy Sole, Clean Sweep Sale $4.39
$4.50 Tan 12-inch High-cut Boots, Clean Sweep Sale $3.98
$5.00 Black and Tan 16-inch High-cut Boots, Clean Sweep Sale...$4.69

100 Pairs Men's Patent Leather and Gun Metal Button and Lace Shoes, broken lots that sold for $3.00 to $5.00; Clean Sweep Sale $1.39

SIZES: 8 to 12
$1.25 Vici Kid and Gun Metal School Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale 98c
$1.50 Gun Metal Blucher School Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale $1.39
$1.75 Vici Kid and Gun Metal Blucher School Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale $1.48

SIZES: 11 to 2
$1.75 Patent Leather and Gun Metal Blucher Dress Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale $1.59
$2.00 Patent Leather and Gun Metal Dress Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale $1.69
$2.50 Gun Metal and Patent Leather Dress Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19

SIZES: 2 1-2 to 5 1-2
Boys' Kangaroo Blucher, a good School Shoe, Clean Sweep Sale..$1.39
$1.75 Vici Kid Blucher, School Shoe, Clean Sweep Sale $1.48
$2.50 Gun Metal and Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale..$1.89
$2.50 Gun Metal Blucher, School Shoe, Clean Sweep Sale $2.19
$3.00 Gun Metal and Patent Blucher, Dress Shoe, Clean Sweep Sale $2.48
$3.50 Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Tan Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $2.98

Infant's 25c Soft-sole Shoes, Clean Sweep Sale 19c
Infant's 50c Soft sole Shoe, Clean Sweep Sale 44c

SIZES: 2 to 5
Infants' 75c Tan and Black Kid Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale .. 39c
Infant's $1.25 Gun Metal Lace, for little boys, Clean Sweep Sale 98c
Infant's $1.50 Patent Leather Velvet Top Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.19

SIZES: 5 to 8
85c Vici Kid and Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale .. 69c
$1.25 Vici Kid Button and Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale 98c
$1.50 Gun Metal and Kid Lace, for little boys, Clean Sweep Sale ..$1.29
$1.75 Vici Kid High Top Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.39

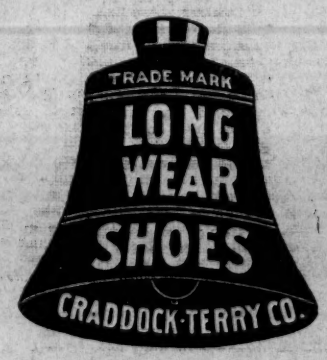
SIZES: 8 1-2 to 12
$1.25 Vici Kid Blucher, a good school shoe, Clean Sweep Sale..98c
$1.75 Patent Leather Blucher, Clean Sweep Sale $1.39
$2.00 Tan High Top Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.79
$2.00 Patent Leather, Cloth and Kid-top Button, Clean Sweep Sale $1.69

We have gone carefully thru our stock and marked down our Shoes to prices that will surprise you and are offering in this sale some of the most staple goods in our store. In the Fall, we bought, as usual, for our Winter's needs, but owing to the mild weather we have had we are slightly overstocked and also have a few broken lots that we are not going to carry over—price will not "cut any ice" when it comes to this Clean Sweep Sale—the goods have got to move, and we have put prices on them that will make them move.. We also have a few dozen pairs of Sample Shoes which we are going to put in this sale at prices below the actual manufacturing cost; if you can get a pair of these samples to fit you, it will be a wise investment. Don't forget the date:

Saturday, February 8th

AND CONTINUING FOR ONE WEEK

the biggest shoe sale in the history of Wilmington, sweeping before it hundreds of pairs of high class, standard quality shoes at astoundingly low prices. Read some of the heretofore unheard of bargains in this advertisement, then make your arrangements to come in early and make your selection before the stock is too much depleted.



PARCEL POST.

All orders from out of the city will be sent by prepaid Parcel Post.

Wilmington Shoe Co.

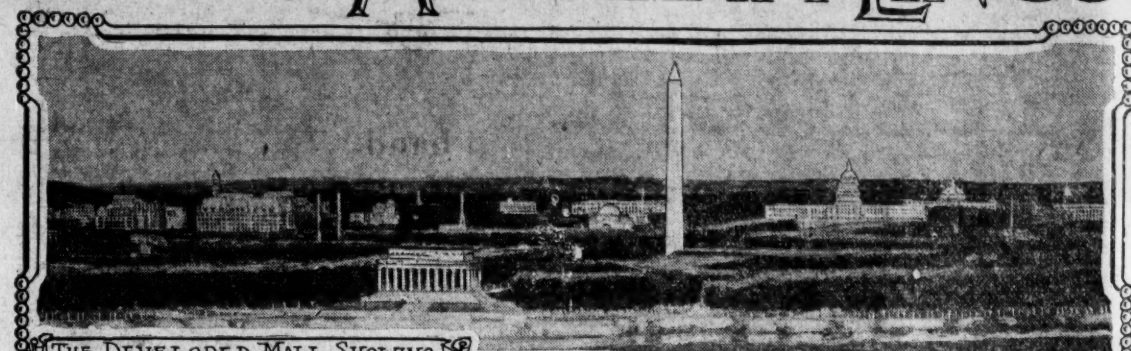
L. W. WESSELL, Manager.

NO. 217 [illegible]NT STREET 'PHONE NO. 605

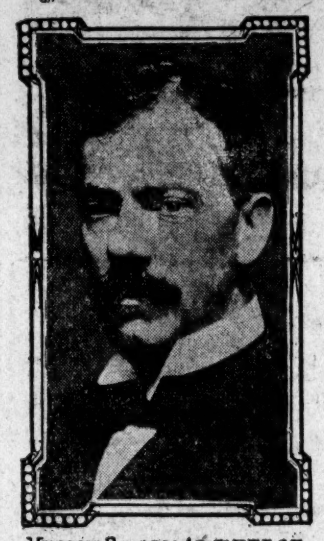
OUR GUARANTEE.

We guarantee all prices exactly as Advertised, money will be refunded if found otherwise.

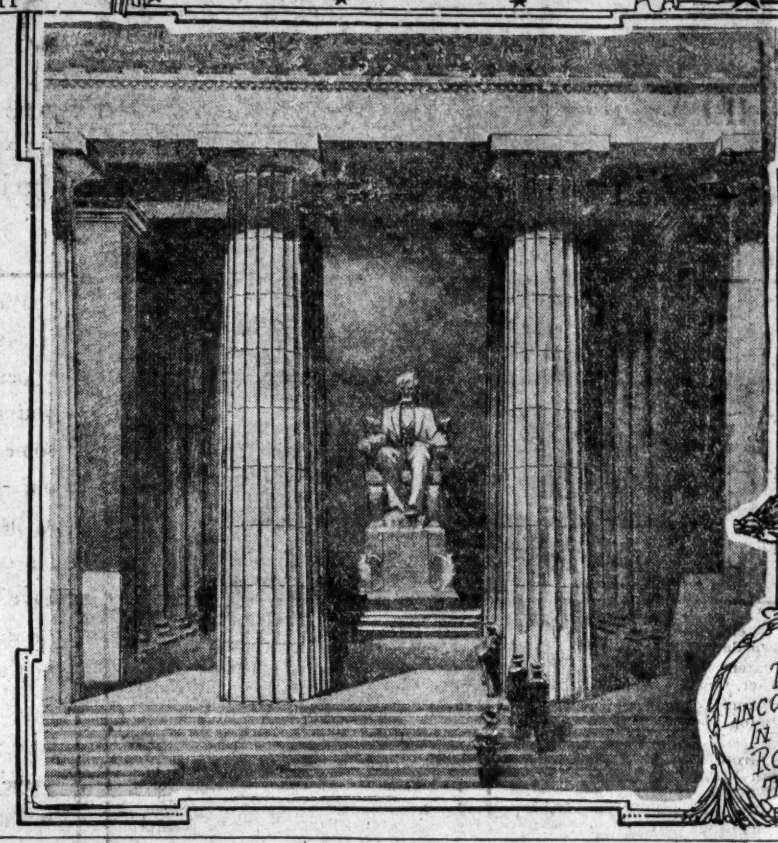
GREATEST OF MEMORIALS TO BE BUILT TO ABRAHAM LINCOLN



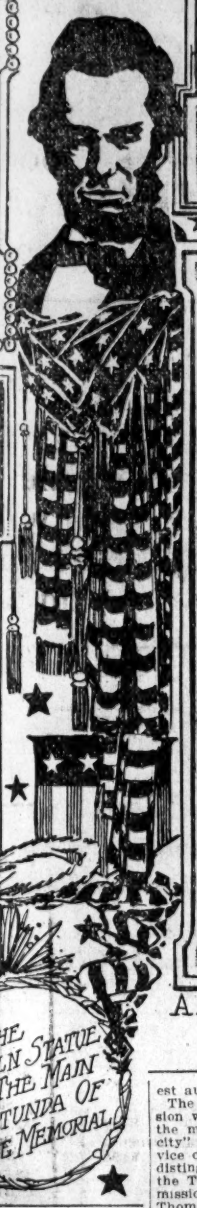
THE DEVELOPED MALL SHOWING MEMORIAL IN FOREGROUND TO LEFT OF THE MONUMENT



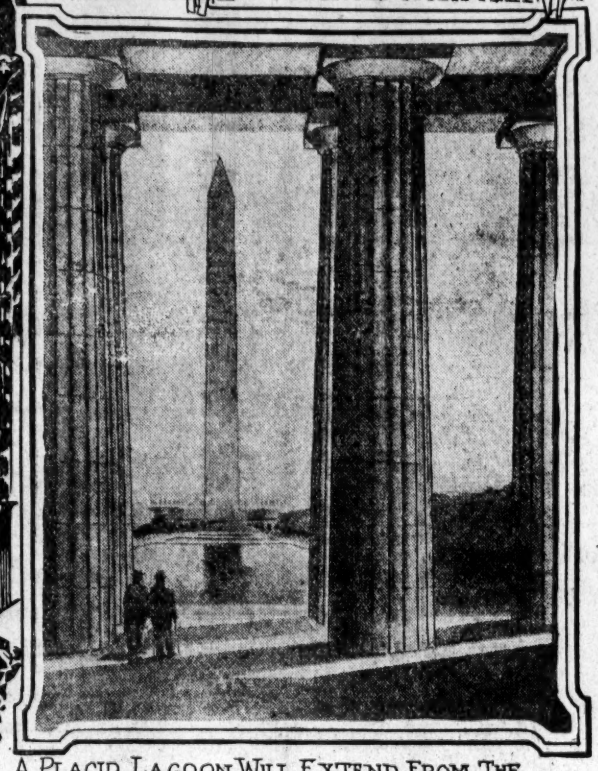
HENRY BACON, ARCHITECT OF THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL



THE LINCOLN STATUE IN THE MAIN ROTUNDA OF THE MEMORIAL



THE GREATEST MEMORIAL EVER ERECTED TO ANY MAN



A PLACID LAGOON WILL EXTEND FROM THE MEMORIAL TO THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNHONORED by any adequate memorial of bronze or stone for half a century, Abraham Lincoln, the preserver of the Union, is at last to be given such recognition through the erection of the greatest monument that the nation has ever built to any man.

A magnificent marble structure, glistening in snow white brilliance against the green background of surrounding forests and hills, and throwing down the gauntlet to any edifice heretofore built by the hand of man, is to be put up at the point where the Mall, the nation's historic parkway, reachesthe water front of the no less historic Potomac river.

When this memorial is built it will grace one end of the Mall, at the other end of which stands the National Capitol. At the feet of that Capitol will stand the monument to Ulysses S. Grant, the greatest of structures of another variety. Washington's monument—that monolith, the magnificent simplicity of which has become most intimately associated in the public mind with the National Capital—will be reflected in a placid lagoon a quarter of a mile long that will occupy the space between it and the Lincoln Memorial.

Directly across the Potomac stands the old Lee mansion, the one-time home of the leader of the Confederacy. It forms the executive mansion of Arlington cemetery, the nation's burying place for its distinguished dead. Linking these two, as Lincoln and Lee might have in spirit clasped hands across the Potomac, and typifying the friendship that has been restored between the north and the south, is contemplated the erection of a great memorial bridge.

Greatest of Parkways.

This final link in the three-mile chain will give to America a parkway of historic importance and artistic beauty such as has never been laid down since the world began. Beside it the classic Appian Way of Rome, bordered by statues of unparalleled beauty, will sink into insignificance. The Capitol of the United States has stood for more than a century as a model building in all American architecture. The Lee mansion, three miles away, but clearly to be seen on the Virginia hills, is an excellent type of distinctive colonial architecture. The Washington Monument needs no comment. The Grant Monument and the Lincoln Memorial are on their way, with practically unlimited money bac of them and their careers guarded by a fine arts commission that is insisting upon the best that the world has developed.

Bordering the great highway that is to bisect the Mall is to stand a series of government buildings in harmony with their surroundings. All these lie in a governmental parkway three miles long, that is destined to become America's greatest show place and to give the nation distinction in the artistic world.

History of the Memorial.

Of these the Lincoln memorial just now occupies the center of attention. The final consummation of the memorial plan is the result of many years of agitation. As far back as 1869 Congress incorporated the "Lincoln Monument Association," and funds were then collected toward adequately honoring the man who had saved the Union. Those funds were insufficient, but are still in the United States Treasury.

In 1902 Congress again acted upon the idea of a Lincoln memorial, and created a commission to secure plans and designs. This commission never came to any definite conclusion. Many bills providing for an adequate memorial in Washington have been introduced into Congress. No definite action was secured until, two years ago, a bill was finally passed authorizing the expenditure of $2,000,000 for this purpose.

At that time there was created a most distinguished commission, which was asked to settle upon a location and design for such a memorial. President Taft was chairman of that commission. Its members were Senator Shelby M. Cullom, who represents Lincoln's home district in Congress; Joseph G. Cannon, then Speaker of the House of Representatives; Champ Clark, then leader of the minority and now Speaker; Senator Thomas S. Martin, democratic leader in the upper house; Senator George Peabody Wetmore and Representative Samuel Walker McCall.

The federal government has, during the past decade, finally come to an appreciation of the artistic monstrosities that are sure to result from the erection of monuments, memorials or public buildings through the method of direct legislation. So in this case as in others of recent date, the Lincoln memorial commission, like other such bodies, was given the benefit of the advice of a fine arts commission, composed of the nation's greatest authorities upon these matters.

The chairman of the fine arts commission was Daniel H. Burnham of Chicago, the man who designed "the great white city" for the Chicago world's fair. The vice chairman was Francis D. Millet, the distinguished artist who went down with the Titanic. Other members of the commission are Frederic Law Olmsted, Thomas Hastings, Daniel C. French, Cass Gilbert and Charles Moore, all men of international reputation. This commission puts at the disposal of the federal government the best that the nation has in knowledge of art, architecture and city building.

It is this commission that has persuaded the federal government to return to the vision as seen by Washington and Jefferson and L'Enfant and to the plan of making the Mall the place of historical magnificence that they intended it to be. When Congress determined upon the building of a memorial to Lincoln the cost of which was to amount to the unprecedented figure of $2,000,000 there were a great many influences which sought to locate that memorial at one place or another.

The fine arts commission was asked to consider all these plans and eventually decided that from the standpoint of city development, artistic setting and general fitness the position at the other end of the Mall from the Capitol and on the brink of the Potomac was the most desirable. This commission also selected the architect and the design for the memorial.

Its report was unanimous. After much discussion the Lincoln memorial commission unanimously adopted its recommendations. The Senate of the United States has unanimously expressed its approval. The committee on library of the House of Representatives has unanimously reported in favor of the bill. But one thing remains undone before the actual erection of the memorial may begin. The House of Representatives has yet to approve the plan.

Selecting the Architect.

Henry Bacon is the architect selected by the fine arts commission to design this, the most important combination of art and architectural work that the federal government has ever undertaken. Bacon is not a man who would have been selected by any other sort of board than the fine arts commission. There are scores of architects in the United States much better known than is he. Yet this commission of the architects regarded Bacon as the man specially fitted for this particular piece of work. He is known as an architect's architect. The great builders of the nation have formed a habit of calling in Bacon whenever they have in hand a work of particular delicacy. Likewise has he long been a favorite with sculptors.

Bacon worked with Burnham in the building of the Chicago exposition, a work from which dates the architectural renaissance in America. He it was who designed many of the pedestals for the unsurpassed monuments of Saint-Gaudens. He is one of the board of architects for the San Francisco exposition.

The appropriation of $2,000,000 allowed Henry Bacon in building the Lincoln memorial will produce a structure of magnificent proportions. Washington's mighty monument, rising 555 feet above the ground, cost only a million and a half. No other monument in America has ever approached this expenditure. The great monument to Grant now in course of construction will cost $250,000. In Italy a monument has been built to Victor Emmanuel which cost practically $2,000,000. It will be the nearest approach in the world to the Lincoln memorial, and the fine arts commission holds that with the advantages of time and place the present memorial should far surpass that in Rome.

Unique Situation.

Topographically the location of this memorial will be peculiar. It is to be built on the lowest spot in Washington, despite the ordinary impression that a monument should be placed upon an eminence. The ground upon which it will stand is made land, formerly being a portion of the broad Potomac. During the last decade Potomac Park, a playground of Washington, has been built up largely of this made land.

This park rests in the bottom of a great saucer. Across the Potomac the Virginia hills rise like tiers of seats above an arena. In all directions on the Washington side of the river there likewise rise hills. All these look down into the bottom of this great saucer as the seats about an arena look down into its pit. As the arrangement at the arena has proven that an event placed in the pit may be better seen than if it were placed on an elevation, so it is maintained that the memorial placed on these lowlands may be better viewed than if the old idea of elevation were adhered to. The hills about Washington furnish the points of vantage for looking into the pit.

The magnificent proportions of this memorial are hard to appreciate. The first step in its building will be the construction of a series of terraces. These will elevate the base of the memorial itself to a height of forty-five feet above the present grade. The first terrace will be 1,000 feet in diameter. In the center of this plateau, surrounded by a wide roadway and walks, will rise an eminence supporting a rectangular stone wall which bounds the second terrace. Upon this second terrace rise three huge marble terraces like a giant's stairway. The memorial itself caps this pyramid of terraces.

The actual structure, composed of classic pillars and lofty halls, will be more than two hundred feet long and a hundred feet tall. It will be larger than one wing of the Capitol building. A concrete idea of its size may be had by estimating it as being as large as a six story building occupying the face of an entire block.

Bacon's Conception.

The architect himself, in describing the prominent features and the purposes of the memorial, said:

"The memorial itself should be free from the near approach of vehicles and traffic. Reverence and honor should suffer no distraction through lack of silence or repose in the presence of a structure reared to noble aims and great deeds.

"I propose that the memorial to Lincoln take the form of a monument symbolizing the Union of the United States of America, inclosing in the walls of its sanctuary three memorials to the man himself, one a statue of heroic size, expressing his humane personality, the others memorials of his two great speeches; one of the Gettysburg speech, the other of the second inaugural address, each with attendant sculpture and painting telling in allegory of his splendid qualities, evident in those speeches.

"The statue will occupy the place of honor, a position facing the entrance which opens toward the Capitol. This position is in a central hall, separated by screens of columns from the spaces at each side, in each of which will be one of the other memorials. Each of these three memorials will thus be secluded and isolated and will exert its greatest influence. I cannot imagine a memorial to Lincoln so powerful in its meaning and so appropriate to his life as an imposing emblem of the Union inclosing memorials of his qualities and achievements. Such a memorial placed on a site of such significance and possibility of broad treatment as the site in Potomac Park will convey its lesson with the greatest force.

"The site presents no difficulty in the way of making an imposing and appropriate setting for the memorial, which, by means of an elevation of the ground, will rise many feet above the tops of the proposed surroundings trees, even when full grown. It will be conspicuous from many points of view, and by means of openings in the encircling foliage will be seen in its entirety from six different monument approaches. Its whole eastern and western facades will be exposed to view, the former toward the Washington Monument and the latter toward the Potomac river and hills of Arlington.

Symbolizes Nation's Growth.

"On a granite rectangular base is placed a series of plinths or steps, thirteen in number, typifying the thirteen original states. The top step supports on its outer edge a Greek doric colonnade of thirty-six columns, symbolizing the Union of 1865, each column representing a state existing at the time of Lincoln's death. This colonnade of the Union surrounds the wall of the memorial hall, which rises through and above it, and at the top of the wall is a decoration, supported at intervals by eagles, of forty-eight memorial festoons, one for each state in the Union today. The above three features of the exterior design represent the Union as originally formed, as it was at the triumph of Lincoln's life, and as it is when we plan to erect a monument to his memory.

"These cumulative symbols house as their kernel the memorials of Lincoln's great qualities, which must be so portrayed to mankind that devotion, integrity, charity, patience, intelligence and humaneness will find incentive to growth, and by contemplation of a monument to his memory and to the Union the just pride that citizens of the United States have in their country will be supplemented by increasing gratitude to Abraham Lincoln for saving it to them and to their children.

"The memorial hall is sixty feet wide and 185 feet long, and its walls and floor will be of colored marble. The ceiling, which is sixty feet high, will be supported by massive bronze beams, gilded, colored and lacquered, and light may be introduced through the ceiling where found by experiment to be of the best advantage. The columns of the interior are of the Greek Ionic order and are fifty feet in height.

"The statue of Lincoln is of white statuary marble, and the tentative height of the figure on the sketch of the interior is twelve feet. The figure, if standing, would be about sixteen feet high. The memorials to the two speeches will be incorporated in the end walls of the memorial hall. Large tablets bearing the full text of Lincoln's two great speeches, combined with adjacent allegorical figures, will form imposing memorials. At each end of the outside vestibule are two spaces, one of which can be for the use of an attendant and the other two for a staircase giving caretakers access to the roof and the basement.

"The large doorway, eighteen feet wide and thirty-six feet high, is equipped with heavy doors of bronze grilles filled with plain glass. In mild weather these doors can be left open during the day, and in the cold winter months a temporary bronze and glass vestibule can be provided in the lower portion of the large grilles which are subdivided at the bottom for this purpose.

"To the east of the memorial, extending toward the Washington Monument, is proposed a large lagoon, which will introduce into the landscape an element of repose and beauty, and in its waters the reflection of the memorial will add to its tranquillity and retirement. A woodland scene should occupy the parkway round about."

UNDER THE BIG WHITE DOME

Broke the Deadlock.

Hampton Moore, representing a district in the city of Philadelphia, tells the following story from the Baltimore convention:

"If it had not been for a Pennsylvania delegate named Joe Schraeder, Wilson might not have been nominated. At any rate, Pennsylvania would not have gone for him, and there is no telling what would have happened.

"Joe was days late, and the balloting had been going on unceasingly, with men fretting their hearts out in the struggle between Clark and Wilson. Just as it came to a crisis, with Pennsylvania holding the crucial position, the Keystone state delegation was evenly divided.

"At that moment into the great convention hall rushed Joe with his grip. He cast his vote for Wilson, and from that moment the tide swung to the Governor of New Jersey."

An Apostle of Authenticity.

William Burns, the detective, was once in the city of Pittsburgh, one of his close friends at the Capitol relates, on the trail of some big crooks who were giving the government all kinds of trouble. He had disguised himself very satisfactorily, he thought, and was in mortal terror lest some newspaper should discover his presence, since a statement to that effect in print would put an end to his usefulness on the case. One persistent reporter got an inkling of what was going on, and after following the disguised Burns for about three days, at last cornered him in his lodging house, which was in an obscure corner of the city.

"I want you to tell me why you are here," said the reporter.

"But I am not Burns."

"Oh, yes, you are!" insisted the reporter. And then, in a blaze of confidence, he added: "You see, I know all about why you are here."

"Then why do you need any explanation."

"Why, I thought you might give me some facts so that the story would be true!"

Certainly!

One story that President Taft delights to tell when he is introduced to an audience in a particularly flowery manner concerns a tenderfoot who witnessed an old time poker game in a Nevada mining town.

"This tenderfoot stood behind the dealer," said the President, "and saw the latter deal himself four aces from the bottom of the pack. He turned to the native beside him, who had apparently watched the deal closely, but the native's face was expressionless.

After a moment the tenderfoot edged closer to his neighbor and whispered.

"'Did you see that?'

"'See what?' inquired the native.

"'Why, that man dealt himself four aces from the bottom.'

"'Well, it's his deal, ain't it?' queried the native in surprise."

Temptation.

Representative Solomon Francis Prouty of the seventh district of Illinois is the only man in the House of Representatives who chews gum, and he chews it with a remarkable avidity. He took the gum habit after a conference of Iowa physicians had warned him that he must either stop smoking or fill a grave. They suggested chewing gum as a substitute for my Lady Nicotine.

The only time he has smoked in ten years was on a hot day last summer while out campaigning. He stopped to talk with an old farmer who was puffing at a corncob pipe. The smoke got into Representative Prouty's nose, and as soon as he reached town he rushed into his office, grabbed his secretary by the arm and almost shouted:

"For goodness sake dig out that pipe of yours and give me a puff! Lock the doors, and keep every man out who looks like a doctor. I've got to smoke or bust!"

A Peculiar Gift.

John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Union, is a very close friend of Andrew Carnegie, and occasionally spends a vacation with the "laird of Skibo" at his Scotch country place, which is about as big as an ordinary county. At one of these visits, before the present fine marble building of the Pan-American Union in Washington had been completed, Mr. Barrett was with Mr. Carnegie in the breakfast room at Skibo.

"John," said his host, "what does that Pan-American Union of yours need more than anything else?"

Mr. Barrett started to think.

"Now, don't think about it," said Mr. Carnegie, "just blurt it out. The one thing you want."

Still Mr. Barrett continued to think. There were hundreds of things that he had planned for his pet project, and all of them came crowding to his mind at once.

"Don't stop to think, I tell you. If there is any one big thing it needs you will know it at once. I'm going to give you anything you want, but you've got to tell it to me on the dot. If you stop to think, then I'll know it is not needed badly."

John Barrett walked to the window. His eye caught the vast expanse of lawn and trees. The scene was very beautiful, and he remembered the bare space of clay and mud surrounding the marble building of his Pan-American Union back in Washington.

"Well, Mr. Carnegie," he said, "I think we need some grass more than anything else."

And now the visitor in Washington who walks down 17th street and stops in f[illegible] American Union building c[illegible] another w[illegible] d the smartly ar[illegible] heatre Mo[illegible] (Adver[illegible]

Map Coupo[illegible]

Not "Full" Enough.

Representative Burnett of Alabama, the only man who has ever succeeded in breaking down the ancient custom of "calendar Wednesday" in the House, is the shortest man in the legislature. Once, during the fight to oust former Speaker Cannon, Mr. Burnett arose and shouted, "Mr. Speaker!"

Uncle Joe looked at the man for a second and then said:

"It is customary for gentlemen to rise when addressing the chair."

"I am standing to my full height," roared Burnett.

But the House laughed so loud that another representative was recognized before "the gentleman from Alabama" could compose himself.

A Foxy Deal.

Once upon a time when William Cannon Houston, representative from Tennessee, was a farmer, he took some eggs to town to sell to the hotel keeper.

"How much a dozen?" asked the proprietor.

"Thirty cents," said the young Houston.

"Pretty high, ain't they?"

"No, eggs are scarce."

"Well, give me eight dozen."

Houston counted out his eggs and found he had just one more than eight dozen, so he slipped the ninety-seventh egg in his pocket.

"That's a mean trick," said the hotel man. "You ought to give me that egg as good measure.

"Can't do it," said Houston. "That's where I make my profit. I have figured pretty close. But I'll give you that egg for a drink."

The bargain was made, and the two went into the hotel bar.

"What'll you have?" asked the hotel keeper, as he took the extra egg.

"Oh, give me a little egg and sherry," said Houston.

$12.55

Inauguration of President Wilson

Washington, D. C.

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FINAL LIMIT: Tickets will be limited to reach original starting point returning before midnight of March 10, 1913, with privilege of extension to reach original starting point returning before midnight of April 10, 1913, by deposit of ticket with Joseph Richardson, Special Agent, Terminal Station, Washington, D. C., not later than midnight of March 8, 1913, and upon payment of fee of $1.00 at time of deposit.

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T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent — W. J. CRAIG. Passenger Traffic Manager

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

MOSTLY CONTEMPLATIVE

(By T. W. Chambliss.)

It is one of those dreary nights and to rest my mind a little I have picked up an old magazine. In it, as I turn the pages lazily there catches my eye an article and I have read it. One suggestion takes hold of the mind and I am contemplative. The writer remarks that the greatest defect in modern business and the gravest obstacle in the way of the average young man's success is the failure to make one's self understood. I have often noted how hard it is to make those about you understand your purpose and your meaning. I have often wondered why it happened that in so many instances there was misunderstanding. It is a fact that so often we are unfortunate in the selection of words and sometimes the trouble is with the expression of the face and misunderstanding results.

Some time ago I wrote a letter, one of a number, I wrote a little hastily and without the proper thought, but entirely without intention of any unkindness of expression. I did not even mean to be critical further than a kindly expression of opinion, but the recipient of the letter did not catch a vision of my real meaning and there was misunderstanding. The incident was fresh on my mind that dreary night when I lazily picked up the magazine and read the article.

I put aside the magazine and leaning back I pondered, so many misunderstandings in this world. So much of sadness because of the misunderstood. It is not good to be gloomy and downhearted, but that night, with the wind whistling, the rain drizzling and the fact that everything has not passed off during the day as I wished to be brings gloomy contemplations to me.

I am thinking of the tragedies of the misunderstood. There was a little child and its heart is unstained with knowledge of evil. With pure purpose and tender intention, but without developed judgment the child has tried in an unfortunate way to do something for mother. The mother, failing to understand the childish motive, punished the error of judgment where with the proper understanding she would have praised the motive and caressed the thoughtful child. Innocent childhood, in turn, misunderstanding the punishment of a well-intended deed, loses faith and confidence in the mother. A life of tragedy begins.

Over yonder two boys are playing. They fail to understand each other. Angry words come all too quickly. Then follow the blows. Parental chastisement and the parents misunderstand. There is still more tragedy. In another direction two friends meet. They differ in opinion, but they fail to understand each the other. There is first discussion, then incrimination, then dispute. There is hot word. The pistol flashes. Death and darkness. One soul is swept into eternity and the other into the throes of life-long remorse. Terrible tragedy and through the fact that they did not understand.

There was a happy home. Husband and wife through the years have gone together along the way and they have met the storms of the usual struggle with the beginnings. They have smiled at failure and they have achieved success. Then comes the first difference. That woman was true as steel and her heart was as pure as an angel heart. He misunderstood her one day, the happiness departed. The home was wrecked. Two wretched souls with heavy hearts and disgraced children went their separate ways. It was the tragedy of the misunderstood.

The faithful preacher of a village church, striving with his best ability to preach the Gospel of Peace and Love notes a coolness in the atmosphere. He wonders and waiting, watches. He loves the people, he has stood beside the sick bed and has stood at the open tomb. He has read the marriage vows. He has wished to help them in every need. The coolness grows, and it is that he is misunderstood and unappreciated. He passes. His heart is crushed. When the end has come, they placed fragrant blossoms on the casket and a monument over the grave. But he is dead, and he died a victim of the tragedy of the misunderstood.

These contemplations, brought to me that dark and dreary night through recollections of incidents of my own knowledge, brought to me also a wondering if some day we would not come to an understanding and then would we not wonder how it happened that we misunderstood? How is that in blindness and thoughtlessness we have misjudged each other and have been led into unfortunate criticism of each other How much coldness and aloofness, how many criticisms, how many harsh words, broken hearts, and deeds of violence are caused simply by a human weakness in failing to understand.

But, after all, if the misunderstood could only understand, would they be so perplexed or would they not in loving forgiveness, go cheerfully on in unselfish service? However dark the night of misunderstanding, look with hope to the morning; for there is a day coming, glad and nappy day, when we shall know each other better.

THE PLAYGROUNDS

An "Enthusiast" Writes From Atlantic City, N. J.

Editor Star: As a veteran advocate and organizer of playgrounds and a practical play leader of broad experience, I want to say a word relative to the "insurmountable obstacle" in the way of the proposed playground in your city as advocated by Dr. Ernest S. Bulluck, in his letter of January 31st, namely: "The cold fact, that whichever social strata dominated the playground would exclude all the others." Every playground is a city in miniature and the children therein are receiving solid training towards a superb citizenship. The social strata that dominates is measured by conduct. In the playground the boy counts for what he can do. If he is the fleetest he is first; if he is the strongest he is hailed the chief; if he is bravest and gentlest his is the palm. His family neither win nor lose his place. The playground of today does not simply mean a place to play where children can gather and follow their own sweet will. It means a place where play is under a trained and wise direction, where a play leader as skilled in his line as a school teacher in his controls; a place where the science of play is so perfect that none can see the science.

Dr. Woods Hutchison has said that half a century ago our social and industrial organization was so loose that there was plenty of room for the child to grow up in the gaps and interspaces. Now it is so compact that he has scarcely breathing room and no play room. As to our streets they are more impossible as playgrounds than ever. with steel car tracks along both curbs and automobiles all over the roadway, they are about as suitable for playgrounds as the tracks of a trunk line railway. However, the suggestion of carrying the project along larger lines is a good one.

Why not use the spaces already ground equipment and play leaders in the spacious schoolyards that Dr. Bulluck refers to and the beautiful Hilton and Greenfield Lake. Baltmore has park playgrounds, schoolyard playgrounds and large muncipal playgrounds as well as street play in neighborhoods far removed from playgrounds. Atlantic City, N. J.

PLAYGROUND ENTHUSIAST.

FIREMEN AND POLICEMEN.

Representative Kellum's Bill for Pensions in Legislature.

A Bill to be Entitled "An Act to Place the Members of the Fire Department and Members of the Police Force of the City of Wilmington on a Pension."

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That full power and authority be and the same are hereby conferred upon the City Council of the City of Wilmington to place any person upon a pension who has performed twenty years' service in either the fire department of the City of Wilmington, or on the police force of the said city upon the recommendation of the Chief of the fire department, if the applicant be a fireman, and if the applicant be a policeman the recommendation must be made by the chief of the police force, and the recommendation of either the chief of the fire department or the chief of the police force shall first have been approved by the Councilman of Public Safety.

Sec. 2. That the said City Council shall have full power and authority to designate the amount to be paid and prescribe the rules and regulations under which the same shall be paid.

Sec. 3. That this act shall apply only to the present members of the fire department and members of the police force and to those who may become members of their department hereafter and serve for twenty years.

Sec. 4. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

GREENHEART

A Wood That Outlasts Iron and Steel, So It Is Said

A wood which, according to the Department of Agriculture, outlasts iron and steel when placed in water is British Guiana greenheart. It is used in ship and dock building, trestles, bridges, shipping platforms, flooring, and for all purposes involving great wear and tear. The woods of two species of West African trees have been introduced into English markets as substitutes for greenheart under the name of African greenheart, but both are inferior to the South American tree.

All the gates, piers and jetties of the Liverpool docks and practically all the lock gates of the Bridgewater canal in England are of greenheart. It furnished the material also for the 50 pairs of lock gates in the Manchester, England, ship canal. When the greenheart dock gates in the Mersey harbor at Liverpool were removed in order that the channel might be deepened and widened, the same wood was again employed in building the enlarged gates, and wood placed in the gates of the Canada dock in 1856 was used again in its reconstruction in 1894. The use of greenheart has been specified for sills and fenders in the lock gates of the Panama canal. Nansen's ship, the "Fram," and the Anarctic ship "Discovery," were built of greenheart. In addition to its use as timber, great quantities of the wood are made into charcoal.

Though it grows in parts of British, French and Dutch Guiana, Venezuela, Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Trinidad, Jamaica and Santo Domingo, it is being cut only in British Guiana, where it is found along the sea coast and water courses, seldom extending more than 50 miles inland. Greenheart used to bring $1.00 per cubic foot at the point of shipment, but the present price is considerably less. Constant drain for more than 100 years upon the most accessible stands of greenheart in British Guiana has stripped the forest of its best material, and the wood now obtained is of inferior quality. Tracts are now being cut over in some places for the third time. Only the heartwood of the tree possesses the peculiar durability desired, and the best wood is found in old trees.

The wood of three other species of the same botanical family is occasionally cut and sold with the genuine greenheart. These are the white cirouballi or sirauballi, the yellow cirouballi, sometimes called "black cedar," and the keritee or kretti. Circular 211 of the Forest Service, which describes greenheart and its various uses, tells how to distinguish between it and these substitutes. While they closely resemble greenheart, they are inferior to it in durability.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

LACKED SEVEN VOTES.

Henry Hollis Came Near Election in New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 4.—Henry F. Hollis, Democrat, not only regained the lead in the contest for United States Senator today, but came within seven votes of being elected.

The vote was: Hollis 204; Pearson, Republican, 180; Bass, Progressive, 22; scattering 15.

It provides that the contest be referred to the people in a preferential election on town meeting day, March 11th, and that the legislators pledge themselves to select the candidate receiving the largest vote. This bill follows suggestions made by former Governor Bass last week.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

Rheumatism Neuralgia Sprains

MISS C. MAHONEY, of 2708 K. St., W. Washington, D. C., writes: "I suffered with rheumatism for five years and I have just got hold of your Liniment, and it has done me so much good. My knees do not pain and the swelling has gone."

Quiets the Nerves

MRS. A. WEIDMAN, of 403 Thompson St., Maryville, Mo., writes:—"The nerve in my leg was destroyed five years ago and left me with a jerking at night so that I could not sleep. A friend told me to try your Liniment and now I could not do without it. I find after its use I can sleep."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

"Is a good Liniment. I keep it on hand all the time. My daughter sprained her wrist and used your Liniment, and it has not hurt her since."

JOSEPH HATCHER, of Selma, N. C., R.F.D., No. 4.

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Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

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And the beauty and power derived from electrical energy are yours. A button a child can manipulate easily will bring you light and sound through the drop lights, and telephones and other electrical contrivances for seeing, hearing, time and labor saving, we place under your control. We do everything in the electrical line short of harnessing Niagara, do it without a fuss, without extravagance. Full and complete line of electrical supplies on hand.

J. O. BROCK

'PHONE: 573. 123 MARKET ST.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

James Eads How, the "Millionaire Hobo," was deposed as leader of the Migatory Workers of the World in the hobo convention at New Orleans yesterday.

Both the Balkan allies and the Turks are hourly expecting the powers to make some move to avert the threatened resumption of the Turkish-Balkan war.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, speaking at the National Corn Exposition at Columbia yesterday advised the farmers not to sell their corn, and feed it to stock.

General Castro, who has secured temporary freedom on a habeas corpus writ, shunned the streets of New York yesterday and gave up his announced plan of seeing the sights.

William R. Nelson, editor and owner of the Kansas City Star, was pronounced guilty of contempt yesterday afternoon, persistent efforts of counsel saving him from serving a one-day sentence in jail.

The Senate yesterday passed the Works' resolution limiting the tenure of Presidents to a single term of six years, the proposed constitutional amendment receiving one more vote than the necessary two-thirds.

A large assemblage of North Carolinians attended the first dinner of the North Carolina Society in Washington last night. Gov. Locke Craig, who responded to a toast, reviewed the State's resources and spoke of railroad rate discrimination practiced against North Caroiina points.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour dull. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.09 1-2 to 1.11. Corn steady, 57. Turpentine steady. Rosin firm.

TUESDAY.

Many bills of a local nature were introduced in the North Carolina Legislature yesterday.

An agreement for a six power loan to China was reached yesterday and will be signed today.

The House Currency Reform Committee will shortly begin consideration of Chairman Pujo's report on the money trust investigation.

Frederick O. Beach, the New York millionaire club man, will be placed on trial at Aiken, S. C., today, charged with assault and battery on his wife with intent to kill.

William R. Nelson, editor of the Kansas City Star, who was sentenced to one day's imprisonment for contempt of court, had another narrow escape from jail yesterday.

The income tax amendment to the Federal constitution was ratified by three-fourths of the States yesterday, and the extra session of Congress will take up the matter of framing an income tax law.

The Turkish-Balkan war was resumed on schedule time yesterday, the allies beginning the bombardment of Adrianople promptly at 7 o'clock. Only a small skirmish took place at the Chatalja lines.

The Supreme Court of the United States yesterday upheld the New York Federal courts in throwing out two counts of the indictment under the Sherman anti-trust law of the United Shoe Machinery Co.

Gov. Wilson announced yesterday that he would appoint Joseph Tumulty, his private secretary, as secretary to the President after March 4th. He denied that he had made any other appointments whatever.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 2 1-2 to 2 3-4 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 1-2; offered at 2 5-8. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 1.09 1-2 and 1.11. Corn steady, 56 3-4. Turpentine steady. Rosin firm.

WEDNESDAY.

The Republicans won their fight yesterday to secure an executive session of the Senate, but the Democrats forced an early adjournment.

An injunction was secured against the New York Public Service Commission yesterday restraining them from signing operating contracts for the city's new $300,000,000 subway.

The prosecution practically completed its case yesterday against Frederick O. Beach, charged with an assault on his wife, and the case is expected to go to the jury some time today.

Notwithstanding the fact that the principal charges of corruption brought against the two West Virginia Senators have been withdrawn, the Senate Elections Committee will investigate their election.

The Turks remain on the defensive at Tchatalja and Adrianople, replying only feebly to the bombardment of the Bulgarians. The commander of Adrianople has declared he will not surrender the fortress till every soldier is killed.

John Paul Farrell, a discharged apartment house janitor, yesterday confessed he killed Mrs. Bernard Herrera in New York with a bomb Sunday night. He also confessed to other bomb outrages that have puzzled the police for a long time.

Gov. Craig yesterday appointed Senator W. B. Council, Representative E. J. Justice and N. B. Broughton as the commission under a joint resolution of the Legislature to confer with railroad officials as to the possibility of eliminating inter-State rate discriminations against North Carolina points.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-2 to 2 3-4 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 1-2; offered at 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.09 1-2 and 1.11. Corn firm, 57 3-4. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

THURSDAY

President-elect Wilson will begin work on his inaugural address today and expects to complete it in about two weeks.

The board of governors of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday adopted a stringent resolution against "wash sales."

A filibuster in the House yesterday prevented any action on the proposed government appropriation for the Panama Exposition.

The Bureau of Corporation's report on the Harvester Trust discloses the organization of the mammoth International Harvester Co.

Gov. Wilson announced yesterday that he will wait till after he is inaugurated before announcing the personnel of his cabinet.

The State rested its case yesterday in the trial of Frederick O. Beach, and both Mrs. Beach and Mr. Beach will take the stand in the latter's defense today.

The Bulgarians continued the bombardment of Adrianople yesterday and burned the town of Tchatalja. They are making an attempt to capture the Gallipoli peninsula, having succeeded in their first operations in that quarter.

The British steamer Roumanian, just arrived at Newport News, reports having picked up the Norwegian bark Remittent, abandoned at sea, and the whereabouts of her crew is a mystery as the vessel was perfectly seaworthy, provisioned and fully rigged.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 2 3-4; closing bid 2 7-8; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour dull. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 1.09 1-2 and 1.11. Corn easy, 57 1-2. Turpentine and rosin firm.

FRIDAY.

Plans for the inauguration of President-elect Wilson are rapidly nearing completion.

Nineteen persons were drowned yesterday when the schooner Granada, a small coasting vessel, was wrecked off Greytown, Nica.

President-elect Wilson declared yesterday he had not yet decided upon any legislative recommendations he will make to the extra session of Congress.

The official terms of the dissolution plans of the Union Pacific Railroad Co., and the Southern Pacific, as made public yesterday, give absolute ownership of Central Pacific to the Union.

News from the seat of war was meagre yesterday and only vague reports of fighting were received. The Bulgarians are meeting with success in their attack on the Gallipoli peninsula.

The House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns voted for an unfavorable report yesterday evening on the Kellum bill for the annexation of a portion of Brunswick county to New Hanover.

All the evidence in the Beach case was completed yesterday and it is expected to go to the jury today. Mr. and Mrs. Beach, testifying for the defense, told similar stories which remained unshaken after cross-examination.

At a meeting of the joint committee of the General Assembly on Judicial Districts yesterday it was decided that two sub-committees shall work out the apportionment of the State into the 20 judicial districts decided upon and the matter of salaries to be paid the 20 solicitors.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 7-8; closing bid 2 3-4; offered at 2 7-8. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat irregular; No. 2 red 1.08 1-2 and 1.10. Corn firm, 58. Turpentine steady. Rosin steady.

SATURDAY

Storm clouds over Central America caused the United States yesterday to order four warships there.

The lower house of the Legislature yesterday amended the Senate Building & Loan Association bill, fixing the maximum borrowing power at 20 per cent of assets.

A Greek aviator made a daring flight over the Dardanelles yesterday and dropped three bombs near the Turkish fleet. Fighting continues in the Gallipoli peninsula.

James Purcell, one-time partner of Herman Rosenthal in a gambling establishment, yesterday appeared at the New York aldermanic graft investigation and testified that he had paid over $50,000 for police protection.

Frederick O. Beach, the New York millionaire charged with an assault on his wife, was acquitted at Aiken, S. C., yesterday, the foreman of the jury telling him there was absolutely no case against him.

Litigation over the bequest of $2,000,000 made to the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Boston, by Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, ended yesterday when her natural heirs reached an agreement with the trustees of the church.

William Rockefeller, the aged Standard Oil magnate, suffered a nervous collapse yesterday at Jekyl Island while he was being examined by representatives of the Pujo Committee. The examination was abruptly terminated and his testimony will likely never be taken.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 2 3-4; closing bid 2 7-8; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.09 and 1.10 1-2 nominal. Corn steady, 58 1-2. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

COUNTY BOND ISSUES.

These Are Preferable to Township Efforts, Says Dr. Pratt

(By Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State Geologist.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 3.—For many years the decisions of the Supreme Court of North Carolina have held that public roads are public necessities, and for this reason county officials have the right and power to borrow money either directly or on bonds of the county for the purpose of constructing public roads in the county. These decisions of the Supreme Court have had a very salutary effect upon the sale of bonds; and in many instances county bonds have been sold as bearing only 4 1-2 per cent interest, and even at this rate have brought a premium.

The benefits to be derived from the construction of public roads in any county are not confined to that county but, very beneficial results extend to adjoining counties; and, in fact, are of direct value and benefit to the State, as a whole. Public roads are the common property of all of the people of the State, and all have the right and privilege to use them, regardless of what county may have paid for their construction. It is, therefore, very essential if the best results are to be obtained in road work, to make the unit of this work as large as possible. At the present time it does not seem advisable for the State to be the unit, and, therefore, the next unit in size would be the county; and every precaution should be taken, in raising revenue for the construction and maintenance of public roads, for the county to be the unit. There are many reasons why the county should be the unit in road construction, and not the township:

First: If revenue for the construction of the roads is obtained by a bond issue, the county is able to issue its bonds at a much cheaper rate of interest than the township, and there is also a readier market for county than township bonds.

Second: County bonds are more apt to bring a premium than township bonds, and thus a greater amount can be realized by their sale.

Third: With the county as a unit, one road commission would have supervision of all the roads in the county; while, with the township as a unit, various commissions would have charge of the roads in the separate townships.

Fourth: Less equipment is necessary for carrying on the road work with the county as a unit than when equipment has to be provided for each township. This is true even when the townships try to combine in buying their road equipment; and there is very apt to be friction between the different township authorities in regard to the use of jointly purchased equipment.

Fifth: The chain gang is much more easily and economically handled when the county is the unit. With the township as a unit, even when there is a chain gang maintained in the county, there is constant friction between the various townships as to the use of this chain gang; or else it is used one year in one township and the next year in another and to the detriment of the roads in each.

Sixth: The county can afford to employ a competent road superintendent, where it would be possible for each township to employ such a man. This is also true of the supervising Road engineer.

Seventh: Perhaps the greatest objection to any sub-division being the unit, except the county is the fact that if townships begging to issue bonds for their road construction, and build roads in these townships (and it is practically always the richer townships which start a bond issue) it will mean that these richer (usually urban townships) will get a system of good roads and the balance of the county will not be able to get roads for many years, or even generations to come, without some outside help. The outlying townships of a county help to build up and increase the wealth of the business centers; and it is only right and just that these latter townships should join with the others in a general county system for building and maintaining the roads of the county. Not only do the rural townships need the roads, but it is of advantage to the urban townships to have good roads built through all the townships of the county, inasmuch as such a system of good roads will greatly increase the trade between one section of the county with another.

I am, therefore, very strongly in favor of the county unit for raising revenue for road work and of a county organization which shall have charge of the construction and maintenance of roads. And whenever the question of raising revenue for road work by a bond issue is taken up, I would earnestly urge that the people of the county be given an opportunity to express themselves by a vote as to whether or not they want a county bond issue. Then, if the county turns down the bond issue, I believe it is only right and just for progressive townships to issue bonds if they wish. But give the county the opportunity of issuing bonds before any township in that county undertakes the issuance of bonds for public roads.

MORE CLAIMS AGAINST SICKLES

Two Executions Against Aged Warrior Received by Sheriff

New York, Feb. 4.—Two more executions against Daniel E. Sickles, the aged warrior, which must be taken out of his property before the State's claim for his shortage in the monument fund can be collected, were received by the sheriff today. The executions are in favor of August Hecksher, for $8,015, and the National Bank of Orange county, New York, for $542. Another person is co-defendant with General Sickles in the latter claim.

Beauty Doctor Tells Secret

Detroit Beauty Doctor Gives Simple Recipe to Darken Gray Hair and Promote Its Growth.

Miss Alice Whitney, a well-known beauty doctor of Detroit, Mich., recently gave out the following statement: "Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, promote its growth and make it soft and glossy. To half pint of water, add 1 oz. of bayrum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and one-quarter oz. glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray-haired person look 20 years younger. It is also fine to promote the growth of the hair, relieve itching and scalp diseases, and is excellent for dandruff and falling hair."

(Advertisement.)

MOORE COUNTY ROADS.

What Has Been Done With Sand-Clay. A Discovery.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Pinehurst, N. C., Feb. 8.—Five years ago the roads of Moore county and the section round about here included some six or eight miles in the village of Pinehurst. Today within a 50-mile radius, are very close to 1,000 miles, and underlying this marvelous accomplishment is the discovery which made them possible. In 1897, with James W. Tufts, Pinehurst's founder, the village was a reality and it perfection assured with only one problem to solve; good roads material. Far removed from the usual supply of constructive material the solution was adaptability of available native material. A mile or so might easily be constructed, but miles—well, that was different! With Mr. Tufts an idea was a chess game and he played to win. Not long after a pocket of gravel, sand and clay in the rear of the power house attracted his attention and presently men were digging. Mr. Tufts was watching.

"Found a gold mine?" queried a passing friend. "Something better! Good roads material," was the terse and prophetic reply. With material from this pocket, Pinehurst'at streets were built, tested, proven. Not long after, Southern Pines followed suit by using similar material for its roads. Ten years rolled by with the rapidly increasing query: "Why not a sand-gravel boulevard connecting the two good roads villages?" Why not, surely! Money subscribed, the road was built. A road from Southern Pines to Aberdeen followed. "Why not good roads elsewhere; county, State and inter-State trunk lines?" was the natural question to which the new road gave but one answer. The need, the possibilities, the results, were evident; the leaders only necessary.

Mr. Gilbert N. McMillan, of Gorham, N. H., came forward to join Mr. Leonard Tufts, owner of Pinehurst, and well directed effort and enthusiasm fused public opinion. A good roads barbecue was arranged at Pinehurst. All Moore county came. Feasting over, the new road was examined. Two heavy teams were placed side by side; one on the new the other on the old. One team went up the mild incline, hard pulling, sliding down the opposite side with brakes set. The other team stuck, made the crest with difficulty, and pulled the load down hill. A week later all Moore county knew the story and in a month, two States were talking about it. Organization, bond issue, taxation, well defined plans followed and the present is but the first yield of the abundant harvest.

"In good roads annals no such achievement as this," says Secretary Pennyapcker, of the National Highway Association, and in these nine words are volumes of meaning to the Sand Hill region—Health, wealth and happiness.

THREE KILLED; SIX INJURED.

Ten Ton Water Gate Dropped on Workmen in Trench.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 4.—Three men were killed and six seriously injured late today when a 10-ton water gate dropped into a trench where the men were working at Charlevoix and Garland avenues. The injured men were all taken to a hospital and several may die.

The dead include Andrew Ryan, foreman. Nearly all of the other victims were foreign laborers.

The trench was being excavated for a 42-inch water main. The gate, supported by heavy timbers, was being lowered into the trench when it is claimed one of the timbers suddenly broke. The workmen were caught, practically without warning.

Denver is preparing drastic laws to deal with the smoke nuisance.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

Wan, Weary and Worn Out

If You Feel Fagged to a Finish and Utterly Used Up Here is Quick Relief.

Don't Be Chained to the Hitching Post of Wearyland.

Half the people you meet complain of weary muscles, stagnant brain, jangled nerves, and a mournful desire to lay down and just quit. Most of these people have been using nervines that spasmodically flare up the nerves only to die down again, as die they must. Avoid nerve stimulants. Bear in mind that this worn out feeling is due to poor blood, to bacteria in the water you drink; to the multiplying of destructive germs in the blood faster than they can be overcome by the white corpuscles; and to what is known as auto-toxemia, that condition where the venous or impure blood accumulates faster than it can be replaced by the red arterial blood.

If you feel played out go to any drug store and ask for a bottle of S. S. S., Swift's Sure Specific. Here is a remedy that gets at work in a twinkling; it just naturally rushes right into your blood, scatters germs right and left, up and down and sideways.

You feel better at once, not from a stimulant, not from the action of drugs, but from the rational effect of a natural medicine just as active and just as timely as to a man who has been lost in the mountains, is about starved and comes across a settler just cooking a savory meal of good honest beef. Do not neglect to get a bottle of S. S. S. to-day. It will make you feel better in just a few minutes. It is prepared only in the laboratory of The Swift Specific Co., 127 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Send for their free book telling of the many strange conditions that afflict the human family by reason of impoverished blood.

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CONSULTING ENGINEER.
Room 511 Southern Building.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Woman's Beauty Is Based on Health

To Have Health, Bowel Movement is Absolutely Necessary—How Best to Obtain It.

If woman's beauty depended upon cosmetics every woman would be a picture of loveliness. But beautly lies deeper than that. It lies in health. In the majority of cases the basis of health, and the cause of sickness, can be traced to the action of the bowels.

The headaches, the lassitude, the sallow skin and the lusterless eyes are usually due to constipation. So many things that women do habitually conduce to this trouble. They do not eat carefully, they eat indigestible foods because the foods are served daintily and they do not exercise enough. But whatever the particular cause may be it is important that the condition should be corrected.

An ideal remedy for women, and one especially suited to their delicate requirements, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which thousands of women endorse highly. Mrs. Jennie Snedeker, 1041 West Monroe St., Chicago, testifies that she is "cured of grave stomach and bowel troubles by using Syrup Pepsin and without the aid of a doctor or any other medicine." All the family can use Syrup Pepsin, for thousands of mothers give it to babies and children. It is also admirably suited to the requirements of elderly people, in fact to all who by reason of age or infirmity cannot stand harsh salts, cathartics, pills or purgatives. These should always be avoided fnr at best their effect is only for that day, while a genuine

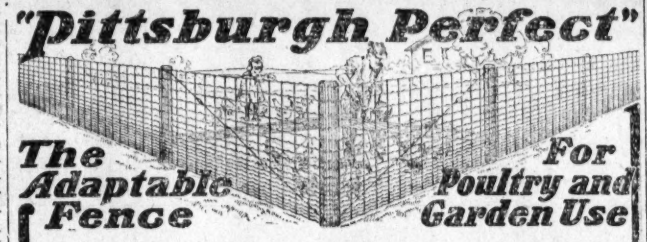
MRS. JENNIE SNEDECKER.

remedy like Syrup Pepsin acts mildly but permanently.

It can be conveniently obtained at any drug store at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded. You will find it gentle in action, pleasant in taste, and free from griping, and its tonic properties have a distinct value to women. It is the most midely used laxative-tonic in America today and thousands of families are now never without it.

If no member of your family has ever used Syrup Pepsin and you would like to make a personal trial of it before buying it in the regular way of a druggist, send your address—a postal will do—to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 417 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and a free sample bottle will be mailed you.

"Pittsburgh Perfect"



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Among the 145 styles and sizes of "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence shown in our new catalogue, the fence user can now obtain fencing *perfectly suited* to his *particular* requirements. "Pittsburgh Perfect" is the most adaptable, portable, durable and resultful of all wire fences, and gives absolute satisfaction because, coupled with our ripened manufacturing experience, it is the culmination of close and exhaustive study and investigation of farmers' needs along lines of up-to-date poultry and agricultural methods and equipment.

Open Hearth Wire like old time iron wire is used exclusively in "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence and is heavily galvanized with pure zinc. All line and stay wires are

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Children's Shoes

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A Free Shine Any Old Time

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Sanitary Hat and Cloth Brushes, Sanitary Flesh Brushes, Sanitary Scalp Brushes, Sanitary Scrubbing or Cleansing Brushes.

Safety Razors Special This Week.

$1.00 Razor for.....50c
50c Razor for.....25c
25c Razor for.....12½c

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JOS. D. SMITH, Mayor.

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..By the Wayside..

A recent issue of Leslie's Weekly carried a page of photographs showing the hard life of city horses on the smooth, hard streets, particularly when there is ice on the streets. The pictures showed the poor creatures in all attitudes, prostrate on the ground from exhaustion or from sheer inability to keep their feet on the glassy surface. The whole was an argument for the motor truck, of which there is a large number in Wilmington, and more are being sold all the time. The machines are vast improvements over horse-drawn vehicles and one could wish that in the cities they would entirely eliminate the horse, for the cruel pounding all day along on paved streets rapidly makes "plugs" of the best horses. You can see them standing first on one foot, then the other, suffering no man knows how much. From sun to sun they go, drawing their loads with all the speed there is in them. How they must welcome the evening! Perhaps no toiler in the city, no human toiler, is gladder when the sun goes down than these patient workers on whom so much of a city's commerce depends. One could wish to see them all corraled in a green, soft-turfed pasture, where the drivers cease from urging and the weary are at rest. The hardships of their city life are not more plainly shown by anything than by the way the mules take it. A mule just naturally loves a gay life, and you can work him all day on the farm until you think he is thoroughly fagged, but when you unhitch him, he will plant both hind feet in your face and trot gaily away, with his head and tail aloft, highly pleased with his stunt. And when people are watching him, he will run away just to show off, and make believe he is afraid of his shadow. As soon as there is no audience, he stops and affects an air of utter humility and piety. In the city, however, his exuberance oozes away until he would stand hitched to a switch engine without so much as batting an eye. The motor truck will save much animal suffering, as well as expedite business.

* * *

A loafer on the beach recently ran afoul of two grizzled fishermen, and as soon as they discovered he was a landlubber and was athirst for knowledge of the seas, they began to spin their yarns in which they told how they had followed their trade from Jersey to Hatteras. The loafer was invited to a supper of clam chowder in the fishermens' shack, and when the trio were seated, the younger of the two, unexpectedly to the loafer, reverently asked Almighty God to accept thanks for food with which He had graciously supplied them. Roughly-living men, seamed and stained by wind and brine, in their crude shack hung around with the implements of their craft and other evidences of an almost primitive existence, they at the instant seemed nearer to Diety than many a brilliant assembly had appeared to the loafer; and their "blessin'" received an almost audible answer in the quiet of that little old shack out on the sands.

* * *

The newspaper man's desire for wealth is half humorous, half sad. He knows he'll never be worth a hurrah, and yet he would be vastly pleased and satisfied with a small competence. The other day a bunch of them were speculating on what a double-page advertisement in colors in the Saturday Evening Post had cost the advertiser. It was decided that the price was probably $7,500 for a single issue.

"If I had $7,500 I wouldn't be buying advertisements with it," opined one. "What anybody with that much money wants with an advertisement, I can't see. Why, if I had that much money, I wouldn't speak to a newspaper man. I would come down here and cuss out the whole bunch, and carry myself with haughty port and mien. I wouldn't even read a newspaper. I would hire it done."

"See that about Edison?" asked another. "A syndicate offered millions for his talking moving picture patents, and handed him a check for a million to bind the trade, and he just laughed at them. Clearly, he is nuts."

"Sure thing," put in another poverty-stricken slave. "If they'd offer me a million, it'd be all I'd want. I'd tell 'em just to keep the rest of it—'keep the change,' I'd say, waving my hand airily, as I hastily departed for the bank to get my check cashed. Then I'd go around and call on all these thorns in the flesh they call creditors and make 'em feel like thirty cents."

"You'd give them heart failure if you flashed a roll that big at them after all these years of telling 'em to 'come around Saturday,'" put in another. "Lord, what visions of utter bliss a million dollars paint!"

* * *

"One difference between country people and city people," a gentleman was saying, "is that when you tickle a city man, he is mighty apt to tell you about it, while a farmer is usually too timid or backward to say a word. And if you rile a city population you'll hear from it P. D. Q., but the rural people as a rule are silent. No doubt you newspaper people who have dealt with both classes have found this out better than the rest of us. And of the two, give me the city's quick anger, for it quickly subdues; but the wrath of that great, silent mass far from the city is all the greater and more lasting because it is silent mass far from the city is all the greater and more lasting because it is silent, until it strikes, and then, even, it doesn't make much noise, though it blights like a thunderbolt. Politicians know a good deal about this sort of thing," he said.

* * *

Few Superior Court judges have made such an impression on a community as Judge Frank Carter, of Asheville, has on Wilmington. Lovers of law and order admire the mountain jurist and the morally stunted regard him with an exceeding fear. His former visit to New Hanover will not be forgotten in many years. Offenders heard with apprehension of his coming back, and a sigh of relief went up when he left from many a one who has been spending several days in an agony of suspense. The very fact that Judge Carter was in the city had the effect of making sundry people cling to the straight and narrow pathway, for the time being. Judge Carter has the reputation, and has lived up to it, of punishing men who violate the law, and hence the mere announcement that he's coming to hold a court sends "the boys" to shelter, and they do like Brer Rabbit—lay low and say nothing. The colored contingent look on His Honor with a species of awe that not many men inspire. A few mornings ago when he crisply said, "fifteen years in prison at hard labor" in the John Gause case, there was a hastily suppressed ripple of "Ohs' 'and 'Ums" among the negroes in the court house, and at least one impulsive negro popped his hand to express his emotion. "I clare fo Gawd, dat jedge kin say fifteen year easier dan I kin say fifteen minits," remarked one pop-eyed son of Ham.

* * *

"The prolonged spell of mild weather appears not to be confined to any one section but extends largely over the country, northern rivers that are usually closed to navigation by ice, being open. Mr. W. B. Savage who keeps an eye on street car traffic, doesn't like it. Big, full-blooded and vigorous, his brand of weather is brisk, snappy and invigorating. But Chief of Police Fowler sees no reason for complaint. He scouts the old idea that there must be freezing weather to kill germs and make conditions healthful. 'No place is healthier than Havana is today,' he pointed out, 'and they don't know what frost or snow looks like. It times past here in Wilmington we had laws against turning up the soil for any purpose, during certain seasons, because of the fear of germs. If a man wanted to set a post, he must carefully scatter lime over the upturned sod. We've got over a lot of notions like that. When we had our streets torn up for paving, it caused no sickness. Of course, a bit of fresh weather is all right, but as for me, I" take mine just as it has been for the past week—balmy, neither too hot nor too cold—just right!' Perhaps the weather man is just evening things up this season. Last year broke the records on one extreme; and this Winter seems to be sort of balancing it up."

* * *

It is rare that a negro in the Recorder's court will speak up frankly and admit that he has been guilty of previous violations. The usual procedure is something like this: "Ever been indicted before?" And the negro will say, "Yas, suh, onct." The prosecutor will then ask, "What did they have you up for?" and the negro will say, nine times out of ten, "They sayed I stole something," or "They sayed I did so-and-so." It is nearly always "sayed." You can hardget one to say, "I was indicted for stealing." Another interesting class of witnesses is the one made up by people who give their testimony in the present tense, from start to finish, no matter how long before the action started. "I hears somebody holler and I goes to the street, and I sees so-and-so." That is the usual way.

* * *

A young negro philosopher was bewailing the condition in which his race found itself by reason of constitutional failings. "You take a nigger," he said, "an' he doan keer fer nuthin'. If he's et a square meal, he's happy and if he ain't had a bite all day, he kin dance and be as gay as if he'd et all he wanted. He doan keer fer a thing in de worl', no matter how raggity and hongry he gits. He'll go 'round and sing, 'I druther be a nigger then a poor white man,' when de truf is dey's mighty little chancet fer either one. Dey's jes' one thing dat a nigger hates, and dat's dyin'. He shore do hate to die." When his attention was called to the fact that every negro who is hanged, goes to his death singing and praying, and inviting everybody to meet him in heaven, the negro said: "You'll jes' find one lak dat onct in a constant, yessir, oncet in a constant, fer I knows. I been circulated with niggers all my life and dey jes' natcherly are skeered of dying."

* * *

There's no dearth of interest in municipal politics in Wilmington, although the election doesn't come off for some months. You can hear subjects relating to the city government discussed everywhere, on street corners, in cars, drug stores and cafes. The citizenship is certainly "on the job" when it comes to being very much alive to public questions. The number of Councilmen and the ward question seem to have the lead in the debates. And this widespread interest in matters that are of prime importance to every citizen is an excellent indication of the progressiveness of the city. No town is deader than that one which shows little concern in the conduct of its government. When the professional man, the mechanic, the day laborer are all keenly interested in what is to be done in the municipal government, there is indeed and in truth "something doing" in that community. It is alive and virile and in the highway of development.

Lynchburg, Va., Feb. 4.—The Virginia Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union in its fourth annual convention here today endorsed C. S. Barrett, president of the National Union, for Secretary of Agriculture in the incoming National administration.

R. P. Sanford, a student in Ithaca, N. Y., claims his food supply costs him only 85 cents a week.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

"BLOOD IS THICKER THAN WATER"

Without good red blood a man has a weak heart and poor nerves. Thinness of the blood, or anaemia, is common in young folks as well as old. Especially is it the case with those who work in illy ventilated factories—or those who are shut up indoors in winter time with a coal stove burning up the oxygen or emitting carbonic (oxide) gas. This blood, or blood which lacks the red blood corpuscles, in anaemic people may have been caused by lack of good fresh air breathed into lungs, or by poor digestion or dyspepsia. Sometimes people suffer intense pain over the heart which is not heart disease at all, but caused by indigestion. Whatever the cause, there's just one remedy that you can turn to—knowing that it has given satisfaction for over 40 years.

DR. PIERCE'S

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

is a blood cleanser and alterative that starts the liver and stomach into vigorous action. It thus assists the body to manufacture rich red blood which feeds the heart, nerves—brain and organs of the body. The organs work smoothly like machinery running in oil. You feel clean, strong and strenuous instead of tired, weak and faint. Nowadays you can obtain Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets, as well as the liquid form from all medicine dealers, or tablets by mail, prepaid in $1 or 50c size. Adress: R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GREAT 1008 PAGE ILLUSTRATED COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER WILL BE SENT FREE, CLOTH BOUND FOR 31 ONE-CENT STAMPS.

GOWANS

King of External Preparations will do all that is claimed for it. Druggist say so. It is absolutely certain that if our claims were not well founded the popularity of GOWANS would not increase in the astounding proportion that it does. From everywhere comes most encouraging letters; sales are multiplying and while your money will be refunded cheerfully, if our Preparation fails to do what we claim for it, it is a singular thing that instead of wanting their money back patrons want more of the great External Preparation. Ask for it and buy TODAY. Have it in the home. You do not know what will happen tonight. Take no substitute; your druggist keeps it and there is nothing made "just as good." Demand Gowans—use Gowans, and you will get results—Three sizes: $1.00, 50c, 25c.

Have recommended Gowans Preparation for Sore Throat, Congested Lungs, Stiff Necks, Sprains, and any Soreness or inflammatory condition, and have never been disappointed in results. A. TORRENCE & CO., Pittsburg, Pa. Drugg.sts.

Follow the Crowds

TO J. W. H. FUCHS' BIG SALE, WHICH WILL CONTINUE THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE WEEK,

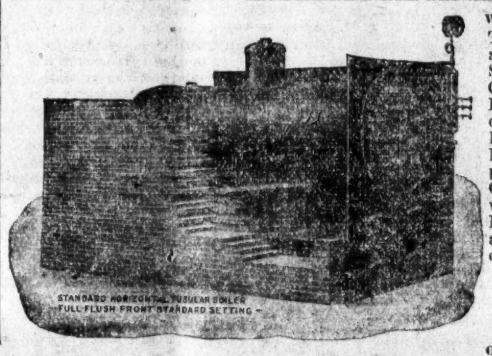
And New Bargains will be added daily. All the new Spring Goods are being placed on sale at Special Sale Prices.

EXTRA SPECIALS FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY

15c Colored and White Lawn 9c
35c White Corduroy 22c
35c Black Cotton Voile 22c
Monday at 4 P. M. we will sell 25 10-yard Patterns of 10c Dress Gingham, limit 10 yards to a customer, per yard 5c
Special reductions will be made in Men's and Boys' Clothing, Ladies' Coat Suits and Shoes.

J. W. H. FUCHS

DEPARTMENT STORE,
28 to 30 S. Front St. Wilmington, N. C.



WE SELL BOILERS

Tanks, Structural Steel, Machine Steel, Tool Steel, Cold Rolled Steel Repair all classes of Machinery. Rework Steel, Iron, Brass, Copper, Aluminum. Call and see us work. We are the IRON MEN, and appreciate your orders.

Wilmington Iron Works
Manufacturing Plant,
Orange & Water sts.

King's Windsor Wall Plaster

Cargo just arrived by Schooner "Thomas Moore." Place your orders with us for prompt delivery.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

'Phone 789

WILL HANDLE REGAL CAR ON LARGE SCALE

United Motor Charlotte Company Plans for Introduction of New Make.

(The Evening Chronicle, January 27th.)

The United Motor Charlotte Company, of which Mr. J. H. Ham has been president and general manager, announce that it will in the future handle the new Regal car that has been put on the market and has contracted for 250 of these machines for distribution from the Charlotte head office. The firm has about 30 agencies in the two Carolinas that will continue to operate under instructions form the Charlotte office. The change in the make of the cars to be handled by this firm arises from the reorganization of the Maxwell and the Flanders interests. Mr. Ham recently went from New York where he attended the big automobile show to Detroit to make arrangements about handling the car in the Carolina territory.

In conversation with Mr. J. H. Ham, manager of the above company, today, he states that his reason for making this change is that since the reorganization of the United States Motor Company to be called the Maxwell Motor Company in the future with Mr. Walter E. Flanders as president, that the Maxwell factories, such as the Auburn and Tarrytown, will be closed and the Newcastle factory's time will be taken up supplying parts for the cars and the Stoddard-Dayton factory will make the new Flanders car, called the Maxwell. In other words, Mr. Ham states, that the new company will have two or three models called Maxwell after the name of the company but which will in reality be the Flanders car, not having any of the old Maxwell features, and in as much as they could not furnish the cars to supply his trade Mr. Ham has investigated and followed the path of a good many of the old branch managers or Maxwell boys and has taken on the Regal car. It is made in Detroit, Michigan, by the Regal Motor Car Company and they can turn out 100 cars per day and make a little $900 roadster and $950 touring car, 25 horse power especially adapted to the South. They also make a little $1,250 coupe and a $1,250 touring car, 25 horse power. Mr. Ham further states that after going through the factory he thinks it the most complete and best made car on the market at the price. In fact, he saw nothing, he says, at the New York show that would come up to this car in price and specifications. It is his idea to have all the present Maxwell Dealers he has in North and South Carolina sell Regals. Mr. Ham states that he made this change after consulting his boss, dealers and they advised him it was the proper step to take under the existing circumstances. He now has five of these cars rolling which will be on exhibit in a few days. He further states that he has made arrangements with the factory to continue handling Maxwell parts to supply the old Maxwell car customers and he also has a stock of Maxwell cars of the old Maxwell type to supply their immediate wants. Mr. Ham states, after going through the Regal factory, which covers four or five acres of ground, that it is the most complete factory he has ever seen. One gentleman stated to him that he has been through the Packard and a great many others in Detroit and that the Regal factory stood next to the Packard in completeness and up-to-dateness. The standard equipment of all Regal cars is electric light and electric horn.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We Have a Few Maxwells left. Don't wait. Place your order now.

Maxwell 40 Touring Car $1,675
Maxwell 30 Touring Car $1,145
Maxwell 30 Roadster $1,110
Maxwell 22 . . . . . $785

We are pleased to announce that we will hereafter be Distributors for

The Regal Motor Car Company

for the States of North and South Carolina. We want live Agents in open territory. Write or wire us for dealers proposition.

MR. HAM WILL SELL THE MARION MOTOR CAR ALSO

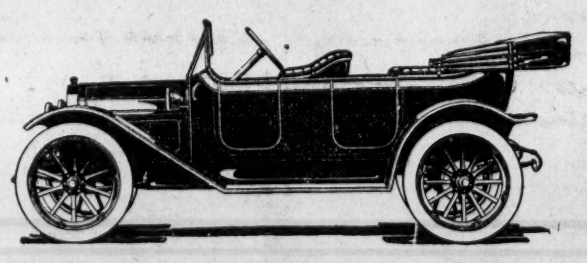
(Charlotte News, January 30th.)

Mr. C. M. Barber has just established headquarters here as sales manager of the Marion Motor Car Company, his territory covering the South Atlantic States. His office will be connected with those of the United Motor Charlotte Company, on West Fourth Street. Mr. Barber returned yesterday from a trip to Jacksonville, New Orleans and other Southern cities where he found the automobile market lively.

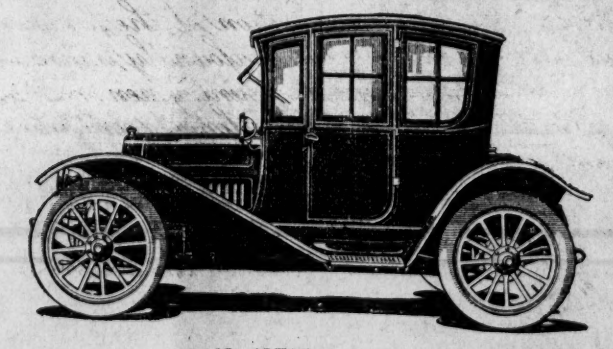
Mr. Barber states that contract with the United Motor Charlotte Company was consummated today to handle Marion cars in the States of North and South Carolina. In addition to the United Motor Charlotte Company, acting as distributor for Marion cars, Mr. Ham, personally, has been appointed factory supervisor. This places Mr. Ham in direct charge of the Marion interests for the two States. In completing this arrangement the United Motor Charlotte dealers will at all times be in close personal contact with the factory, and their wants taken care of in a manner which could not be done by a traveling representative of the factory. A full line of Marion cars and parts will be carried both at Charlotte and Raleigh. Among the popular priced cars that created a sensation at the recent New York show was the Marion 37-A, a 5-passenger touring car and roadster at $1,475. All Marion cars can be furnished with the Westinghouse electric starter at a nominal additional cost.

Mr. Ham feels that the United Motor Charlotte Company are particularly fortunate in securing both the Marion and Regal representation for North and South Carolina. By combining the $1,000 Regal with the popular-priced Marion at $1,475, Mr. Ham states that he is in a position to meet the requirements of the dealers in a more satisfactory manner than ever before.

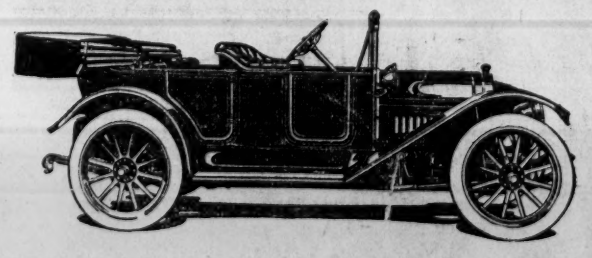
The local agents for the Marion motor cars are the Messrs. McManaway, on North Tryon street, who find the Marion cars very popular with the public.



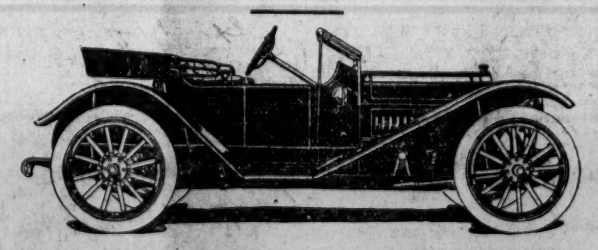
REGAL MODEL "C," 35 H. P., $1,250.
Fully Equipped with Electric Lights and Demountable Rims.



REGAL COUPE 25 H. P., $1,250.
Fully Equipped with Electric Lights and Demountable Rims.



REGAL MODEL "T," 25 H. P., $1,025.
Fully Equipped with Electric Lights and Demountable Rims.



REGAL ROADSTER MODEL "N," 25 H. P., $975.
Fully Equipped with Electric Lights and Demountable Rims.

United Motor Charlotte Company

J. H. HAM, Manager, Charlotte, N. C.

AGENTS WANTED. GOOD TERRITORY OPEN.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Marion 4 :-: Models 4

Marion Bobcat --- Mile-a-minute Roadster, Electric Lights and Dynamo - - - $1,474

Marion 37 A---5 Passenger Touring Car Electric Lights and Dynamo, 35-40 H. P. $1,475

Marion 38 A---Torpedo Roadster, Electric Lights and Dynamo - - - - - $1,475
(Electric Starters $105 additional)

Marion 48 A---45 H. P. Touring Car Electric Lights and Electric Starter - - $1,850

Good territory open. AGENTS WANTED.

United Motor Charlotte Comp'y

Distributors for North and South Carolina

Full line of cars now on exhibit. Write us for proposition.

J. H. HAM, Factory Supervisor, Charlotte, N. C

CONFEDERATE STATES SEAL

Interesting Story of Its Establishment—Story of Colored Man Shown to Be Fabrication From the Start

To its good friend, Col. W. B. Fort, of Pikeville, N. C., The Star is indebted for the following interesting account of the authenticity of the Great Seal of the Confederacy about which so much has been written and printed of late. The article is from the pen of E. Polk Johnson and appears in a Cincinnati publication, as follows:

"For many years after the close of the War Between the States it was believed that the Great Seal of the Confederate States had been intrusted to a negro named James Jones, who claimed that he alone knew its whereabouts. In the absence of any information to the contrary, many persons believed in the correctness of this statement, and as Jones refused to give any information as to the whereabouts of the seal it was finally concluded that the seal, like the Confederacy, was lost and would never be found.

"When nearly a half century had passed it was developed, through the 'Confederate Veteran,' published at Nashville, Tenn., that the seal was in actual existence.

"The Great Seal was provided for by an act of the Confederate Congress in session at Montgomery, Ala., April 30, 1862. The design for the seal is claimed to have been made by Judah P. Benjamin, a former United States Senator from Louisiana, who was the Secretary of State of the Confederate States government. This may or may not have been true, but it is beyond doubt that the design for the seal was intrusted to the Hon. James M. Mason, of Virginia, who was accredited by the Confederate government to the Court of St. James at London. On his arrival in England Mr. Mason placed the design and order for the Great Seal with the firm of Wyon, who, at a later date, were known as J. S. & A. B. Wyon, her Majesty, Queen Victoria's chief engravers. Wyon engraved and completed the seal in London in July, 1864, at a cost of $600.

"The authenticity of the Great Seal is proven by the statement of the Wyons, who were intrusted with its engraving, in the following:

J. S. & A. B. WYON,
Chief Engravers of Her Majesty's Seals,
Medallists, Jewelers, Etc.,
287 Regent street, London, West,
6th March, 1864.

"'To All Whom It May Concern:

"'Having received from John T. Pickett, Counsellor at Law, of Washington City, in the United States of America, a certain impression of the Great Seal of the Confederate States of America, obtained by the electrotype process, we hereby certify that the said impression is a faithful reproduction of the identical seal engraved in 1864 by our predecessor, the late Joseph S. Wyon, of the Royal Mint, for James M. Mason, Esq., who was at that time in London representing the interests of the Confederate States, of which the seal referred to was designed as the symbolical emblem of severeignty. We may add that it has been the invariable practice of our house to preserve proof impressions of all important seal work executed by us, and on a comparison of the impression now sent us with the proof impression retained by us we have no hesitation in asserting that so perfect an impression could not have been produced except from the original seal. We have never made any duplicate of the seal in question.

"'Witness our hands the date above given. (Signed)

"'J. S. & A. B. WYON.'

"In the August number om the 'Confederate Veteran' appear further details of the Great Seal, which prove the stories of the colored man Jones to have been purely imaginary, as the custody thereof has been traced to a point beyond which it was possible for him to know anything positive as to its custody.

"The best information obtainable at this day is that the Great Seal, after its completion was entrusted to a Lieutenant Chapman, presumably of the Confederate States navy, as army officers were not likely to have been in London at that time. Lieutenant Champman, with the seal in his possession, successfully ran the blockade and reached the Confederacy, but was taken ill at Wilmington, N. C. Being too ill to proceed to Richmond, he intrusted the custody of the seal to a Lieutenant Campbell, who is again presumed to be an officer of the Confederate navy, with instructions to deliver it without delay to Secretary of State Benjamin at Richmond. Campbell afterward declared that he had made this delivery.

"Lieutenant Chapman, after the war, was a resident of Texas, where he practiced law until three years ago, when he died. Just prior to his death he presented to a Texas chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy the case in which he stated that he had brought the Great Seal from London, and made the following statement:

"'In the Summer of 1864, I was ordered by the Hon. James M. Mason, the Confederate Commissioner to England, to bring the Great Seal of the Confederate States and deliver it to Mr. Benjamin, the Secretary of the Confederate States, at Richmond, Va. I had a valise made in London for the purpose of bringing it over, and put a number of pounds of lead in the valise in order that there might be no doubt of its sinking in case I should be on the point of being captured by the Federals. I brought it safely over, but at Wilmington, N. C., I was taken sick, and ordered Lieutenant Campbell to take it to Richmond and deliver it to Mr. Benjamin, which he said he did. Lieutenant Campbell had a large valise and could not carry two, so I took the seal from the valise it came over in and put it into the one belonging to Lieutenant Campbell, with orders not to allow the valise to leave his hands until he delivered it to Mr. Benjamin. I have had the original valise ever since, and have intended to write to the Daughters of the Confederacy at Richmond and let them know that I had it, but have neglected to do so. Two ladies, Mrs. Huston and Mrs. Outtar, called on me a few days ago and asked if I would give it to the Daughters of Texas. They said they wanted it to go to the Texas Room at Richmond. I told them certainaly I would give it to them, but first to write to the State president and ask if she would see that it was sent to Richmond. They said that they would do so, and that when they heard from her they would come and get the valise. (Signed)

"'R. T. CHAPMAN.'

"The fact that Lieutenant Chapman relates that his valise was weighted with lead to expedite its sinking in the event of his possible capture, indicates that he was a naval officer, as the signal code book of all navies is thus weighted with a view to its being sunk in the event of the capture of a naval vessel by an enemy.

"The Lieutenant Campbell to whom Chapman turned over the seal was evidently also a naval officer of lesser rank, else he would not have issued orders to him as a subordinate.

"There is no record of the delivery of the Great Seal to Mr. Benjamin by Lieutenant Campbell, but subsequent records prove that he did so deliver it. Mr. William B. Smith, of Virginia, under date of May 19th, 1912, writes the Richmond 'Times-Dispatch,' as follows:

"'The story of the removal of the Great Seal from Richmond and its preservation through many years, with every person acquainted with its whereabouts pledged to secrecy by the most solemn Masonic oath, has been unearthed from the voluminous records of the Library of Congress in Washington, and the seal itself was located in the possession of Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, U. S. N., retired, now living in Washington, who readily agreed to part with it for a consideration, expressing his approval of a plan for bringing it back to Richmond and its perpetual preservation in some suitable institution. The seal is now in the vault of the Jefferson Hotel (at Richmond). It has been carefully examined by many persons and bears every indication of genuineness.'

"It appears that on the evacuation of Richmond by the Confederates one William J. Bromwell, a clerk in the Department of State, took away with him a large number of official papers and with them the Great Seal. These papers were subsequently sold to the United States government in 1872 or 1873 by Col. John T. Pickett for $75,000, the agent for the United States who examined and received the papers at Hamilton, Canada, being Capt. Selfridge, who afterward became a Rear Admiral in recognition of his services. Col. Pickett is reported to have presented the Great Seal to Capt. Selfridge.

"A subsequent examinations of the private papers of Col. Pickett, now in the Library of Congress, shows that he acted as Bromwell's attorney and not for himself in the sale of these papers.

"It is interesting to note that on the evacuation of Richmond, Mrs. Bromwell, the wife of the gentleman before referred to, carried the Great Seal concealed in her dress to Washington without detection. Mr. Theodore Pickett, of New York, a son of Col. John T. Pickett, has written as follows on this subject: 'Referring to our conversation about the Confederat Seal, I remember very well Mrs. W. J. Bromwell's saying she carried the Great Seal of the Confederacy in her bustle out of Richmond, when the Confederate government evacuated that city and the Union forces took possession. Later, in 1865, she brought it to Washington herself, as she said. William J. Bromwell was an officer in the Department of State in the Confederacy. Mrs. Bromwell survived her husband for a number of years. He died in London and Mrs. Bromwell died in Washington about two years ago. She had been a clerk in the Navy Department for many years. Her father was a distinguished officer in the United States navy.'

"While the Great Seal was in the possession of Col. Pickett, he had made therefrom 1,000 electrotypes. Of these he wrote to Capt. Selfridge: 'There is no danger of the aforesaid being known to be in your possession. In the public notice of it which I shall make when my electrotype shall be ready, it is my purpose to create the impression that I still hold the article. By the way, the electrotyper is Masonically pledged to secrecy.'"

GETTING GRAY? USE SAGE TEA TO RESTORE NATURAL COLOR OF HAIR

Says Sage and Sulphur Darkens Hair Beautifully and Ends Dandruff.

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair, says a well-known local pharmacist. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful and even today this simple preparation has no equal. Millions of women and men, too, who value that even color, that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive use only Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Nowadays we are not bothered with the task of gathering the sage leaves and the mussy mixing at home. Simply ask any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of the ready-to-use preparation, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." Customers like this best because it darkens so naturally; so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. Besides, it contains ingredients which take off dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. No, it isn't a dye or even like it. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur" and draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two it is restored to its natural color.

What delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur is that besides beautifully darkening the hair they say it brings back the gloss and lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance. Special agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Wyeth Chemical Co.

EGYPTIAN COTTON GROWERS

Introduction In Southwest Is Being Watched by Department

The efforts of the U. S. Department of agriculture to introduce the cultivation of Egyptian cotton into the Southwest on a commercial scale have been so effective that the industry in the Salt River Valley, Arizona, is threatened by too much enthusiasm on the part of prospective growers. The department sends out a warning that if too large an acreage is planted this coming season it will be impossible to secure an adequate supply of properly trained labor to pick the crop next Autumn. If pickers cannot be secured the crop will go to waste in the fields, or if the price for labor is forced up by competition for pickers the profits of cotton culture will diminish, perhaps to the vanishing point. This is a matter to which the secretary calls the earnest attention of the people of the Salt River Valley. It is foolish to rush into Egyptian cotton culture on a scale so large that it will be impossible to get the crop properly cared for during the growing season or to have it carefully picked when ripe. If the cotton growers of the Salt River Valley will expand their acreage gradually there is no reason why a large supply of Indian labor cannot be developed locally. Experience has shown that Indians can be taught to pick this cotton so that it may secure the highest market price. At the expected yield of 1,500 to 2,000 pounds of seed cotton per acre, it would require a season of 80 to 90 days for one picker to harvest the crop of two acres. The acreage planted should be proportioned to the number of pickers which may be depended upon. The number of Indians available as pickers is very large, but it may take several years to train them to become expert in the work so they can be depended upon to pick a large acreage. This increasing supply of Indian labor, together with the Mexican and other white labor, will permit a larger crop to be planted each year.

To plunge into Egyptian cotton, to plant as much as five or six thousand acres this year, would be to invite disaster. The prosperity of the Egyptian cotton industry and of the people who produce the crop in the Salt River Valley will be much more certain if the expansion of acreage goes on slowly. It is doubtful if an aggregate of more than two or three thousand acres should be planted this coming season.

It is highly important that the associated cotton growers make an earnest effort to restrict the acreage this year so as to avoid a labor panic when the picking season arrives. More than this, the prospective growers, as well as all others interested in the development of the Salt River Valley, should make every effort to provide an adequate supply of cotton pickers, and this campaign should be started immediately.

AGREEMENTS REJECTED

Garment Workers and Manufacturers Fail to Reach Settlement

New York, Feb. 4.—Settlement agreements negotiated in two branches of the clothing makers' strike, which has been in force since early January, today were rejected by representatives of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, and of the workers in the boy's clothing trade.

Both agreements tentatively provide for increases of 10 per cent in wages and shorter hours.

Garment workers in other branches of the industry will begin voting tomorrow as to the acceptance of the agreement reached by officers of the union and representatives of the United Manufacturers' and Merchants' Association providing for a sliding scale of wage increases. It is reported that many workers are secretly opposing this agreement and may be sufficiently numerous to defeat it. About 50,000 strikers will be affected by the result of this ballot.

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

To The New Orleans Coffee Co.

Proprietors French Market Mills, New Orleans:

Gentlemen:—

We, the undersigned, cannot longer refrain from expressing our gratitude and appreciation of the splendid services of the French Market Mills in so rigidly maintaining and exactly duplicating the quality of our French Market Coffee—so famous in New Orleans for over a hundred years.

You have, indeed, conferred the greatest favor and benefit to your countrymen, making it possible for the original blend to be shipped all over the world—and your rigid maintenance of the old French Market Coffee Standard—your duplication of the famous old blend and roasting methods has profoundly impressed us.

The thanks of your countrymen must go out to you—as do ours—may you live long to continue this magnificent work.

May the grand old traditions of our beloved market be known the world over—and wherever they are known may the work of the French Market Mills be remembered with gratitude and appreciation.

G. D. Jibilich & Sons — John Bossnich
L. Duclose — A. G. Dorr.
Antoni Jones — A. B. Marich
Ernest J. Marsolan — Louise Zoeller
Aloysius Frey — H. Bigue (Bigue's Breakfast)
Louis A. Frey — M. F. Belin

Merchants of the old French Market, New Orleans, La.

August 28, 1911.

The above testimonial was presented to the Directors of the French Market Mills as an appreciation of their success in perpetuating the famous old French Market Coffee and in shipping it throughout the South in hermetically sealed cans, so that it can be found today at every grocer's counter, and in every old Southern home, where years of use have made it a family custom.

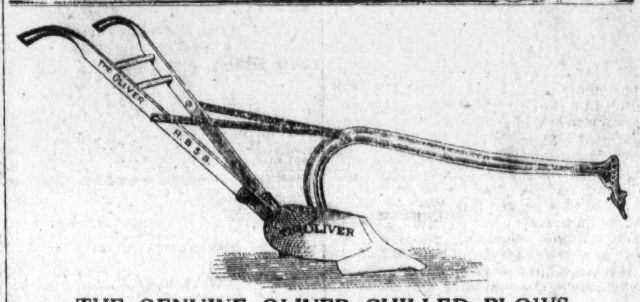
Prepared Roofings!

"Amatite" Gravel Covered.

"Everlastic" Rubber Roofing; also full stock of "Tomb" Deadening Felt, Slaters' Felt, Sheathing Papers, Roofing Tin, Valley Tin.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.

10 AND 12 SOUTH FRONT STREET.



THE GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.

Don't let Anyone Make You Believe that Other Makes Are Just as Good.

We are Agents for the
—Clark's Cut-a-Way Harrows,
—Frank Beasley Discs,
—Planet, Jr., Tools,
—Gem Guano Distributors.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

$22.20

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, AND RETURN.

—ON TO MEMPHIS—

THIRD GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE LAYMEN'S MISSIONARY MOVEMENT.

Missionary matters discussed by speakers of National prominence. Large attendance expected and a great Laymen's Convention anticipated.

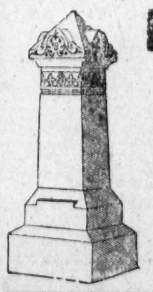
THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD offers the above attractive round-trip rate.

Selling Dates:—February 16th, 17th and 18th.

Final Limit:—To reach original starting point not later than midnight of February 28th, 1913.

For reservations and other information, see local Agent or address,

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.



MONUMENTS!

And all kinds of Cemetery work.

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Out of Town Orders receive Prompt attention.

TUCKER'S

519 N. SECOND STREET.

Between Red Cross St. and A. C. L. Railroad.

We Have Recently Opened Up a Nice Line of

DINING :: ROOM :: FURNITURE

Sideboards, Buffets, China Closets, Tables, Chairs.

Let Us Show You.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

126—128 PRINCESS STREET.

When You Wish a PAINT

That will outlast all others, let us supply you with Harrison Bros.' Town and Country ready mixed paint, or Harrison Bros.' Pure Lead and Oil.

We guarantee every penny's worth you buy.

MAFFITT & WOOD

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"MURA-LIKE"

The only perfect Flat Oil Paint for Interior Use. Sanitary and Durable.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

21 MARKET STREET.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Social Conditions in United States Arraigned—Duelling in Germany—What is Being Talked Abount in London at This Time.

(By Associated Press.)

Berlin, February 8.—Sharp criticism and unstinted praise of labor and social conditions in the United States characterize an article by Dr. Gustav Stresemann, a former prominent member of the Reichstag and a well known economist, who has just returned from a tour of investigation through America.

The conditions in most American factories in respect to safety are "simply horrible," the doctor declares, and any German factory inspector would be astounded if he could observe the dangers to which the majority of workmen are exposed. Too much stress also has been laid, both in Germany and America, on the higher wages paid in the United States. Considering that the purchasing power of a dollar is equal to but from two to two and one-half marks, and the further fact that the American laborer must himself make provision for old age or incapacity, it may be doubted if he is better off than the German workman.

Dr. Stresemann's stricutres on factory conditions, however, is the sharpest adverse criticism in his article, and he is full of praise for other phases of general economic conditions in America. In the matter of municipal housing conditions, for instance, he finds America far in advance of Germany. When, for example, 39 per cent. of the inhabitants of Detroit occupy their own homes, he says, it is high time for Germany to send over a commission to find out how it is done.

Dr. Stresemann also expresses his high appreciation of the manner in which American cities have provided free baths, gymnasiums and libraries readily available to everyone, and he was greatly impressed with the parks of the different cities, both because of their number and the manner in which they are maintained. In these things he says America is far in advance of Germany, as also in another thing—the domain of voluntary public charity. He refers to the immense contributions of the well-to-do for the erection of hospitals, asylums and similar institutions, and terms them "a self-imposed taxation of the rich."

"In all our criticism of the 'Dollar Land,'" Dr. Stresemann concludes, "we must not forget that the chase after the dollar is not the only thing that attracts the attention of the observer in the United States. The United States is beginning to be an example to us in many things, and especially in its care for the public welfare."

* * *

The Reichstag's demand that energetic measures be adopted for stopping duelling in the army meets with no support from the Federal Council. The resolutions adopted by the Reichstag demanded that officers who fight a duel or carry a challenge be dismissed from the army, but the Bundesrath rejected this plan as class legislation. It would be equivalent, it says, to an exceptional law against army officers, inasmuch as civilian duellists cannot be punished in this way. Moreover, dismissal from the army is a dishonoring punishment, carrying with it the loss of pension rights, and the Bundesrath thinks that this would involve an "unreasonable hardship for an officer, who, out of ideal motives, risks his life in defense of his honor." The Reichstag further demanded that an officer who refused to fight a duel should in no case be dismissed from the army on that ground, but the Bundesrath repues that "the appointment and dismissal of an onicer requires according to the constitution the decision of the Crown.

* * *

The appointment of Ambassador von Jagow of Rome to succeed Kiderlen-Waechter as minister of Foreign Affairs has called attention to the comparatively brief service in office of imperial ministers under William II, von Jagow being the ninety-fifth minister appointed by the present Emperor in his reign of less than twenty-five years. It has also brought to the front the indisputable fact that Germany is not over rich in ministerial material. The list of names considered as comprehending all the possible appointments was strikingly short, and at that it included some men who have not thus far given any evidence of possessing the qualities demanded of a minister of Foreign Affairs.

The German press, with the exception of the conservative element, is inclined, as it has been for a long time, to blame the scarcity of diplomatic and ministerial timber to the fact that few but noblemen are given opportunity to enter these posts, and that the result is that the non-noblemen have no chance either to learn statecraft or to demonstrate that they possess it. It is pointed out that of Germany's forty ambassadors and ministers to foreign countries only six are commoners and that these six are assigned to the relatively unimportant posts of Abyssinia, Brazil, Cuba, Haiti, Roumania and Uruguay. Moreover, of the forty secretaries of embassies or legations, all but two are noblemen. The directing spirits of the foreign office, the six councillors, are all noblemen but one, and the lower officials of the office are in a great majority of cases noblemen.

* * *

The soil of a great portion of Germany is little but sand, and it has been tilled for centuries, but on this poor land German farmers are today raising in some crops more than twice as many bushels per acre as the American farmer, and in all crops from 60 to 80 per cent. more.

Statistics just issued show an average acre yield of wheat of 31.5 bushels for Germany, against 12 5-6 for the United States. The German farmer takes 29 bushels of rye from the acre where the American gets but 16; 38 bushels of barley against 21 1-2; 51 bushels of oats against 25, and 158 bushels of potatoes against 83. In the last twenty-five years the average acre yield of wheat has been increased 57 per cent., rye 73.5 per cent., barley, 51.9 per cent., oats, 80.7 per cent., potatoes, 61.4 per cent. and hay 52.8 per cent.

An interesting corollary to these figures are the statistics showing the use of artificial fertilizers in Germany. In 1911, 2,653 pounds of potash salts were used on the square kilometer of Germany's tilled land, compared with 311 in America. Germany's consumption of sodium nitrate increased 1,263 per cent. in the thirty years from 1880 to 1910, while the world's production increased but 888 per cent.

It is interesting to note that, despite the very large estates of Prussia four-fifths of the entire soil of Germany is cultivated by peasant farmers with holdings up to 240 acres. Small holdings also are increasing, owing to the breaking up of large estates.

Talked in London.

London, Feb. 8.—The first tangible results of the efforts of the English Committee for the Celebration of the Hundred Years of Peace Between the English-Speaking Races, are found in the purchase of an option on Sulgrave Manor, the ancestral home of the Washington family, and the securing of permission from the abbey authorities to erect a statue of Washington in Westminster Abbey.

Although both of these projects were announced as part of the British plan for the celebration of the British-American Peace Centenary in 1914-15, the negotiations for their accomplishment have been secret and the results have not yet been made public. This secrecy led to a hostile demonstration by the people of the neighborhood against the agents who visited Sulgrave Manor. A great many people in the Midands are still smarting over the removal of the Globe Room of the Reindeer Inn of Banbury, which is said to have been purchased by an American, and, when they saw the agents inspecting Sulgrave Manor, the inhabitants believed them to be on a similar mission. Therefore the reception which the committee members received was anything but cordial. However, the true reason for the purchase was whispered about and the change of feeling was quickly noted, for wherever in England a historical site is properly marked American tourists become the chief supporters of the inns and shops which grow up about it.

* * *

Meetings are being held in England this week as the result of which it is hoped to announce the formation of the biggest industrial combine this country has ever seen. This will be the amalgamation of the co-operative societies with the trade unions.

The fusion, if accomplished, will bring together two and three-quarter million co-operators with and a quarter million members of organized labor. The capital invested by the labor union must be added the $185,000,000 share capital of the co-operators and their $90,000,000 on loan and reserve, backed up by constantly increasing profits on the turnover. Last year the co-operative trade amounted to $580,000,000. But this is to be more than a fusion of capital, and if the plan succeeds united action will be taken industrially, socially and in Parliamentary matters. In many respects the work of the separated bodies now overlaps and money spent in educational and social objects is often wasted.

The supreme purpose of the amalgamation will be the solution of labor unrest by the workers themselves. All fields of effort will be entered by the new organization, which will add to the present funds of the co-operators the capital of the unions.

* * *

Dr. Miller, lecturing before the London Medical Society, has advocated flogging for drunkards. He declared that the present system of treating drunkenness judicially is all wrong, because it began at the wrong end. When a citizen is brought up for the first time on a charge of drunkenness, he is admonished and allowed to go; the second time he is fined, and the third time he is imprisoned. Exactly the opposite course should be pursued. The first time the man is clearly culpable, the second time he is less accountable for his condition, and the third time he is a chronic drunkard.

The only thing such a man remembers, Dr. Miller said, is physical pain. It is the one logical deterrent for the chronic alcoholic, and it is the one not used. The reason for this is that we are too scientific and too sentimental. We are too white-livered to beat a man who beats his wife; therefore, in the name of humanity the wife has to go on getting beaten. It would be kind to flog the alcoholic early, whereas it is simply barbarous to imprison him later.

* * *

A strike, which is pronounced a blessing by the general public, is the novelty which London is now enjoying as the result of the taxicab drivers' refusal to pay the increase in the price of gasoline. A few consistent taxi users who are unable to instantly summon their favorite vehicle grumble at the strike, but the ordinary citizen who during the present disagreeable weather travels underground is delighted because when he does emerge into the light of day he can cross the street without endangering his life.

The strike itself is proving a bigger task to settle than was expected. It appears equally difficult for the owners, the drivers or the public to pay more, and it seems impossible to force the gasoline companies to reduce their prices. It has been suggested that fares be raised, but the drivers who now live almost solely on tips, declare that tips would be reduced if the charges were increased. The strike has only proven one thing, and that is that there are too many taxicabs on London streets.

* * *

The editor of a newspaper in Tomsk, Russia, has just been fined $150 for publishing an article dealing with the destitution of the inhabitants of the governmental district of Tomsk, where many hundreds of persons are on the verge of starvation as a result of the failure of crops. He was also notified that a repetition of "such false reports" would result in three months' imprisonment, without the option of fine.

Simultaneously with the publication of the judgment against this editor comes the report that the Russian minister of the interior has approved an appropriation of $650,000 "for the relief of the famine sufferers of the governmental district of Tomsk."

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Many Reported to Current Number of Manufacturers' Record—Big Timber and Coal Developments. Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Feb. 8.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Consolidation Coal Co., Baltimore, Md., authorized $6,500,000 notes, sold to New York syndicate to continue and add to Kentucky developments including enlargement of operations in Miller's Creek field, W. Va.; plans contemplate increasing annual output to 4,000,000 tons coal.

Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co., Birmingham, Ala., will construct three and a half miles of railroad and two coal washers at Russellville, Ala., to cost $125,000; build washers and make improvements at various points at an aggregate cost of $90,000.

W. J. L. Engle, New Orleans, purchased 40,000 acres of stumpage near Kiln, Miss., for $1,000,000 and plans to construct sawmill and tramway; report states Mr. Engle organized Jordan River Lumber Co., with $250,000 capital to develop this timber, purchased W. W. Carre company's sawmill at Kiln, and will increase annual capacity from 15,000,000 to 50,000,000 feet of lumber; construct 25-mile standard gauge railway, etc.

M. L. Fleishel, Fulleton, La., and associates, purchased 100000 acres of pine timber land in vicinity of St. Andrews Bay, Fla., for $1,200,000; contemplates building plant of 200,000 feet daily capacity.

Upmago Lumber Co., Thomasville, Ga., purchased timber land estimated to cut 40,000,000 lumber near Metcalf, Ga., and will build plant to develop tract; construct tram road about 15 miles long.

Dear Creek Cotton Estates Co., Vicksburg, Miss., purchased more than 25,000 acres of land in Sharkey and Issaqueena counties, for $2,000,000 and will continue general development, especially cultivation of long staple cotton.

Western Maryland Railway Co., Baltimore, purchased 90 acres of land at Port Covington at reported cost of $800,000 for extension of terminal facilities, including construction of coal piers, freight piers, warehouse, grain elevators, trackage, etc.

Charles Godchaux, New Orleans, and associates are interested in plan to organize $50,000,000 corporation to consolidate sugar factories.

United Laundries Co., Baltimore, capitalized at $900,000, will organize to consolidate number of laundries in Baltimore and erect additional ones.

Yazoo Cold Water Drainage District, Marks, Miss., organized to construct drainage system embracing 350,000 acres to cost $3,000,000; plans include 15-mile main canal.

Thomas Rogers, Mexico, Mo., and associates, purchased Wayne Land & Lumber Co., and Williamsville, Greenville & St. Louis Railroad at reported cost of $2,000,000; properties include 65-mile railway and 86,000 acres of iron and timber land in Wayne county, Mo.; will organize holding company and develop.

Interstate Electric Corporation, Richmond, Va., was incorporated with capital stock of $1,000,000.

Stonega Coal & Coke Co., Stonega, Va., appropriated $200,000 to enlarge power plant and erect buildings at several operations in Wise county.

Caswell Cotton Mills, Kinston, N. C., will add 100-foot structure to present two-story building and increase capacity of plant from 5,472 to 11,000 spindles.

Davison Chemical Co., Baltimore, purchased 2,000 acres of phosphate land near Chicora, Fla., estimated to contain 8,000,000 tons of rock.

J. H. Baird, Nashville, Tenn. and associates are negotiating for purchase of 23,000 acres of yellow pine timber land in Tuscaloosa county, Ala.; reports state $750,000 is involved.

Industrial Cotton Oil Co., Dennison, Tex., awarded contract to erect $15,000 main building and will expend about $50,000 for machinery for cottonseed oil mill.

National Fruits Products Co., Alexandria, Va., was incorporated with capital stock of $200,000, to manufacture fruit products.

Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway, Galveston, Tex., will expend $1,500,000 in Texas during coming year for shops, terminal yards and other improvements.

American Sea Food Co., Crisfield, Ma., organized with capital stock of $500,000 to consolidate number of companies handling soft shell crabs, etc.

Co-operative Oil & Mineral Co., New Orleans, was incorporated with capital stock of $250,000 to develop gas and oil properties.

WATER POWER FIGHT BEGUN.

Debate Opens in Senate on Connecticut River Dam Bill.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Conflicting claims of the Federal and State governments to the control over water powers marked the opening of the debate in the Senate today over the Connecticut River Dam bill, through which it is proposed to establish the principle of Federal control of water power.

An agreement was made for a vote on the bill on the legislative day of February 11th, but it is expected it will be several days later than that when the vote is taken. Senator Burton, of Ohio, leader of the faction in the Senate which favors control by the government over the rates and charges of water powers, defended the measure today and will resume his speech tomorrow morning.

"The time will come when there will have to be National supervision over these water power rates, just as there is over railroad rates," Senator Burton said. "It will be necessary to regard water as well as land as an asset of the Nation which must be so controlled as to promote the general welfare and as far as possible offer equal opportunities.

Objections to the alleged invasion of State rights were made by several Senators in the debate. Senator Works of California, insisted that States alone should have the right to supervise and fix water power rates.

AT ONCE! CLOGGED NOSTRILS OPEN AND COLD-IN-HEAD OR CATARRH VANISHES

Instantly Relieves Swollen, Inflamed Nose, Head, Throat—You Breathe Freely—Dull Headache Goes—Nasty Discharge Stops.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply it little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Special Agents: J.Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Wyeth Chemical Co.

Feet Hurt?

If They Do, and You Want Relief, Get a Pair of

HEYWOOD BUNION SHOES

—FROM—

Peterson & Rulfs

The Murchison National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,350,000.00
ASSETS : : : : : 7,000,000.00

Every possible facility furnished at all times to customers and depositors.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V. President. M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cashier.
J. W. YATES, V. President. W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier.

Aching Kidneys Cured in Wilmington

"Every Picture Tells a Story."

If your back aches and your kidneys are weak, get the kidney remedy that has been proved GOOD again and again right here in Wilmington.

Wilmington People Tell It:

S. Second Street.

W. L. Benson, 620 S. Second St., Wilmington N. C., says: "My back ached nearly all the time and I could not straighten after stooping or lifting without having a sharp pain in my loins. Mornings when I got up, I was very lame and sore and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Soon after I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, I felt better in every way, and it was not long before I was enjoying the best of health. My advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint is to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

Castle Street.

Mrs. J. E. Marshburn, 516 Castle St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "My back and kidneys were in bad shape and I had dull pains through my loins, together with headaches and kidney weakness. In the morning when I got up, I was tired and languid and had but little strength with which to begin the day's work. After I had used part of one box of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, I improved and it was not long before my kidneys were restored to their proper working order. I have no hesitation in re-endorsing Doan's Kidney Pills. They are certainly a good backache and kidney medicine."

E. Market Street.

S. C. Winner, jeweler, 215 E. Market St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I still believe Doan's Kidney Pills a good kidney medicine, and I cheerfully confirm the testimonial I formerly gave in their favor. This remedy has been used in my family, being procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, and it has given relief from backache and other symptoms of kidney complaint."

Vollers Street.

Mrs. W. W. Mintz, 712 Vollers St. Wilmington, N. C., says: "For a long time kidney trouble clung to me and I was caused great annoyance by the kidney secretions. My back ached and I did not seem able to get a minute's peace. Some days I was hardly able to move around to do my work. At last I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills from Bellamy's Drug Store, and they restored me to good health. I can still speak highly of Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend them as being good for kidney trouble."

S. Fifth Street.

A. M. Wilson, 402 S. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I had lumbago and lameness in my loins and plasters and liniments did not help me much. I heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills, that I finally got a box at Bellamy's Drug Store and began using them. They cured me and the aches and pains were removed. I shall never fail to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills when I have an opportunity."

Dock Street.

Miss M. Rivenbark, 105 Dock St. Wilmington, N. C., says: "There was a constant, dull pain in the small of my back and some days I could hardly get about the house. The kidney secretions bothered me and I had but little strength or energy. I used several tonics and remedies, but nothing gave me relief until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, which were procured at Bellamy's Drug Store. It did not take them long to give me lasting benefit. You are welcome to continue using my former public endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Are YOUR Kidneys Weak?

HOW TO TELL.—First read the testimony and learn what Doan's Kidney Pills have done for others.

Then if your back aches, if sharp pains strike you when stooping or lifting; if you are lame in the morning, tire too easily; if you have dizzy spells and are nervous, despondent and inclined to worry over trifles; if the kidney secretions are highly colored and full of sediment, if passages are too frequent, scanty, painful or scalding, it is likely that your kidneys need quick attention.

Take a sample of the urine and let it stand for 24 hours. If a sandy, brick-dust-like sediment settles to the bottom of the receptacle, there is evidence enough to suspect the kidneys.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold at all druggists and general stores, 50c a box, or mailed on receipt of price by FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.